

# VIPA SPEED7 Library

OPL\_SP7-LIB | SW90MS0MA V10.006 | Manual

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Block library - Simple Motion Control



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#### 1.2 About this manual

#### Objective and contents

The manual describes the block library 'Simple Motion Control' from VIPA:

- It contains a description of the structure, project implementation and usage in several programming systems.
- The manual is targeted at users who have a background in automation technology.
- The manual is available in electronic form as PDF file. This requires Adobe Acrobat Reader.
- The manual consists of chapters. Every chapter provides a self-contained description of a specific topic.
- The following guides are available in the manual:
  - An overall table of contents at the beginning of the manual
  - References with pages numbers

#### **Icons Headings**

Important passages in the text are highlighted by following icons and headings:



#### **DANGER!**

Immediate or likely danger. Personal injury is possible.



#### **CAUTION!**

Damages to property is likely if these warnings are not heeded.



Supplementary information and useful tips.

### 2 Overview

#### **Properties**

With the *Simple Motion Control Library* blocks, you can easily integrate drives into your applications without detailed knowledge. Here various drives and bus systems are supported. The PLCopen blocks enable you to implement simple drive tasks in your control system. This system offers the following features:

- Can be used in VIPA SPEED7 Studio and Siemens SIMATIC Manager
- Implementation of simple drive functions
  - Switch on or off
  - Speed setting
  - Relative or absolute positioning
  - Homing
  - Read and write parameters
  - Query of axis position and status
- Easy commissioning and diagnostics without detailed knowledge of the drives
- Support of various drives and field buses
- Visualization of individual axes
- Scalable by using PLCopen blocks

#### Structure

The Simple Motion Control Library is divided into the following groups:

- Axis Control
  - General blocks for controlling the drives.
- Sigma-5 EtherCAT
  - Specific building blocks for the use of Sigma-5 drives, which are connected via EtherCAT.
- Sigma-7S EtherCAT
  - Specific building blocks for the use of Sigma-7 drives, which are connected via EtherCAT.
- Sigma-7W EtherCAT
  - Specific building blocks for the use of Sigma-7W drives, which are connected via EtherCAT.
- Sigma5/7 PulseTrain
  - Specific block for the use of Sigma-5 respectively Sigma-7 drives, which are connected via Pulse Train.

Set the parameters on the drive

### 3 Usage Sigma-5 EtherCAT

#### 3.1 Overview

#### Precondition

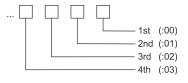
- SPEED7 Studio from V1.6.1
  - or
- Siemens SIMATIC Manager from V 5.5, SP2 & SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager & Simple Motion Control Library
- CPU with EtherCAT master, e.g. CPU 015-CEFNR00
- Sigma-5 drive with EtherCAT option card

#### Steps of configuration

- 1. Set the parameters on the drive
  - The setting of the parameters happens by means of the software tool Sigma Win+.
- 2. ► Hardware configuration in VIPA SPEED7 Studio or Siemens SIMATIC Manager
  - Configuring a CPU with EtherCAT master functionality.
  - Configuration of a Sigma-5 EtherCAT drive.
  - Configuring the EtherCAT connection via SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- 3. Programming in VIPA SPEED7 Studio or Siemens SIMATIC Manager
  - Connecting the *Init* block to configure the axis.
  - Connecting the *Kernel* block to communicate with the axis.
  - Connecting the blocks for the motion sequences.

### 3.2 Set the parameters on the drive

#### **Parameter digits**





#### **CAUTION!**

Before the commissioning, you have to adapt your drive to your application with the *Sigma Win+* software tool! More may be found in the manual of your drive.

The following parameters must be set via Sigma Win+ to match the Simple Motion Control Library:

#### Sigma-5 (20bit encoder)

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
Pn205	(2205h)	Multiturn Limit Setting	65535
Pn20E	(220Eh)	ElectronicGear Ratio (Numerator)	1
Pn210	(2210h)	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	1
PnB02	(2701h:01)	Position User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB04	(2701h:02)	Position User Unit (Denominator)	1
PnB06	(2702h:01)	Velocity User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB08	(2702h:02)	Velocity User Unit (Denominator)	1

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
PnB0A	(2703h:01)	Acceleration User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB0C	(2703h:02)	Acceleration User Unit (Denominator)	1

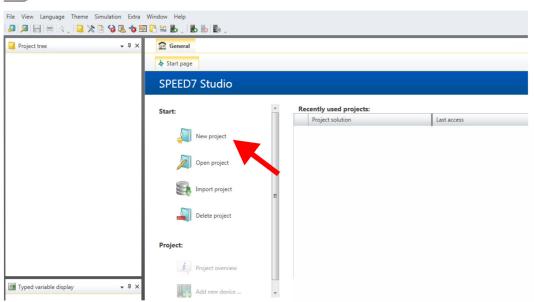
### 3.3 Usage in VIPA SPEED7 Studio

#### 3.3.1 Hardware configuration

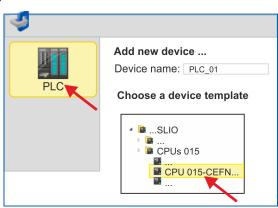
### Add CPU in the project

Please use for configuration the SPEED7 Studio V1.6.1 and up.

1. Start the SPEED7 Studio.



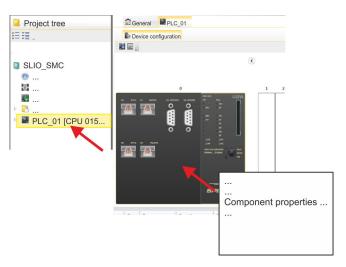
- 2. Create a new project at the start page with 'New project'.
  - ⇒ A new project is created and the view 'Devices and networking' is shown.
- 3. Click in the *Project tree* at 'Add new device ...'.



- ⇒ A dialog for device selection opens.
- Select from the 'Device templates' a CPU with EtherCAT master functions such as CPU 015-CEFNR00 and click at [OK].
  - The CPU is inserted in 'Devices and networking' and the 'Device configuration' is opened.

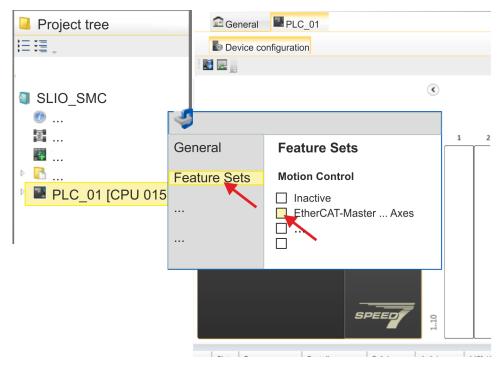


### Activate motion control functions



- 1. Click at the CPU in the 'Device configuration' and select 'Context menu 

  Components properties'.
  - ⇒ The properties dialog of the CPU is opened.



- 2. Click at 'Feature Sets' and activate at 'Motion Control' the parameter 'EtherCAT-Master... Axes'. The number of axes is not relevant in this example.
- 3. Confirm your input with [OK].
  - ⇒ The motion control functions are now available in your project.

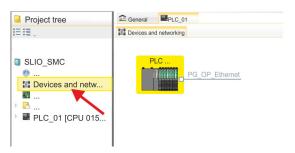


#### **CAUTION!**

Please note due to the system, with every change to the feature set settings, the EtherCAT field bus system and its motion control configuration will be deleted from your project!

## Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel

- 1. Click in the Project tree at 'Devices and networking'.
  - ⇒ You will get a graphical object view of your CPU.



- **2.** Click at the network 'PG\_OP\_Ethernet'.
- 3. ▶ Select 'Context menu → Interface properties'.
  - ⇒ A dialog window opens. Here you can enter the IP address data for your Ethernet PG/OP channel. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.
- **4.** Confirm with [OK].
  - ⇒ The IP address data are stored in your project listed in 'Devices and networking' at 'Local components'.

After transferring your project your CPU can be accessed via Ethernet PG/OP channel with the set IP address data.

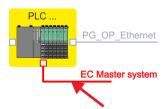
#### Installing the ESI file

For the Sigma-5 EtherCAT drive can be configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, the corresponding ESI file must be installed. Usually, the SPEED7 Studio is delivered with current ESI files and you can skip this part. If your ESI file is not up-to date, you will find the latest ESI file for the Sigma-5 EtherCAT drive under <a href="https://www.yaskawa.eu.com">www.yaskawa.eu.com</a> at 'Service Drives & Motion Software'.

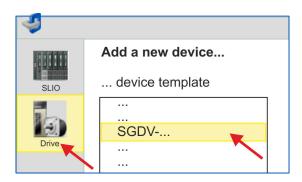
- 1. Download the according ESI file for your drive. Unzip this if necessary.
- 2. Navigate to your SPEED7 Studio.
- 3. ▶ Open the corresponding dialog window by clicking on 'Extra → Install device description (EtherCAT ESI)'.
- **4.** Under 'Source path', specify the ESI file and install it with [Install].
  - ⇒ The devices of the ESI file are now available.

#### Add a Sigma-5 drive

- 1. Click in the Project tree at 'Devices and networking'.
- 2. ▶ Click here at 'EC-Mastersystem' and select 'Context menu → Add new device'.

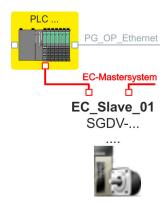


⇒ The device template for selecting an EtherCAT device opens.



- 3. Select your Sigma-5 drive:
  - SGDV-xxxxE5...
  - SGDV-xxxxE1...

Confirm with [OK]. If your drive does not exist, you must install the corresponding  ${\sf ESI}$  file as described above.



 $\Rightarrow$  The Sigma-5 drive is connected to your EC-Mastersystem.

#### Configure Sigma-5 drive



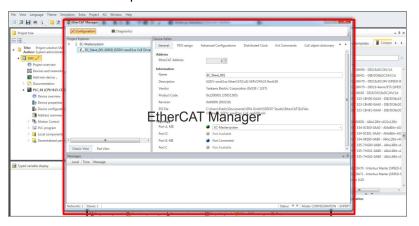
- 1. Click here at 'EC-Mastersystem' and select 'Context menu
  - → Bus system properties (expert)'.



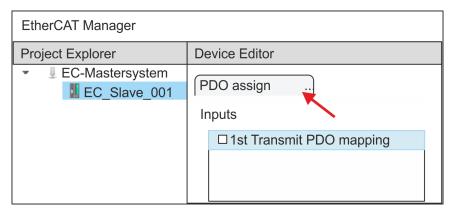
You can only edit PDOs in 'Expert mode'! Otherwise, the buttons are hidden.

⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager opens. Here you can configure the EtherCAT communication to your Sigma-5 drive.

More information about the usage of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager may be found in the online help of the SPEED7 Studio.



2. Click on the slave in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'PDO assign' tab in the 'Device editor'.

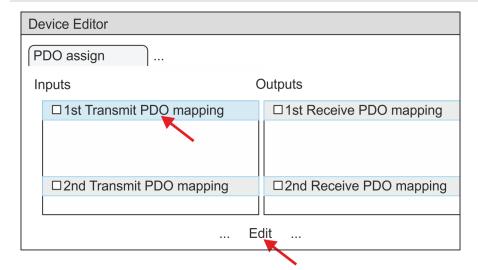


⇒ This dialog shows a list of the PDOs.

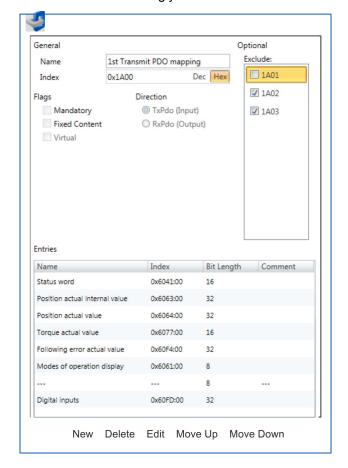
3. By selecting the appropriate mapping, you can edit the PDOs with [Edit]. Select the mapping '1st Transmit PDO mapping' and click at [Edit].



Please note that some PDOs can not be edited because of the default settings. By de-activating already activated PDOs, you can release the processing of locked PDOs.



The dialog 'Edit PDO' is opened. Please check the PDO settings listed here and adjust them if necessary. Please also take into account the order of the 'Entries' and add them accordingly.



The following functions are available for editing the 'Entries':

- New
  - Here you can create a new entry in a dialog by selecting the corresponding entry from the 'CoE object dictionary' and making your settings. The entry is accepted with [OK] and is listed in the list of entries.
- Delete
  - This allows you to delete a selected entry.
- Edit
  - This allows you to edit the general data of an entry.
- Move Up/Down
  - This allows you to move the selected entry up or down in the list.
- **4.** Perform the following settings:

#### Inputs: 1st Transmit PDO 0x1A00

- General
  - Name: 1st Transmit PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1A00
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - TxPdo (Input): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1A01: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Status word	0x6041:00	16bit
Position actual internal value	0x6063:00	32bit
Position actual value	0x6064:00	32bit
Torque actual value	0x6077:00	16bit
Following error actual value	0x60F4:00	32bit
Modes of operation display	0x6061:00	8bit
		8bit
Digital inputs	0x60FD:00	32bit

**5.** Select the mapping *'2nd Transmit PDO mapping'* and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

#### Inputs: 2nd Transmit PDO 0x1A01

- General
  - Name: 2nd Transmit PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1A01
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - TxPdo (Input): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1A00: de-activated
- 1A02: de-activated
- 1A03: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Touch probe status	0x60B9:00	16bit
Touch probe 1 position value	0x60BA:00	32bit
Touch probe 2 position value	0x60BC:00	32bit
Velocity actual value	0x606C:00	32bit

**6.** Select the mapping *'1st Receive PDO mapping'* and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

#### Outputs: 1st Receive PDO 0x1600

- General
  - Name: 1st Receive PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1600
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - RxPdo (Output): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1601: de-activated1602: de-activated1603: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Control word	0x6040:00	16bit
Target position	0x607A:00	32bit
Target velocity	0x60FF:00	32bit
Modes of operation	0x6060:00	8bit
		8bit
Touch probe function	0x60B8:00	16bit

Close the dialog 'Edit PDO' with [OK].

**7.** Select the mapping *'2nd ReceivePDO mapping'* and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

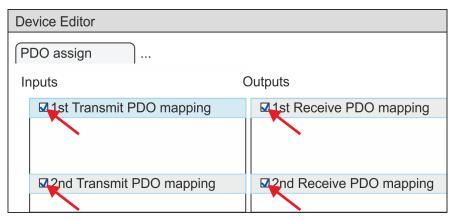
#### Outputs: 2nd Receive PDO 0x1601

- General
  - Name: 2nd Receive PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1601
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - RxPdo (Output): activated
- Exclude

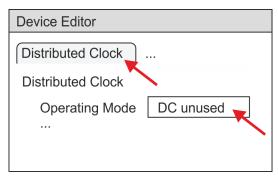
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1600: de-activated
- 1602: activated
- 1603: activated
- Entries
  - Profile velocity: 0x6081:00 → 32 Bit
  - Profile acceleration: 0x6083:00 → 32 Bit
  - Profile deceleration: 0x6084:00 → 32 Bit

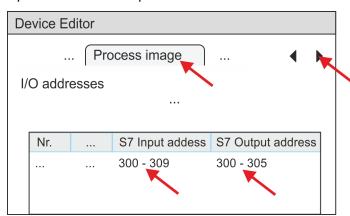
In PDO assignment, activate the PDOs 1 and 2 for the inputs and outputs. All subsequent PDOs must remain de-activated. If this is not possible, please check the respective PDO parameter 'Exclude'.



9. In the 'Device Editor' of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, select the 'Distributed clocks' tab and set 'DC unused' as 'Operating mode'.



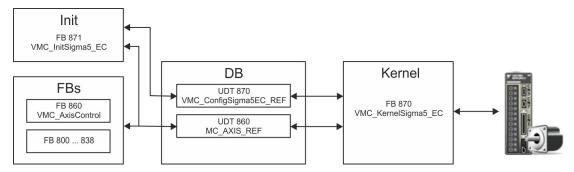
- Select the 'Process image' tab via the arrow key in the 'Device editor' and note for the parameter of the block FB 871 VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC the following PDO.
  - S7 Input address' → 'InputsStartAddressPDO'
  - S7 Output address' → 'OutputsStartAddressPDO'



**11.** By closing the dialog of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager with [X] the configuration is taken to the SPEED7 Studio.

#### 3.3.2 User program

#### 3.3.2.1 Program structure



#### DB

A data block (axis DB) for configuration and status data must be created for each axis of a drive. The data block consists of the following data structures:

- UDT 870 VMC\_ConfigSigma5EC\_REF
   The data structure describes the structure of the configuration of the drive.
   Specific data structure for Sigma-5 EtherCAT.
- UDT 860 MC\_AXIS\_REF

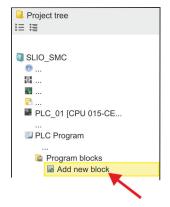
The data structure describes the structure of the parameters and status information of drives.

General data structure for all drives and bus systems.

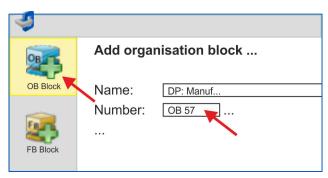
- FB 871 VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC
  - The Init block is used to configure an axis.
  - Specific block for Sigma-5 EtherCAT.
  - The configuration data for the initialization must be stored in the axis DB.
- FB 870 VMC\_KernelSigma5\_EC
  - The Kernel block communicates with the drive via the appropriate bus system, processes the user requests and returns status messages.
  - Specific block for Sigma-5 EtherCAT.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
- FB 860 VMC AxisControl
  - General block for all drives and bus systems.
  - Supports simple motion commands and returns all relevant status messages.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
  - For motion control and status query, via the instance data of the block you can link a visualization.
  - In addition to the FB 860 VMC AxisControl, PLCopen blocks can be used.
- FB 800 ... FB 838 PLCopen
  - The PLCopen blocks are used to program motion sequences and status queries.
  - General blocks for all drives and bus systems.

#### 3.3.2.2 Programming

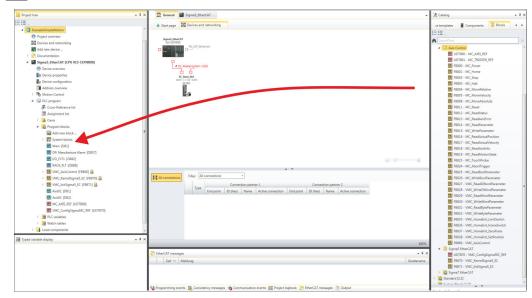
#### Copy blocks into project



1. Click in the *Project tree* within the CPU at 'PLC program', 'Program blocks' at 'Add New block'.



- ⇒ The dialog 'Add block' is opened.
- 2. Select the block type 'OB block' and add OB 57, OB 82 and OB 86 to your project.



- In the 'Catalog', open the 'Simple Motion Control' library at 'Blocks' and drag and drop the following blocks into 'Program blocks' of the Project tree:
  - Sigma-5 EtherCAT:
    - UDT 870 VMC\_ConfigSigma5EC\_REF
    - FB 870 VMC\_KernelSigma5\_EC
    - FB 871 VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC
  - Axis Control
    - UDT 860 MC\_AXIS\_REF
    - Blocks for your movement sequences

#### Create axis DB

- Add a new DB as your axis DB to your project. Click in the Project tree within the CPU at 'PLC program', 'Program blocks' at 'Add New block', select the block type 'DB block' and assign the name "Axis01" to it. The DB number can freely be selected such as DB 10.
  - ⇒ The block is created and opened.

- 2. In "Axis01", create the variable "Config" of type UDT 870. These are specific axis configuration data.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Axis" of type UDT 860. During operation, all operating data of the axis are stored here.

Axis01 [DB10]

Data block structure

Adr	Name	Data type	
	Config	UDT	[870]
	Axis	UDT	[860]

#### **OB 1**

#### Configuration of the axis

Open OB 1 and program the following FB calls with associated DBs:

At *InputsStartAddressPDO* respectively *OutputsStartAddressPDO*, enter the address from the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager*. § 20

```
"VMC InitSigma5 EC" , "DI InitSgm5ETC01"
                    :="InitS5EC1 Enable"
Enable
                     :=300
LogicalAddress
InputsStartAddressPDO :=300(EtherCAT-Man.:S7 Input address)
OutputsStartAddressPDO:=300(EtherCAT-Man.:S7 Output
address)
EncoderType
                    :=1
EncoderResolutionBits :=20
FactorPosition :=1.048576e+006
                   :=1.048576e+006
FactorVelocity
FactorAcceleration :=1.048576e+002
OffsetPosition
                    :=0.000000e+000
MaxAccelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
MaxDecelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
MaxPosition
                     :=1.048500e+003
MinPosition
                    :=-1.048514e+003
EnableMaxPosition
                    :=TRUE
EnableMinPosition
                    :=TRUE
                    :="InitS5EC1 MinUserPos"
MinUserPosition
                    :="InitS5EC1 MaxUserPos"
MaxUserPosition
                    :="InitS5EC1_Valid"
Valid
                    :="InitS5EC1_Error"
Error
                    :="InitS5EC1 ErrorID"
ErrorID
                     :="Axis01".Config
Config
                     :="Axis01".Axis
Axis
```

## Connecting the Kernel for the axis

The *Kernel* processes the user commands and passes them appropriately processed on to the drive via the respective bus system.

```
CALL "VMC_KernelSigma5_EC", "DI_KernelSgm5ETC01"
Init :="KernelS5EC1_Init"
Config:="Axis01".Config
Axis :="Axis01".Axis
```

## Connecting the block for motion sequences

For simplicity, the connection of the FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl is to be shown here. This universal block supports simple motion commands and returns status messages. The inputs and outputs can be individually connected. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at 'Axis' in the axis DB.

FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl, DB 860 & Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control' on page 169

```
"VMC AxisControl" , "DI AxisControl01"
AxisEnable :="AxCtrll_AxisEnable"
AxisReset :="AxCtrll_AxisReset"
HomeExecute
                             :="AxCtrl1 HomeExecute"
HomePosition :="AxCtrl1_HomePosition"
StopExecute :="AxCtrl1_StopExecute"
MvVelocityExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvVelExecute"
MvRelativeExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvRelExecute"
MvAbsoluteExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvAbsExecute"
PositionDistance := "AxCtrl1 PositionDistance"
Velocity :="AxCtrl1_Velocity"
Acceleration :="AxCtrl1_Acceleration"
Deceleration :="AxCtrl1_Deceleration"
JogPositive :="AxCtrl1_JogPositive"
JogNegative :="AxCtrl1_JogNegative"
JogVelocity :="AxCtrl1_JogVelocity"
JogAcceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogAcceleration"
JogDeceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogDeceleration"
JogDeceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogDeceleration
AxisReady :="AxCtrl1_AxisReady"
AxisEnabled :="AxCtrl1_AxisEnabled"
AxisError :="AxCtrl1_AxisError"
AxisErrorID :="AxCtrl1_AxisErrorID"
DriveWarning :="AxCtrl1_DriveWarning"
DriveError :="AxCtrl1_DriveError"
DriveErrorID :="AxCtrl1_DriveError"
IsHomed :="AxCtrl1_IsHomed"

ModeOfOperation :="AyCtrl1_ModeOfOperation"
ModeOfOperation :="AxCtrl1_Ishomed

ModeOfOperation :="AxCtrl1_ModeOfOperation"

PLCopenState :="AxCtrl1_PLCopenState"

ActualPosition :="AxCtrl1_ActualPosition"

ActualVelocity :="AxCtrl1_ActualVelocity"
CmdDone :="AxCtrl1_CmdDone"

CmdBusy :="AxCtrl1_CmdBusy"

CmdAborted :="AxCtrl1_CmdAborted"

CmdError :="AxCtrl1_CmdError"

CmdErrorID :="AxCtrl1_CmdErrorID"
DirectionPositive:="AxCtrl1 DirectionPos"
DirectionNegative:="AxCtrl1 DirectionNeg"
SWLimitMinActive := "AxCtrll SWLimitMinActive"
SWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrl1 SWLimitMaxActive"
HWLimitMinActive :="AxCtrl1 HWLimitMinActive"
HWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrl1 HWLimitMaxActive"
Axis
                                :="Axis01".Axis
```

Ĭ

For complex motion tasks, you can use the PLCopen blocks. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at Axis in the axis DB.

Your project now includes the following blocks:

- OB 1 Main
- OB 57 DP Manufacturer Alarm
- OB 82 I/O\_FLT1
- OB 86 Rack\_FLT
- FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl with instance DB

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Precondition

- FB 870 VMC KernelSigma5 EC with instance DB
- FB 871 VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC with instance DB
- UDT 860 MC Axis REF
- UDT 870 VMC ConfigSigma5EC REF

#### Sequence of operations

- 1. Select 'Project → Compile all' and transfer the project into your CPU. You can find more information on the transfer of your project in the online help of the SPEED7 Studio.
  - ⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



#### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- **2.** Before an axis can be controlled, it must be initialized. To do this, call the *Init* block FB 871 VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC with *Enable* = TRUE.
  - ⇒ The output *Valid* returns TRUE. In the event of a fault, you can determine the error by evaluating the *ErrorID*.

You have to call the *Init* block again if you load a new axis DB or you have changed parameters on the *Init* block.



Do not continue until the Init block does not report any errors!

- **3.** Ensure that the *Kernel* block FB 870 VMC\_KernelSigma5\_EC is cyclically called. In this way, control signals are transmitted to the drive and status messages are reported.
- **4.** Program your application with the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl or with the PLCopen blocks.

### Controlling the drive via HMI

There is the possibility to control your drive via HMI. For this, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl function block. *© Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146* 

#### 3.4 Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager

#### 3.4.1 Precondition

#### Overview

- Please use for configuration the Siemens SIMATIC Manager V 5.5 SP2 and up.
- The configuration of the System SLIO CPU happens in the Siemens SIMATIC Manager by means of a virtual PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU'. The 'VIPA SLIO CPU' is to be installed in the hardware catalog by means of the GSDML.
- The configuration of the EtherCAT masters happens in the Siemens SIMATIC Manager by means of a virtual PROFINET IO device 'EtherCAT network'. The 'EtherCAT network' is to be installed in the hardware catalog by means of the GSDML.
- The 'EtherCAT network' can be configured with the VIPA Tool SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- For the configuration of the drive in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager the installation of the according ESI file is necessary.

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Precondition

## Installing the IO device 'VIPA SLIO System'

The installation of the PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU' happens in the hardware catalog with the following approach:

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- 2. Download the configuration file for your CPU from the download area via 'Config files → PROFINET'.
- **3.** Extract the file into your working directory.
- 4. Start the Siemens hardware configurator.
- **5.** Close all the projects.
- 6. ▶ Select 'Options → Install new GSD file'.
- 7. Navigate to your working directory and install the according GSDML file.
  - ⇒ After the installation the according PROFINET IO device can be found at 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA SLIO System'.

### Installing the IO device EtherCAT network

The installation of the PROFINET IO devices 'EtherCAT Network' happens in the hardware catalog with the following approach:

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com
- **2.** Load from the download area at 'Config files → EtherCAT' the GSDML file for your EtherCAT master.
- 3. Extract the files into your working directory.
- 4. Start the Siemens hardware configurator.
- **5.** Close all the projects.
- 6. ▶ Select 'Options → Install new GSD file'.
- 7. Navigate to your working directory and install the according GSDML file.
  - After the installation the 'EtherCAT Network' can be found at 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA VIPA EtherCAT System'.

## Installing the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager

The configuration of the PROFINET IO device *'EtherCAT Network'* happens by means of the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager* from VIPA. This may be found in the service area of www.vipa.com at *'Service/Support → Downloads → SPEED7'*.

The installation happens with the following proceeding:

- 1. Close the Siemens SIMATIC Manager.
- 2. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com
- 3. Load the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and unzip it on your PC.
- **4.** For installation start the file EtherCATManager v... .exe.
- **5.** Select the language for the installation.
- 6. Accept the licensing agreement.
- 7. Select the installation directory and start the installation.
- **8.** After installation you have to reboot your PC.
  - ⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager is installed and can now be called via the context menu of the Siemens SIMATIC Manager.

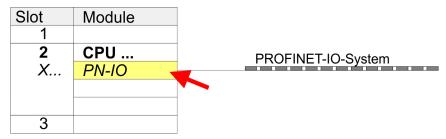
### 3.4.2 Hardware configuration

## Configuring the CPU in the project

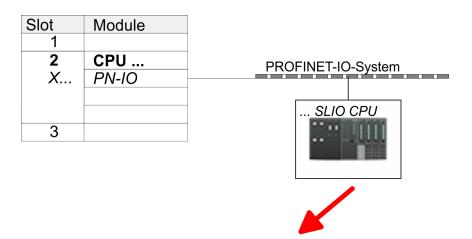
Slot	Module
1	
2	CPU 315-2 PN/DP
X1	MPI/DP
X2	PN-IO
X2	Port 1
X2	Port 2
3	

To be compatible with the Siemens SIMATIC Manager the following steps should be executed:

- 1. Start the Siemens hardware configurator with a new project.
- **2.** Insert a profile rail from the hardware catalog.
- 3. Place at 'Slot' number 2 the CPU 315-2 PN/DP (315-2EH14 V3.2).
- **4.** The integrated PROFIBUS DP master (jack X3) is to be configured and connected via the sub module 'X1 MPI/DP'.
- **5.** The integrated EtherCAT master is to be configured via the sub module *'X2 PN-IO'* as a virtual PROFINET network.
- **6.** Click at the sub module 'PN-IO' of the CPU.
- 7. ▶ Select 'Context menu → Insert PROFINET IO System'.



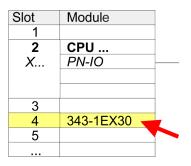
- 8. Create with [New] a new sub net and assign valid address data
- 9. Click at the sub module 'PN-IO' of the CPU and open with 'Context menu → Properties' the properties dialog.
- **10.** Enter at 'General' a 'Device name'. The device name must be unique at the Ethernet subnet.



Slot	Module	Order number	
0	SLIO CPU	015	
X2	015		
1			
2			
3			

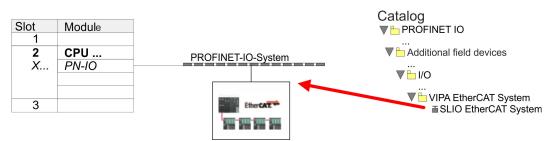
- 11. Navigate in the hardware catalog to the directory 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA SLIO System' and connect the IO device '015-CFFNR00 CPU' to your PROFINET system.
  - ⇒ In the Device overview of the PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU' the CPU is already placed at slot 0. From slot 1 you can place your System SLIO modules.

## Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel



- Place for the Ethernet PG/OP channel at slot 4 the Siemens CP 343-1 (SIMATIC 300 \ CP 300 \ Industrial Ethernet \CP 343-1 \ 6GK7 343-1EX30 0XE0 V3.0).
- Open the properties dialog by clicking on the CP 343-1EX30 and enter for the CP at 'Properties' the IP address data. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.
- 3. Assign the CP to a 'Subnet'. The IP address data are not accepted without assignment!

Insert 'EtherCAT network'

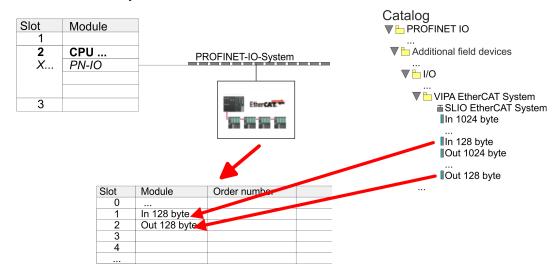


Navigate in the hardware catalog to the directory 'PROFINET IO
 → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA EtherCAT System' and connect the IO device 'SLIO EtherCAT System' to your PROFINET system.

2. Click at the inserted IO device 'EtherCAT Network' and define the areas for in and output by drag and dropping the according 'Out' or 'In' area to a slot.

Create the following areas:

- In 128byte
- Out 128byte



3. ▶ Select 'Station → Save and compile'

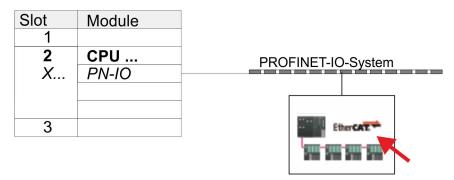
## Sigma-5 Configure EtherCAT drive

The drive is configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.



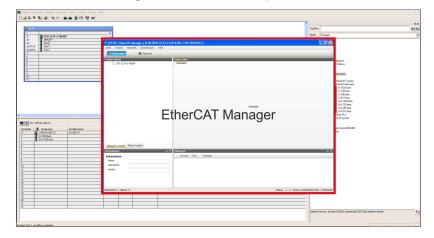
Before calling the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager you have always to save your project with 'Station 

Save and compile'.

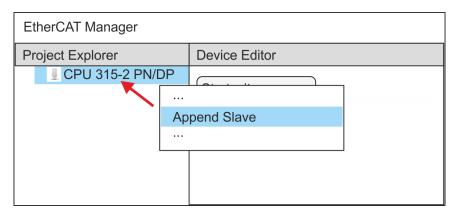


- 1. ▶ Click at an inserted IO device 'EtherCAT Network' and select 'Context menu → Start Device-Tool → SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager'.
  - ⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager opens. Here you can configure the EtherCAT communication to your Sigma-5 drive.

More information about the usage of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager may be found in the according manual or online help.



- 3. For the Sigma-5 EtherCAT drive to be configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, the corresponding ESI file must be installed. The ESI file for the Sigma-5 EtherCAT drive can be found under <a href="https://www.yaskawa.eu.com">www.yaskawa.eu.com</a> at 'Service → Drives & Motion Software'. Download the according ESI file for your drive. Unzip this if necessary.
- **4.** Open in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager via 'File → ESI Manager' the dialogue window 'ESI Manager'.
- **5.** In the 'ESI Manager' click at [Add File] and select your ESI file. With [Open], the ESI file is installed in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- **6.** ▶ Close the 'ESI Manager'.
  - ⇒ Your Sigma-5 EtherCAT drive is now available for configuration.

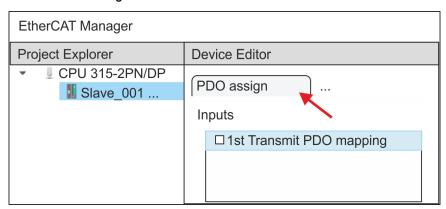


- 7. ▶ In the EtherCAT Manager, click on your CPU and open via 'Context menu → Append Slave' the dialog box for adding an EtherCAT slave.
  - ⇒ The dialog window for selecting an EtherCAT slave is opened.
- 8. Select your Sigma-5 EtherCAT drive and confirm your selection with [OK].
  - The Sigma-5 EtherCAT drive is connected to the master and can now be configured.
- 9.

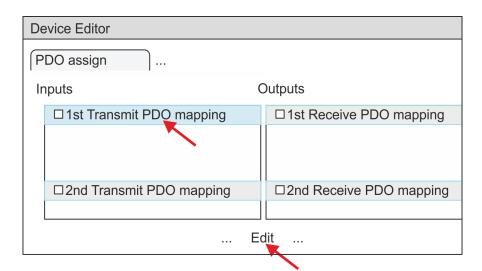
You can only edit PDOs in 'Expert mode'! Otherwise, the buttons are hidden. By activating the 'Expert mode' you can switch to advanced setting.

By activating 'View → Expert' you can switch to the Expert mode.

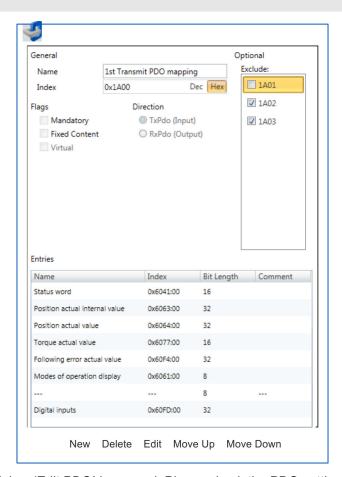
**10.** Click on the Sigma-5 EtherCAT Slave in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'PDO assign' tab in the 'Device editor'.



⇒ This dialog shows a list of the PDOs.



- By selecting the appropriate PDO mapping, you can edit the PDOs with [Edit]. Select the mapping *'1st Transmit PDO mapping'* and click at [Edit].
  - Please note that some PDOs can not be edited because of the default settings. By de-activating already activated PDOs, you can release the processing of locked PDOs.



⇒ The dialog 'Edit PDO' is opened. Please check the PDO settings listed here and adjust them if necessary. Please also take into account the order of the 'Entries' and add them accordingly.

The following functions are available for editing the 'Entries':

- New
  - Here you can create a new entry in a dialog by selecting the corresponding entry from the 'CoE object dictionary' and making your settings. The entry is accepted with [OK] and is listed in the list of entries.
- Delete
  - This allows you to delete a selected entry.
- Edit
  - This allows you to edit the general data of an entry.
- Move Up/Down
  - This allows you to move the selected entry up or down in the list.

#### **12.** ▶ Perform the following settings:

#### Inputs: 1st Transmit PDO 0x1A00

- General
  - Name: 1st Transmit PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1A00
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - TxPdo (Input): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1A01: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Status word	0x6041:00	16bit
Position actual internal value	0x6063:00	32bit
Position actual value	0x6064:00	32bit
Torque actual value	0x6077:00	16bit
Following error actual value	0x60F4:00	32bit
Modes of operation display	0x6061:00	8bit
		8bit
Digital inputs	0x60FD:00	32bit

**13.** Select the mapping *'2nd Transmit PDO mapping'* and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

#### Inputs: 2nd Transmit PDO 0x1A01

- General
  - Name: 2nd Transmit PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1A01
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - TxPdo (Input): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1A00: de-activated1A02: de-activated
- 1A03: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Touch probe status	0x60B9:00	16bit
Touch probe 1 position value	0x60BA:00	32bit
Touch probe 2 position value	0x60BC:00	32bit
Velocity actual value	0x606C:00	32bit

**14.** Select the mapping *'1st Receive PDO mapping'* and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

#### Outputs: 1st Receive PDO 0x1600

- General
  - Name: 1st Receive PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1600
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - RxPdo (Output): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1601: de-activated1602: de-activated1603: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Control word	0x6040:00	16bit
Target position	0x607A:00	32bit
Target velocity	0x60FF:00	32bit
Modes of operation	0x6060:00	8bit
		8bit
Touch probe function	0x60B8:00	16bit

**15.** Select the mapping '2nd ReceivePDO mapping' and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

#### Outputs: 2nd Receive PDO 0x1601

- General
  - Name: 2nd Receive PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1601
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - RxPdo (Output): activated
- Exclude

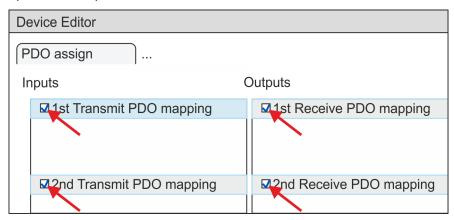
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1600: de-activated
- 1602: activated
- 1603: activated
- Entries

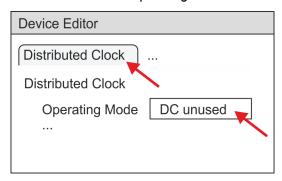
Name	Index	Bit length
Profile velocity	0x6081:00	32bit
Profile acceleration	0x6083:00	32bit
Profile deceleration	0x6084:00	32bit

Close the dialog 'Edit PDO' with [OK].

**16.** In PDO assignment, activate the PDOs 1 and 2 for the inputs and outputs. All subsequent PDOs must remain de-activated. If this is not possible, please check the respective PDO parameter 'Exclude'.

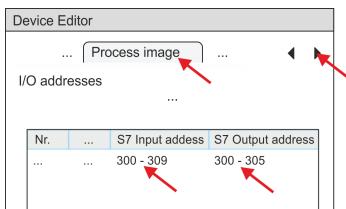


In the 'Device Editor' of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, select the 'Distributed clocks' tab and set 'DC unused' as 'Operating mode'.



Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > User program

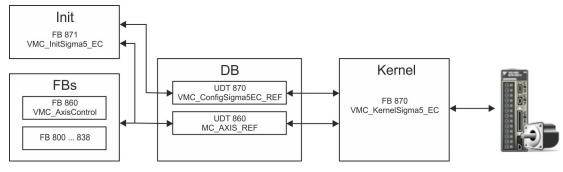
- Select the 'Process image' tab via the arrow key in the 'Device editor' and note for the parameter of the block FB 871 VMC InitSigma5 EC the following PDO.
  - 'S7 Input address' → 'InputsStartAddressPDO'
  - S7 Output address' → 'OutputsStartAddressPDO'



- **19.** By closing the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager with [X] the configuration is taken to the project. You can always edit your EtherCAT configuration in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, since the configuration is stored in your project.
- 20. Save and compile your configuration

### 3.4.3 User program

#### 3.4.3.1 Program structure



DB

A data block (axis DB) for configuration and status data must be created for each axis of a drive. The data block consists of the following data structures:

- UDT 870 VMC\_ConfigSigma5EC\_REF
   The data structure describes the structure of the configuration of the drive.
   Specific data structure for Sigma-5 EtherCAT.
- UDT 860 MC\_AXIS\_REF

The data structure describes the structure of the parameters and status information of drives.

General data structure for all drives and bus systems.

- FB 871 VMC InitSigma5 EC
  - The Init block is used to configure an axis.
  - Specific block for Sigma-5 EtherCAT.
  - The configuration data for the initialization must be stored in the axis DB.

- FB 870 VMC\_KernelSigma5 EC
  - The Kernel block communicates with the drive via the appropriate bus system, processes the user requests and returns status messages.
  - Specific block for Sigma-5 EtherCAT.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
- FB 860 VMC AxisControl
  - General block for all drives and bus systems.
  - Supports simple motion commands and returns all relevant status messages.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
  - For motion control and status query, via the instance data of the block you can link a visualization.
  - In addition to the FB 860 VMC AxisControl, PLCopen blocks can be used.
- FB 800 ... FB 838 PLCopen
  - The PLCopen blocks are used to program motion sequences and status queries.
  - General blocks for all drives and bus systems.

### 3.4.3.2 Programming

### **Include library**

- **1.** Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- **2.** Download the Simple Motion Control library from the download area at 'VIPA Lib'.
- 3. ▶ Open the dialog window for ZIP file selection via 'File → Retrieve'.
- 4. Select the according ZIP file and click at [Open].
- **5.** Specify a target directory in which the blocks are to be stored and start the unzip process with [OK].

### Copy blocks into project

- Open the library after unzipping and drag and drop the following blocks into 'Blocks' of your project:
  - *Sigma-5* EtherCAT:
    - UDT 870 VMC\_ConfigSigma5EC\_REF
    - FB 870 VMC KernelSigma5 EC
    - FB 871 VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC
  - Axis Control
    - UDT 860 MC AXIS REF
    - Blocks for your movement sequences

#### **Create interrupt OBs**

- 1. ▶ In your project, click at 'Blocks' and choose 'Context menu → Insert new object → Organization block'.
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Properties Organization block' opens.
- 2. Add OB 57, OB 82, and OB 86 successively to your project.

#### Create axis DB

1. ▶ In your project, click at 'Blocks' and choose 'Context menu → Insert new object → Data block'.

Specify the following parameters:

- Name and type
  - The DB no. as 'Name' can freely be chosen, such as DB 10.
  - Set 'Shared DB' as the 'Type'.
- Symbolic name
  - Specify "Axis01".

Confirm your input with [OK].

- ⇒ The block is created.
- 2. Open DB 10 "Axis01" by double-click.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Config" of type UDT 870. These are specific axis configuration data.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Axis" of type UDT 860. During operation, all operating data of the axis are stored here.

### **DB10**

Address	Name	Тур	
		Struct	
	Config	"VMC_ConfigSigma5EC_REF"	
	Axis	"MC_AXIS_REF	
		END STRUCT	

#### **OB 1**

### Configuration of the axis

Open OB 1 and program the following FB calls with associated DBs:

At InputsStartAddressPDO respectively OutputsStartAddressPDO, enter the address from the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager. § 36

```
"VMC InitSigma5 EC" , "DI_InitSgm5ETC01"
⇒ CALL
  Enable
                        :="InitS5EC1 Enable"
  LogicalAddress
                        :=300
  InputsStartAddressPDO :=300 (EtherCAT-Man.: S7 Input
  address)
  OutputsStartAddressPDO:=300 (EtherCAT-Man.: S7 Output
  address)
  EncoderType
  EncoderResolutionBits :=20
  FactorPosition
                       :=1.048576e+006
  FactorVelocity
                       :=1.048576e+006
  FactorAcceleration :=1.048576e+002
  OffsetPosition
                       :=0.000000e+000
  MaxVelocityApp
                        :=5.000000e+001
  MaxAccelerationApp
                       :=1.000000e+002
  MaxDecelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  MaxVelocityDrive
                       :=6.000000e+001
  MaxAccelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  MaxDecelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  MaxPosition
                       :=1.048500e+003
  MinPosition
                        :=-1.048514e+003
  EnableMaxPosition
                       :=TRUE
  EnableMinPosition
                        :=TRUE
  MinUserPosition
                        :="InitS5EC1 MinUserPos"
                        :="InitS5EC1 MaxUserPos"
  MaxUserPosition
                        :="InitS5EC1_Valid"
:="InitS5EC1_Error"
  Valid
  Error
                        :="InitS5EC1 ErrorID"
  ErrorID
                        :="Axis01".Config
  Config
                        :="Axis01".Axis
  Axis
```

## Connecting the Kernel for the axis

The *Kernel* processes the user commands and passes them appropriately processed on to the drive via the respective bus system.

FB 870 - VMC\_KernelSigma5\_EC, DB 870 ♥ Chapter 3.5.2 'FB 870 - VMC\_Kernel-Sigma5\_EC - Sigma-5 EtherCAT Kernel' on page 43

```
CALL "VMC_KernelSigma5_EC" , "DI_KernelSgm5ETC01"

Init :="KernelS5EC1_Init"

Config:="Axis01".Config

Axis :="Axis01".Axis
```

# Connecting the block for motion sequences

For simplicity, the connection of the FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl is to be shown here. This universal block supports simple motion commands and returns status messages. The inputs and outputs can be individually connected. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at 'Axis' in the axis DB.

FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl, DB 860 & Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control' on page 169

```
CALL "VMC AxisControl" , "DI AxisControl01"
 AxisEnable :="AxCtrll_AxisEnable"
AxisReset :="AxCtrll_AxisReset"
 HomeExecute :="AxCtrl1 HomeExecute"
 HomePosition :="AxCtrl1_HomePosition"
StopExecute :="AxCtrl1_StopExecute"
 MvVelocityExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvVelExecute"
 MvRelativeExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvRelExecute"
  MvAbsoluteExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvAbsExecute"
  PositionDistance := "AxCtrl1 PositionDistance"
 Velocity :="AxCtrl1_Velocity"

Acceleration :="AxCtrl1_Acceleration"

Deceleration :="AxCtrl1_Deceleration"

JogPositive :="AxCtrl1_JogPositive"

JogNegative :="AxCtrl1_JogNegative"

JogVelocity :="AxCtrl1_JogVelocity"
  JogAcceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogAcceleration"
JogDeceleration :="AxCtrll_JogDeceleration"
AxisReady :="AxCtrll_AxisReady"
AxisEnabled :="AxCtrll_AxisEnabled"
AxisError :="AxCtrll_AxisError"
AxisErrorID :="AxCtrll_AxisErrorID"
DriveWarning :="AxCtrll_DriveWarning"
DriveError :="AxCtrll_DriveError"
DriveErrorID :="AxCtrll_DriveErrorID"
ISHOmed :="AxCtrll_ActualPosition"
ActualPosition :="AxCtrll_ActualPosition"
ActualVelocity :="AxCtrll_ActualVelocity"
CmdDone :="AxCtrll_CmdDone"
  JogDeceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogDeceleration"
 CmdDone :="AxCtrl1_CmdDone"
CmdBusy :="AxCtrl1_CmdBusy"
CmdAborted :="AxCtrl1_CmdAborted"
CmdError :="AxCtrl1_CmdError"
CmdErrorID :="AxCtrl1_CmdErrorID"
  DirectionPositive:="AxCtrl1 DirectionPos"
  DirectionNegative:="AxCtrl1 DirectionNeg"
  SWLimitMinActive := "AxCtrl1 SWLimitMinActive"
  SWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrll_SWLimitMaxActive"
  HWLimitMinActive :="AxCtrl1_HWLimitMinActive"
  HWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrl1 HWLimitMaxActive"
                                      :="Axis01".Axis
```

For complex motion tasks, you can use the PLCopen blocks. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at Axis in the axis DB.

Your project now includes the following blocks:

- OB 1 Main
- OB 57 DP Manufacturer Alarm
- OB 82 I/O\_FLT1
- OB 86 Rack\_FLT
- FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl with instance DB

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Copy project

- FB 870 VMC KernelSigma5 EC with instance DB
- FB 871 VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC with instance DB
- UDT 860 MC Axis REF
- UDT 870 VMC ConfigSigma5EC REF

### Sequence of operations

1. Choose the Siemens SIMATIC Manager and transfer your project into the CPU.

The transfer can only be done by the Siemens SIMATIC Manager - not hardware configurator!



Since slave and module parameters are transmitted by means of SDO respectively SDO Init command, the configuration remains active, until a power cycle is performed or new parameters for the same SDO objects are transferred.

With an overall reset the slave and module parameters are not reset!

⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- **2.** Before an axis can be controlled, it must be initialized. To do this, call the *Init* block FB 871 VMC InitSigma5 EC with *Enable* = TRUE.
  - ⇒ The output *Valid* returns TRUE. In the event of a fault, you can determine the error by evaluating the *ErrorID*.

You have to call the *Init* block again if you load a new axis DB or you have changed parameters on the *Init* block.



Do not continue until the Init block does not report any errors!

- Ensure that the *Kernel* block FB 870 VMC\_KernelSigma5\_EC is cyclically called. In this way, control signals are transmitted to the drive and status messages are reported.
- **4.** Program your application with the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl or with the PLCopen blocks.

# Controlling the drive via HMI

There is the possibility to control your drive via HMI. For this, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl function block. § Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146

### 3.4.4 Copy project

### **Proceeding**

In the example, the station 'Source' is copied and saved as 'Target'.

- 1. Open the hardware configuration of the 'Source' CPU and start the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- 2. In the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, via 'File → Save as' save the configuration in your working directory.

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Copy project

- **3.** Close the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and the hardware configurator.
- **4.** Copy the station 'Source' with Ctrl + C and paste it as 'Target' into your project with Ctrl + V.
- **5.** Select the 'Blocks' directory of the 'Target' CPU and delete the 'System data'.
- **6.** Open the hardware configuration of the *'Target'* CPU. Adapt the IP address data or re-network the CPU or the CP again.

Before calling the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager you have always to save your project with 'Station 

Save and compile'.

- 7. ▶ Safe your project with 'Station → Safe and compile'.
- 8. Open the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- **9.** ▶ Use 'File → Open' to load the configuration from your working directory.
- **10.** Close the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- **11.** Save and compile your configuration.

Drive specific blocks > FB 871 - VMC InitSigma5 EC - Sigma-5 EtherCAT initialization

## 3.5 Drive specific blocks

# 3.5.1 UDT 870 - VMC\_ConfigSigma5EC\_REF - Sigma-5 EtherCAT Data structure axis configuration

This is a user-defined data structure that contains information about the configuration data. The UDT is specially adapted to the use of a *Sigma-5* drive, which is connected via EtherCAT.

## 3.5.2 FB 870 - VMC\_KernelSigma5\_EC - Sigma-5 EtherCAT Kernel

### **Description**

This block converts the drive commands for a *Sigma-5* axis via EtherCAT and communicates with the drive. For each *Sigma-5* axis, an instance of this FB is to be cyclically called.



Please note that this module calls the SFB 238 internally.

In the SPEED7 Studio, this module is automatically inserted into your project.

In Siemens SIMATIC Manager, you have to copy the SFB 238 from the Motion Control Library into your project.

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Init	INPUT	BOOL	The block is internally reset with an edge 0-1. Existing motion commands are aborted and the block is initialized.
Config	IN_OUT	UDT870	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent configuration data to the <i>AxisKernel</i> .
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent information to the <i>AxisKernel</i> and PLCopen blocks.

## 3.5.3 FB 871 - VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC - Sigma-5 EtherCAT initialization

## Description

This block is used to configure the axis. The module is specially adapted to the use of a *Sigma-5* drive, which is connected via EtherCAT.

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Config	IN_OUT	UDT870	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent configuration data to the <i>AxisKernel</i> .
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent information to the <i>AxisKernel</i> and PLCopen blocks.
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	Release of initialization
Logical address	INPUT	INT	Start address of the PDO input data
InputsStartAddressPDO	INPUT	INT	Start address of the input PDOs
OutputsStartAddressPDO	INPUT	INT	Start address of the output PDOs

Drive specific blocks > FB 871 - VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC - Sigma-5 EtherCAT initialization

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
EncoderType	INPUT	INT	<ul><li>Encoder type</li><li>1: Absolute encoder</li><li>2: Incremental encoder</li></ul>
EncoderResolutionBits	INPUT	INT	Number of bits corresponding to one encoder revolution. Default: 20
FactorPosition	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the position of user units [u] into drive units [increments] and back. It's valid: $p_{[increments]} = p_{[u]} \times FactorPosition$ Please consider the factor which can be specified on the drive via the objects $0x2701$ : 1 and $0x2701$ : 2. This should be 1.
Velocity Factor	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the speed of user units [u/s] into drive units [increments/s] and back. It's valid: $v_{[increments/s]} = v_{[u/s]} \times FactorVelocity$ Please also take into account the factor which you can specify on the drive via objects 0x2702: 1 and 0x2702: 2. This should be 1.
FactorAcceleration	INPUT	REAL	Factor to convert the acceleration of user units $[u/s^2]$ in drive units $[10^{-4} \text{ x increments/s}^2]$ and back. It's valid: $10^{-4} \text{ x a}_{[increments/s^2]} = a_{[u/s^2]} \text{ x FactorAcceleration}$ Please also take into account the factor which you can specify on the drive via objects 0x2703: 1 and 0x2703: 2. This should be 1.
OffsetPosition	INPUT	REAL	Offset for the zero position [u].
MaxVelocityApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum application speed [u/s].  The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
MaxAccelerationApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum acceleration of the application [u/s²]. The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
MaxDecelerationApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum application deceleration [u/s²].  The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
MaxPosition	INPUT	REAL	Maximum position for monitoring the software limits [u].
MinPosition	INPUT	REAL	Minimum position for monitoring the software limits [u].
EnableMaxPosition	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Monitoring maximum position</li><li>TRUE: Activates the monitoring of the maximum position.</li></ul>
EnableMinPosition	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Monitoring minimum position</li><li>TRUE: Activation of the monitoring of the minimum position.</li></ul>
MinUserPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Minimum user position based on the minimum encoder value of 0x80000000 and the <i>FactorPosition</i> [u].

Drive specific blocks > FB 871 - VMC\_InitSigma5\_EC - Sigma-5 EtherCAT initialization

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
MaxUserPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Maximum user position based on the maximum encoder value of 0x7FFFFFFF and the <i>FactorPosition</i> [u].
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	Initialization  TRUE: Initialization is valid.
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Error</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>. The axis is disabled.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  Street Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

Set the parameters on the drive

## 4 Usage Sigma-7S EtherCAT

### 4.1 Overview

Usage of the double-axis drive ♦ Chapter 5 'Usage Sigma-7W EtherCAT' on page 84

#### Precondition

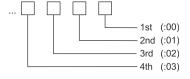
- SPEED7 Studio from V1.6.1
- Siemens SIMATIC Manager from V 5.5, SP2 & SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager & Simple Motion Control Library
- CPU with EtherCAT master, e.g. CPU 015-CEFNR00
- Sigma-7S drive with EtherCAT option card

### Steps of configuration

- 1. Set the parameters on the drive
  - The setting of the parameters happens by means of the software tool Sigma Win+.
- 2. Hardware configuration in VIPA SPEED7 Studio or Siemens SIMATIC Manager
  - Configuring a CPU with EtherCAT master functionality.
  - Configuration of a *Sigma-7S* EtherCAT drive.
  - Configuring the EtherCAT connection via SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- 3. Programming in VIPA SPEED7 Studio or Siemens SIMATIC Manager
  - Connecting the *Init* block to configure the axis.
  - Connecting the Kernel block to communicate with the axis.
  - Connecting the blocks for the motion sequences.

## 4.2 Set the parameters on the drive

### Parameter digits





### **CAUTION!**

Before the commissioning, you have to adapt your drive to your application with the *Sigma Win+* software tool! More may be found in the manual of your drive.

The following parameters must be set via Sigma Win+ to match the Simple Motion Control Library:

### Sigma-7S (24bit encoder)

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
Pn205	(2205h)	Multiturn Limit Setting	65535
Pn20E	(220Eh)	ElectronicGear Ratio (Numerator)	16
Pn210	(2210h)	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	1
PnB02	(2701h:01)	Position User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB04	(2701h:02)	Position User Unit (Denominator)	1
PnB06	(2702h:01)	Velocity User Unit (Numerator)	1

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
PnB08	(2702h:02)	Velocity User Unit (Denominator)	1
PnB0A	(2703h:01)	Acceleration User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB0C	(2703h:02)	Acceleration User Unit (Denominator)	1

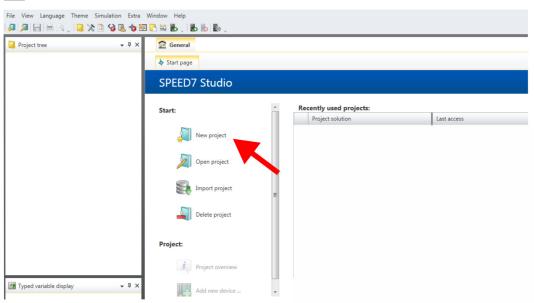
## 4.3 Usage in VIPA SPEED7 Studio

## 4.3.1 Hardware configuration

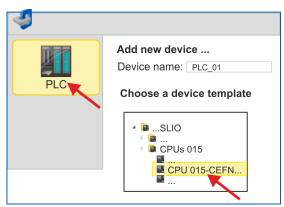
### Add CPU in the project

Please use for configuration the SPEED7 Studio V1.6.1 and up.

1. Start the SPEED7 Studio.



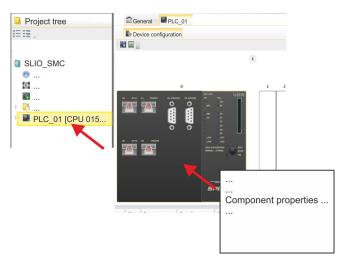
- **2.** Create a new project at the start page with 'New project'.
  - ⇒ A new project is created and the view 'Devices and networking' is shown.
- 3. Click in the *Project tree* at 'Add new device ...'.



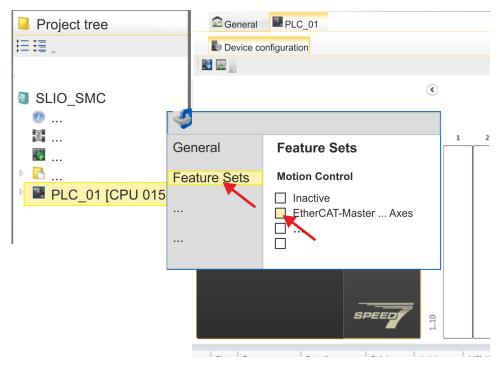
- ⇒ A dialog for device selection opens.
- **4.** Select from the 'Device templates' a CPU with EtherCAT master functions such as CPU 015-CEFNR00 and click at [OK].
  - The CPU is inserted in 'Devices and networking' and the 'Device configuration' is opened.



## Activate motion control functions



- 1. ▶ Click at the CPU in the 'Device configuration' and select 'Context menu → Components properties'.
  - ⇒ The properties dialog of the CPU is opened.



- 2. Click at 'Feature Sets' and activate at 'Motion Control' the parameter 'EtherCAT-Master... Axes'. The number of axes is not relevant in this example.
- 3. Confirm your input with [OK].
  - ⇒ The motion control functions are now available in your project.

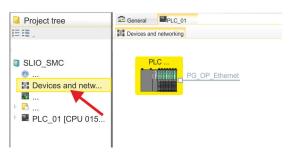


### **CAUTION!**

Please note due to the system, with every change to the feature set settings, the EtherCAT field bus system and its motion control configuration will be deleted from your project!

## Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel

- 1. Click in the Project tree at 'Devices and networking'.
  - ⇒ You will get a graphical object view of your CPU.



- **2.** Click at the network 'PG\_OP\_Ethernet'.
- 3. ▶ Select 'Context menu → Interface properties'.
  - ⇒ A dialog window opens. Here you can enter the IP address data for your Ethernet PG/OP channel. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.
- **4.** Confirm with [OK].
  - ⇒ The IP address data are stored in your project listed in 'Devices and networking' at 'Local components'.

After transferring your project your CPU can be accessed via Ethernet PG/OP channel with the set IP address data.

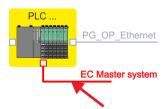
### Installing the ESI file

For the Sigma-7 EtherCAT drive can be configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, the corresponding ESI file must be installed. Usually, the SPEED7 Studio is delivered with current ESI files and you can skip this part. If your ESI file is not up-to date, you will find the latest ESI file for the Sigma-7 EtherCAT drive under <a href="https://www.yaskawa.eu.com">www.yaskawa.eu.com</a> at 'Service Drives & Motion Software'.

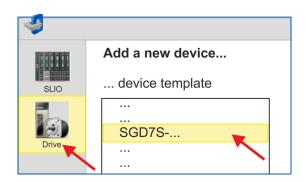
- **1.** Download the according ESI file for your drive. Unzip this if necessary.
- 2. Navigate to your SPEED7 Studio.
- 3. ▶ Open the corresponding dialog window by clicking on 'Extra → Install device description (EtherCAT ESI)'.
- **4.** Under 'Source path', specify the ESI file and install it with [Install].
  - ⇒ The devices of the ESI file are now available.

## Add a Sigma-7S single axis drive

- **1.** Click in the Project tree at 'Devices and networking'.
- 2. ▶ Click here at 'EC-Mastersystem' and select 'Context menu → Add new device'.

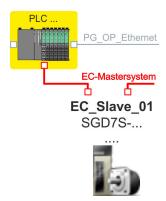


⇒ The device template for selecting an EtherCAT device opens.



- 3. Select your Sigma-7 drive:
  - SGD7S-xxxAA0...
  - SGD7S-xxxDA0...
  - SGD7S-xxxxA0...

Confirm with [OK]. If your drive does not exist, you must install the corresponding ESI file as described above.



⇒ The Sigma-7 drive is connected to your EC-Mastersystem.

## Configure Sigma-7S single axis drive



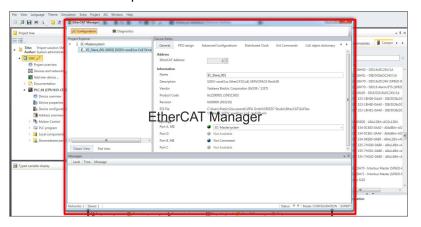
- 1. Click here at 'EC-Mastersystem' and select 'Context menu
  - → Bus system properties (expert)'.



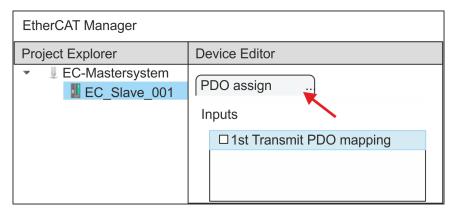
You can only edit PDOs in 'Expert mode'! Otherwise, the buttons are hidden.

⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager opens. Here you can configure the EtherCAT communication to your Sigma-7 drive.

More information about the usage of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager may be found in the online help of the SPEED7 Studio.

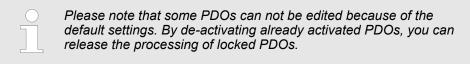


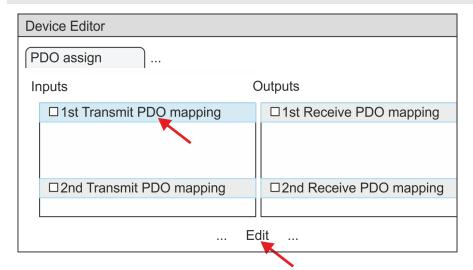
2. Click on the slave in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'PDO assign' tab in the 'Device editor'.



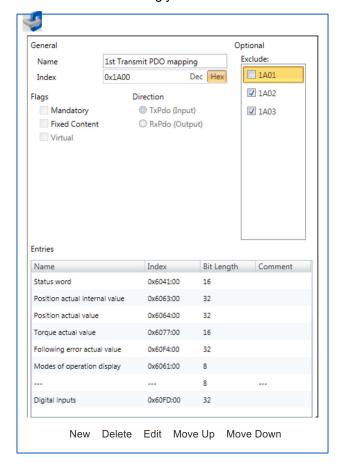
⇒ This dialog shows a list of the PDOs.

By selecting the appropriate mapping, you can edit the PDOs with [Edit]. Select the mapping '1st Transmit PDO mapping' and click at [Edit].





The dialog 'Edit PDO' is opened. Please check the PDO settings listed here and adjust them if necessary. Please also take into account the order of the 'Entries' and add them accordingly.



The following functions are available for editing the 'Entries':

- New
  - Here you can create a new entry in a dialog by selecting the corresponding entry from the 'CoE object dictionary' and making your settings. The entry is accepted with [OK] and is listed in the list of entries.
- Delete
  - This allows you to delete a selected entry.
- Edit
  - This allows you to edit the general data of an entry.
- Move Up/Down
  - This allows you to move the selected entry up or down in the list.
- **4.** Perform the following settings:

### Inputs: 1st Transmit PDO 0x1A00

- General
  - Name: 1st Transmit PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1A00
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - TxPdo (Input): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1A01: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Status word	0x6041:00	16bit
Position actual internal value	0x6063:00	32bit
Position actual value	0x6064:00	32bit
Torque actual value	0x6077:00	16bit
Following error actual value	0x60F4:00	32bit
Modes of operation display	0x6061:00	8bit
		8bit
Digital inputs	0x60FD:00	32bit

**5.** Select the mapping '2nd Transmit PDO mapping' and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

### Inputs: 2nd Transmit PDO 0x1A01

- General
  - Name: 2nd Transmit PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1A01
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - TxPdo (Input): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1A00: de-activated1A02: de-activated
- 1A03: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Touch probe status	0x60B9:00	16bit
Touch probe 1 position value	0x60BA:00	32bit
Touch probe 2 position value	0x60BC:00	32bit
Velocity actual value	0x606C:00	32bit

**6.** Select the mapping *'1st Receive PDO mapping'* and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

### Outputs: 1st Receive PDO 0x1600

- General
  - Name: 1st Receive PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1600
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - RxPdo (Output): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1601: de-activated1602: de-activated1603: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Control word	0x6040:00	16bit
Target position	0x607A:00	32bit
Target velocity	0x60FF:00	32bit
Modes of operation	0x6060:00	8bit
		8bit
Touch probe function	0x60B8:00	16bit

**7.** Select the mapping '2nd ReceivePDO mapping' and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

### Outputs: 2nd Receive PDO 0x1601

- General
  - Name: 2nd Receive PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1601
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - RxPdo (Output): activated
- Exclude

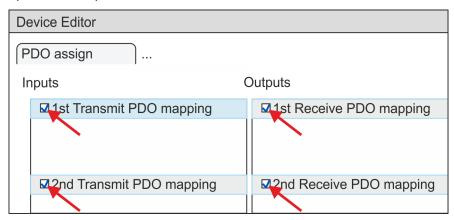
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1600: de-activated
- 1602: activated
- 1603: activated
- Entries

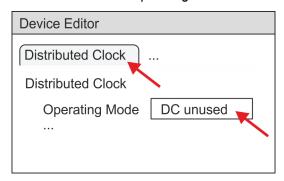
Name	Index	Bit length
Profile velocity	0x6081:00	32Bit
Profile acceleration	0x6083:00	32Bit
Profile deceleration	0x6084:00	32Bit

Close the dialog 'Edit PDO' with [OK].

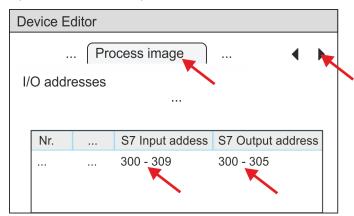
In PDO assignment, activate the PDOs 1 and 2 for the inputs and outputs. All subsequent PDOs must remain de-activated. If this is not possible, please check the respective PDO parameter 'Exclude'.



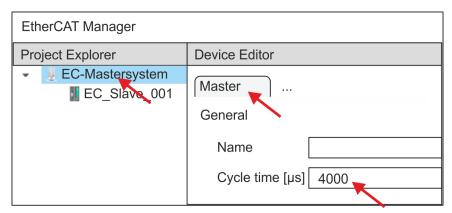
9. In the 'Device Editor' of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, select the 'Distributed clocks' tab and set 'DC unused' as 'Operating mode'.



- Select the 'Process image' tab via the arrow key in the 'Device editor' and note for the parameter of the block FB 873 VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC the following PDO.
  - "S7 Input address" → 'InputsStartAddressPDO'
  - S7 Output address' → 'OutputsStartAddressPDO'



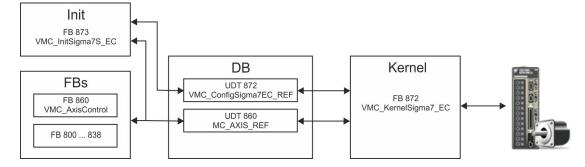
11. Click on 'EC-Mastersystem' in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'Master' tab in the 'Device editor'.



- ⇒ Set a cycle time of at least 4ms for Sigma-7S (400V) drives (SGD7S-xxxDA0 ... and SGD7S-xxxxA0 ...). Otherwise, leave the value at 1ms.
- **12.** By closing the dialog of the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager* with [X] the configuration is taken to the *SPEED7 Studio*.

### 4.3.2 User program

### 4.3.2.1 Program structure



#### ■ DB

A data block (axis DB) for configuration and status data must be created for each axis of a drive. The data block consists of the following data structures:

- UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF
   The data structure describes the structure of the configuration of the drive.
   Specific data structure for Sigma-7 EtherCAT.
- UDT 860 MC\_AXIS\_REF

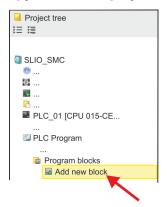
The data structure describes the structure of the parameters and status information of drives.

General data structure for all drives and bus systems.

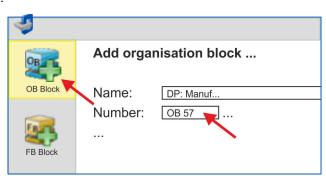
- FB 873 VMC InitSigma7S EC
  - The Init block is used to configure an axis.
  - Specific block for Sigma-7S EtherCAT.
  - The configuration data for the initialization must be stored in the axis DB.
- FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC
  - The Kernel block communicates with the drive via the appropriate bus system, processes the user requests and returns status messages.
  - Specific block for Sigma-7 EtherCAT.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
- FB 860 VMC AxisControl
  - General block for all drives and bus systems.
  - Supports simple motion commands and returns all relevant status messages.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
  - For motion control and status query, via the instance data of the block you can link a visualization.
  - In addition to the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl, PLCopen blocks can be used.
- FB 800 ... FB 838 PLCopen
  - The PLCopen blocks are used to program motion sequences and status queries.
  - General blocks for all drives and bus systems.

### 4.3.2.2 Programming

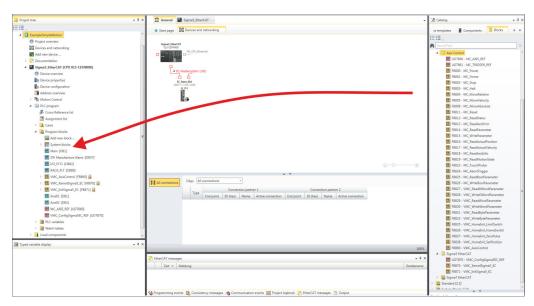
### Copy blocks into project



1. Click in the *Project tree* within the CPU at 'PLC program', 'Program blocks' at 'Add New block'.



- ⇒ The dialog 'Add block' is opened.
- Select the block type 'OB block' and add one after the other OB 57, OB 82 and OB 86 to your project.



- In the 'Catalog', open the 'Simple Motion Control' library at 'Blocks' and drag and drop the following blocks into 'Program blocks' of the Project tree:
  - Sigma-7 EtherCAT:
    - UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF
    - FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC
    - FB 873 VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC
  - Axis Control
    - UDT 860 MC AXIS REF
    - Blocks for your movement sequences

### Create axis DB

- Add a new DB as your axis DB to your project. Click in the Project tree within the CPU at 'PLC program', 'Program blocks' at 'Add New block', select the block type 'DB block' and assign the name "Axis01" to it. The DB number can freely be selected such as DB10.
  - ⇒ The block is created and opened.
- In "Axis01", create the variable "Config" of type UDT 872. These are specific axis configuration data.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Axis" of type UDT 860. During operation, all operating data of the axis are stored here.

Axis01 [DB10]
Data block structure

Adr	Name	Data type	
	Config	UDT	[872]
	Axis	UDT	[860]

### **OB 1**

#### Configuration of the axis

Open OB 1 and program the following FB calls with associated DBs:

FB 873 - VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC, DB 873 Chapter 4.5.3 FB 873 - VMC\_Init-Sigma7S\_EC - Sigma-7S EtherCAT Initialization on page 81

At InputsStartAddressPDO respectively OutputsStartAddressPDO, enter the address from the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager. § 57

```
⇒ CALL
        "VMC_InitSigma7S_EC" , "DI_InitSgm7SETC01"
  Enable
                       :="InitS7SEC1 Enable"
  LogicalAddress
                       :=300
  InputsStartAddressPDO :=300 (EtherCAT-Man.: S7 Input
  address)
  OutputsStartAddressPDO:=300 (EtherCAT-Man.: S7 Output
  address)
  EncoderType
  EncoderResolutionBits :=20
  FactorPosition :=1.048576e+006
  FactorVelocity
                      :=1.048576e+006
  FactorAcceleration :=1.048576e+002
  OffsetPosition
                      :=0.000000e+000
                      :=5.000000e+001
  MaxVelocityApp
  MaxAccelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  MaxAccelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  MaxDecelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  MaxPosition
                      :=1.048500e+003
  MinPosition
                      :=-1.048514e+003
  EnableMaxPosition
                      :=TRUE
  EnableMinPosition
                      :=TRUE
  MinUserPosition
                       :="InitS7SEC1 MinUserPos"
                       :="InitS7SEC1_MaxUserPos"
  MaxUserPosition
                       :="InitS7SEC1_Valid"
:="InitS7SEC1_Error"
  Valid
  Error
  ErrorID
                       :="InitS7SEC1 ErrorID"
                       :="Axis01".Config
  Config
                       :="Axis01".Axis
  Axis
```

## Connecting the Kernel for the axis

The *Kernel* processes the user commands and passes them appropriately processed on to the drive via the respective bus system.

FB 872 - VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC, DB 872 ♥ Chapter 4.5.2 'FB 872 - VMC\_Kernel-Sigma7\_EC - Sigma-7 EtherCAT Kernel' on page 81

# Connecting the block for motion sequences

For simplicity, the connection of the FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl is to be shown here. This universal block supports simple motion commands and returns status messages. The inputs and outputs can be individually connected. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at 'Axis' in the axis DB.

FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl, DB 860 & Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control' on page 169

```
"VMC AxisControl" , "DI AxisControl01"
AxisEnable :="AxCtrll_AxisEnable"
AxisReset :="AxCtrll_AxisReset"
HomeExecute
                             :="AxCtrl1 HomeExecute"
HomePosition :="AxCtrl1_HomePosition"
StopExecute :="AxCtrl1_StopExecute"
MvVelocityExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvVelExecute"
MvRelativeExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvRelExecute"
MvAbsoluteExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvAbsExecute"
PositionDistance := "AxCtrl1 PositionDistance"
Velocity :="AxCtrl1_Velocity"
Acceleration :="AxCtrl1_Acceleration"
Deceleration :="AxCtrl1_Deceleration"
JogPositive :="AxCtrl1_JogPositive"
JogNegative :="AxCtrl1_JogNegative"
JogVelocity :="AxCtrl1_JogVelocity"
JogAcceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogAcceleration"
JogDeceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogDeceleration"
JogDeceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogDeceleration
AxisReady :="AxCtrl1_AxisReady"
AxisEnabled :="AxCtrl1_AxisEnabled"
AxisError :="AxCtrl1_AxisError"
AxisErrorID :="AxCtrl1_AxisErrorID"
DriveWarning :="AxCtrl1_DriveWarning"
DriveError :="AxCtrl1_DriveError"
DriveErrorID :="AxCtrl1_DriveErrorID"
IsHomed :="AxCtrl1_IsHomed"

ModeOfOperation :="AyCtrl1_ModeOfOperation"
ModeOfOperation :="AxCtrll_IsHomed"

:="AxCtrll_ModeOfOperation"

PLCopenState :="AxCtrll_PLCopenState"

ActualPosition :="AxCtrll_ActualPosition"

ActualVelocity :="AxCtrll_ActualVelocity"
CmdDone :="AxCtrl1_CmdDone"

CmdBusy :="AxCtrl1_CmdBusy"

CmdAborted :="AxCtrl1_CmdAborted"

CmdError :="AxCtrl1_CmdError"

CmdErrorID :="AxCtrl1_CmdErrorID"
DirectionPositive:="AxCtrl1 DirectionPos"
DirectionNegative:="AxCtrl1 DirectionNeg"
SWLimitMinActive := "AxCtrll SWLimitMinActive"
SWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrl1 SWLimitMaxActive"
HWLimitMinActive :="AxCtrl1 HWLimitMinActive"
HWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrl1 HWLimitMaxActive"
Axis
                                :="Axis01".Axis
```

Ĭ

For complex motion tasks, you can use the PLCopen blocks. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at Axis in the axis DB.

Your project now includes the following blocks:

- OB 1 Main
- OB 57 DP Manufacturer Alarm
- OB 82 I/O\_FLT1
- OB 86 Rack\_FLT
- FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl with instance DB

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Precondition

- FB 872 VMC KernelSigma7 EC with instance DB
- FB 873 VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC with instance DB
- UDT 860 MC Axis REF
- UDT 872 VMC ConfigSigma7EC REF

### Sequence of operations

- 1. Select 'Project → Compile all' and transfer the project into your CPU. You can find more information on the transfer of your project in the online help of the SPEED7 Studio.
  - ⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



#### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- **2.** Before an axis can be controlled, it must be initialized. To do this, call the *Init* block FB 873 VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC with *Enable* = TRUE.
  - ⇒ The output *Valid* returns TRUE. In the event of a fault, you can determine the error by evaluating the *ErrorID*.

You have to call the *Init* block again if you load a new axis DB or you have changed parameters on the *Init* block.



Do not continue until the Init block does not report any errors!

- **3.** Ensure that the *Kernel* block FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC is called cyclically. In this way, control signals are transmitted to the drive and status messages are reported.
- **4.** Program your application with the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl or with the PLCopen blocks.

## Controlling the drive via HMI

There is the possibility to control your drive via HMI. For this, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl function block. *© Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146* 

### 4.4 Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager

### 4.4.1 Precondition

### Overview

- Please use for configuration the Siemens SIMATIC Manager V 5.5 SP2 and up.
- The configuration of the System SLIO CPU happens in the Siemens SIMATIC Manager by means of a virtual PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU'. The 'VIPA SLIO CPU' is to be installed in the hardware catalog by means of the GSDML.
- The configuration of the EtherCAT masters happens in the Siemens SIMATIC Manager by means of a virtual PROFINET IO device 'EtherCAT network'. The 'EtherCAT network' is to be installed in the hardware catalog by means of the GSDML.
- The 'EtherCAT network' can be configured with the VIPA Tool SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- For the configuration of the drive in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager the installation of the according ESI file is necessary.

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Precondition

### Installing the IO device 'VIPA SLIO System'

The installation of the PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU' happens in the hardware catalog with the following approach:

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- 2. Download the configuration file for your CPU from the download area via 'Config files → PROFINET'.
- 3. Extract the file into your working directory.
- 4. Start the Siemens hardware configurator.
- **5.** Close all the projects.
- 6. ▶ Select 'Options → Install new GSD file'.
- 7. Navigate to your working directory and install the according GSDML file.
  - ⇒ After the installation the according PROFINET IO device can be found at 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA SLIO System'.

## Installing the IO device EtherCAT network

The installation of the PROFINET IO devices 'EtherCAT Network' happens in the hardware catalog with the following approach:

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com
- 2. ▶ Load from the download area at 'Config files → EtherCAT' the GSDML file for your EtherCAT master.
- 3. Extract the files into your working directory.
- Start the Siemens hardware configurator.
- **5.** Close all the projects.
- 6. ▶ Select 'Options → Install new GSD file'.
- 7. Navigate to your working directory and install the according GSDML file.
  - After the installation the 'EtherCAT Network' can be found at 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA VIPA EtherCAT System'.

# Installing the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager

The configuration of the PROFINET IO device *'EtherCAT Network'* happens by means of the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager* from VIPA. This may be found in the service area of www.vipa.com at *'Service/Support → Downloads → SPEED7'*.

The installation happens with the following proceeding:

- 1. Close the Siemens SIMATIC Manager.
- 2. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com
- 3. Load the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and unzip it on your PC.
- **4.** For installation start the file EtherCATManager\_v... .exe.
- **5.** Select the language for the installation.
- 6. Accept the licensing agreement.
- 7. Select the installation directory and start the installation.
- **8.** After installation you have to reboot your PC.
  - ⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager is installed and can now be called via the context menu of the Siemens SIMATIC Manager.

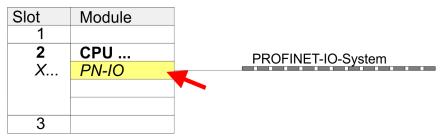
### 4.4.2 Hardware configuration

# Configuring the CPU in the project

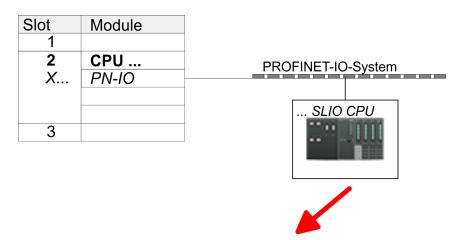
Slot	Module
1	
2	CPU 315-2 PN/DP
X1	MPI/DP
X2	PN-IO
X2	Port 1
X2	Port 2
3	

To be compatible with the Siemens SIMATIC Manager the following steps should be executed:

- 1. Start the Siemens hardware configurator with a new project.
- **2.** Insert a profile rail from the hardware catalog.
- 3. Place at 'Slot' number 2 the CPU 315-2 PN/DP (315-2EH14 V3.2).
- **4.** The integrated PROFIBUS DP master (jack X3) is to be configured and connected via the sub module 'X1 MPI/DP'.
- **5.** The integrated EtherCAT master is to be configured via the sub module 'X2 PN-IO' as a virtual PROFINET network.
- **6.** Click at the sub module 'PN-IO' of the CPU.
- 7. ▶ Select 'Context menu → Insert PROFINET IO System'.



- 8. Create with [New] a new sub net and assign valid address data
- 9. Click at the sub module 'PN-IO' of the CPU and open with 'Context menu → Properties' the properties dialog.
- **10.** Enter at *'General'* a *'Device name'*. The device name must be unique at the Ethernet subnet.

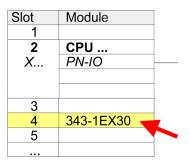


Slot	Module	Order number	
0	SLIO CPU	015	
X2	015		
1			
2			
3			

- 11. Navigate in the hardware catalog to the directory 'PROFINET IO

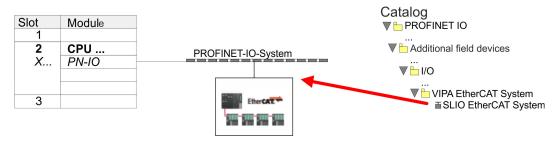
  → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA SLIO System' and connect the IO device '015-CFFNR00 CPU' to your PROFINET system.
  - ⇒ In the Device overview of the PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU' the CPU is already placed at slot 0. From slot 1 you can place your System SLIO modules.

# Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel



- Place for the Ethernet PG/OP channel at slot 4 the Siemens CP 343-1 (SIMATIC 300 \ CP 300 \ Industrial Ethernet \CP 343-1 \ 6GK7 343-1EX30 0XE0 V3.0).
- Open the properties dialog by clicking on the CP 343-1EX30 and enter for the CP at 'Properties' the IP address data. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.
- 3. Assign the CP to a 'Subnet'. The IP address data are not accepted without assignment!

### Insert 'EtherCAT network'



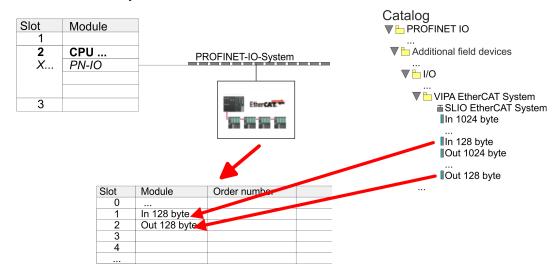
1. Navigate in the hardware catalog to the directory 'PROFINET IO

→ Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA EtherCAT System' and connect the IO
device 'SLIO EtherCAT System' to your PROFINET system.

2. Click at the inserted IO device 'EtherCAT Network' and define the areas for in and output by drag and dropping the according 'Out' or 'In' area to a slot.

Create the following areas:

- In 128byte
- Out 128byte



3. ▶ Select 'Station → Save and compile'

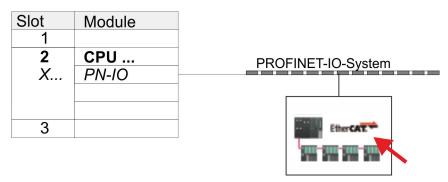
Sigma-7S Configure EtherCAT drive

The drive is configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.



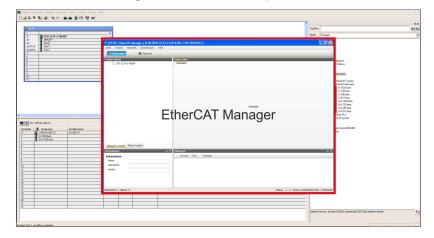
Before calling the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager you have always to save your project with 'Station 

Save and compile'.

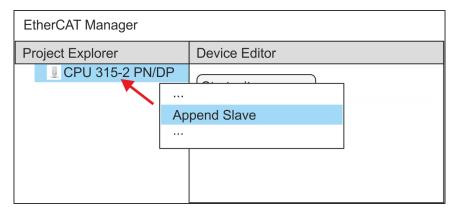


- 1. ► Click at an inserted IO device 'EtherCAT Network' and select 'Context menu → Start Device-Tool → SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager'.
  - ⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager opens. Here you can configure the EtherCAT communication to your Sigma-7S drive.

More information about the usage of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager may be found in the according manual or online help.



- 3. For the Sigma-7S EtherCAT drive to be configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, the corresponding ESI file must be installed. The ESI file for the Sigma-7S EtherCAT drive can be found under <a href="https://www.yaskawa.eu.com">www.yaskawa.eu.com</a> at 'Service → Drives & Motion Software'. Download the according ESI file for your drive. Unzip this if necessary.
- **4.** Open in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager via 'File → ESI Manager' the dialogue window 'ESI Manager'.
- **5.** In the 'ESI Manager' click at [Add File] and select your ESI file. With [Open], the ESI file is installed in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- **6.** ▶ Close the 'ESI Manager'.
  - ⇒ Your Sigma-7S EtherCAT drive is now available for configuration.

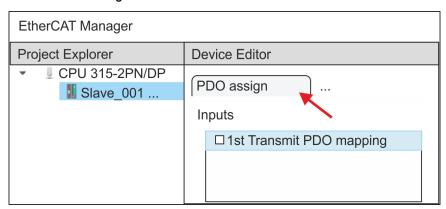


- 7. In the EtherCAT Manager, click on your CPU and open via 'Context menu

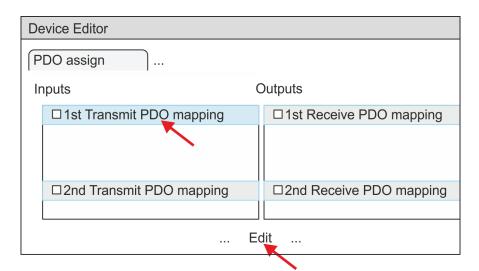
  → Append Slave' the dialog box for adding an EtherCAT slave.
  - ⇒ The dialog window for selecting an EtherCAT slave is opened.
- 8. Select your Sigma-7S EtherCAT drive and confirm your selection with [OK].
  - ⇒ The Sigma-7S EtherCAT drive is connected to the master and can now be configured.
- 9.
- You can only edit PDOs in 'Expert mode'! Otherwise, the buttons are hidden. By activating the 'Expert mode' you can switch to advanced setting.

By activating 'View -> Expert' you can switch to the Expert mode.

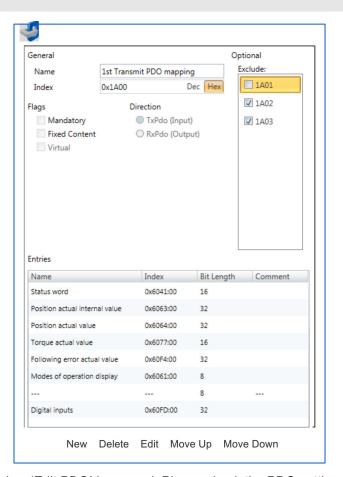
**10.** Click on the Sigma-7S EtherCAT Slave in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'PDO assign' tab in the 'Device editor'.



⇒ This dialog shows a list of the PDOs.



- By selecting the appropriate PDO mapping, you can edit the PDOs with [Edit]. Select the mapping *'1st Transmit PDO mapping'* and click at [Edit].
  - Please note that some PDOs can not be edited because of the default settings. By de-activating already activated PDOs, you can release the processing of locked PDOs.



⇒ The dialog 'Edit PDO' is opened. Please check the PDO settings listed here and adjust them if necessary. Please also take into account the order of the 'Entries' and add them accordingly.

The following functions are available for editing the 'Entries':

- New
  - Here you can create a new entry in a dialog by selecting the corresponding entry from the 'CoE object dictionary' and making your settings. The entry is accepted with [OK] and is listed in the list of entries.
- Delete
  - This allows you to delete a selected entry.
- Edit
  - This allows you to edit the general data of an entry.
- Move Up/Down
  - This allows you to move the selected entry up or down in the list.

### **12.** ▶ Perform the following settings:

### Inputs: 1st Transmit PDO 0x1A00

- General
  - Name: 1st Transmit PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1A00
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - TxPdo (Input): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1A01: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Status word	0x6041:00	16bit
Position actual internal value	0x6063:00	32bit
Position actual value	0x6064:00	32bit
Torque actual value	0x6077:00	16bit
Following error actual value	0x60F4:00	32bit
Modes of operation display	0x6061:00	8bit
		8bit
Digital inputs	0x60FD:00	32bit

**13.** Select the mapping '2nd Transmit PDO mapping' and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

### Inputs: 2nd Transmit PDO 0x1A01

- General
  - Name: 2nd Transmit PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1A01
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - TxPdo (Input): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1A00: de-activated
- 1A02: de-activated
- 1A03: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Touch probe status	0x60B9:00	16bit
Touch probe 1 position value	0x60BA:00	32bit
Touch probe 2 position value	0x60BC:00	32bit
Velocity actual value	0x606C:00	32bit

**14.** Select the mapping *'1st Receive PDO mapping'* and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

### Outputs: 1st Receive PDO 0x1600

- General
  - Name: 1st Receive PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1600
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - RxPdo (Output): activated
- Exclude

Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1601: de-activated1602: de-activated1603: de-activated
- Entries

Name	Index	Bit length
Control word	0x6040:00	16bit
Target position	0x607A:00	32bit
Target velocity	0x60FF:00	32bit
Modes of operation	0x6060:00	8bit
		8bit
Touch probe function	0x60B8:00	16bit

**15.** Select the mapping '2nd ReceivePDO mapping' and click at [Edit]. Perform the following settings:

#### Outputs: 2nd Receive PDO 0x1601

- General
  - Name: 2nd Receive PDO mapping
  - Index: 0x1601
- Flags
  - Everything de-activated
- Direction
  - RxPdo (Output): activated
- Exclude

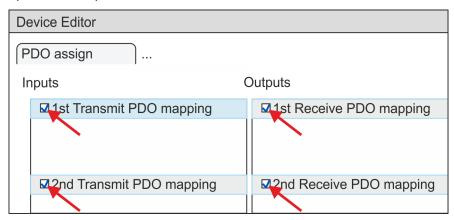
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!

- 1600: de-activated
- 1602: activated
- 1603: activated
- Entries

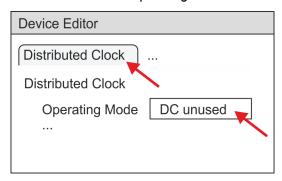
Name	Index	Bit length
Profile velocity	0x6081:00	32bit
Profile acceleration	0x6083:00	32bit
Profile deceleration	0x6084:00	32bit

Close the dialog 'Edit PDO' with [OK].

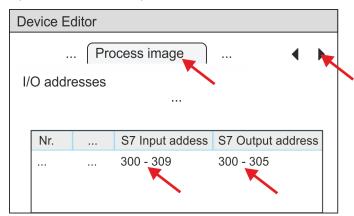
**16.** In PDO assignment, activate the PDOs 1 and 2 for the inputs and outputs. All subsequent PDOs must remain de-activated. If this is not possible, please check the respective PDO parameter 'Exclude'.



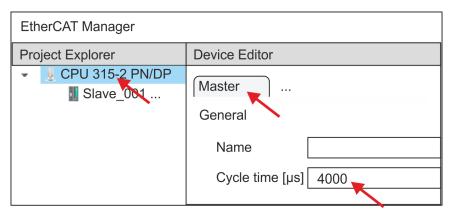
In the 'Device Editor' of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, select the 'Distributed clocks' tab and set 'DC unused' as 'Operating mode'.



- Select the 'Process image' tab via the arrow key in the 'Device editor' and note for the parameter of the block FB 873 VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC the following PDO.
  - 'S7 Input address' → 'InputsStartAddressPDO'
  - S7 Output address' → 'OutputsStartAddressPDO'



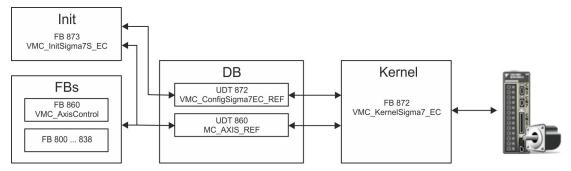
19. Click on your CPU in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'Master' tab in the 'Device editor'.



- ⇒ Set a cycle time of at least 4ms for Sigma-7S (400V) drives (SGD7S-xxxDA0 ... and SGD7S-xxxxA0 ...). Otherwise, leave the value at 1ms.
- **20.** By closing the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager* with [X] the configuration is taken to the project. You can always edit your EtherCAT configuration in the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager*, since the configuration is stored in your project.
- **21.** Save and compile your configuration.

#### 4.4.3 User program

#### 4.4.3.1 Program structure



#### DB

A data block (axis DB) for configuration and status data must be created for each axis of a drive. The data block consists of the following data structures:

- UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF
   The data structure describes the structure of the configuration of the drive.
   Specific data structure for Sigma-7 EtherCAT.
- UDT 860 MC AXIS REF

The data structure describes the structure of the parameters and status information of drives.

General data structure for all drives and bus systems.

- FB 873 VMC InitSigma7S EC
  - The Init block is used to configure an axis.
  - Specific block for Sigma-7S EtherCAT.
  - The configuration data for the initialization must be stored in the axis DB.
- FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC
  - The Kernel block communicates with the drive via the appropriate bus system, processes the user requests and returns status messages.
  - Specific block for Sigma-7 EtherCAT.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
- FB 860 VMC AxisControl
  - General block for all drives and bus systems.
  - Supports simple motion commands and returns all relevant status messages.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
  - For motion control and status query, via the instance data of the block you can link a visualization.
  - In addition to the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl, PLCopen blocks can be used.
- FB 800 ... FB 838 PLCopen
  - The PLCopen blocks are used to program motion sequences and status queries.
  - General blocks for all drives and bus systems.

#### 4.4.3.2 Programming

### Include library

- **1.** Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- 2. Download the Simple Motion Control library from the download area at 'VIPA Lib'.
- 3. ▶ Open the dialog window for ZIP file selection via 'File → Retrieve'.
- 4. Select the according ZIP file and click at [Open].
- **5.** Specify a target directory in which the blocks are to be stored and start the unzip process with [OK].

#### Copy blocks into project

- Open the library after unzipping and drag and drop the following blocks into 'Blocks' of your project:
  - Sigma-7S EtherCAT:
    - UDT 872 VMC ConfigSigma7EC REF
    - FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC
    - FB 873 VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC
  - Axis Control
    - UDT 860 MC\_AXIS\_REF
    - Blocks for your movement sequences

#### **Create interrupt OBs**

- 1. ▶ In your project, click at 'Blocks' and choose 'Context menu → Insert new object → Organization block'.
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Properties Organization block' opens.
- 2. Add OB 57, OB 82, and OB 86 successively to your project.

#### Create axis DB

In your project, click at 'Blocks' and choose 'Context menu → Insert new object → Data block'.

Specify the following parameters:

- Name and type
  - The DB no. as 'Name' can freely be chosen, such as DB10.
  - Set 'Shared DB' as the 'Type'.
- Symbolic name
  - Specify "Axis01".

Confirm your input with [OK].

- ⇒ The block is created.
- 2. Den DB10 "Axis01" by double-click.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Config" of type UDT 872. These are specific axis configuration data.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Axis" of type UDT 860. During operation, all operating data of the axis are stored here.

#### **DB10**

Address	Name	Туре	
		Struct	
	Config	"VMC_ConfigSigma7EC_REF"	
	Axis	"MC_AXIS_REF	
		END STRUCT	

#### **OB 1**

#### Configuration of the axis

Open OB 1 and program the following FB calls with associated DBs:

FB 873 - VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC, DB 873 ♥ Chapter 4.5.3 'FB 873 - VMC\_Init-Sigma7S\_EC - Sigma-7S EtherCAT Initialization' on page 81

At InputsStartAddressPDO respectively OutputsStartAddressPDO, enter the address from the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager. § 74

```
⇒ CALL

        "VMC InitSigma7S EC" , "DI InitSgm7SETC01"
  Enable
                        :="InitS7SEC1 Enable"
  LogicalAddress
                        :=300
  InputsStartAddressPDO :=300(EtherCAT-Man:S7 Input address)
  OutputsStartAddressPDO:=300(EtherCAT-Man:S7 Output address)
  EncoderType
                        :=1
  EncoderResolutionBits :=20
  FactorPosition
                       :=1.048576e+006
  FactorVelocity
                       :=1.048576e+006
                       :=1.048576e+002
  FactorAcceleration
  OffsetPosition
                       :=0.000000e+000
  MaxVelocityApp
                       :=5.000000e+001
  MaxAccelerationApp
                       :=1.000000e+002
  MaxDecelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  MaxVelocityDrive
                       :=6.000000e+001
  MaxAccelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  MaxDecelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  MaxPosition
                       :=1.048500e+003
  MinPosition
                       :=-1.048514e+003
  EnableMaxPosition
                       :=TRUE
  EnableMinPosition
                       :=TRUE
  MinUserPosition
                       :="InitS5EC1 MinUserPos"
  MaxUserPosition
                       :="InitS5EC1_MaxUserPos"
  Valid
                        :="InitS5EC1_Valid"
  Error
                        :="InitS5EC1 Error"
                        :="InitS5EC1 ErrorID"
  ErrorID
  Config
                        :="Axis01".Config
                        :="Axis01".Axis
  Axis
```

## Connecting the Kernel for the axis

The *Kernel* processes the user commands and passes them appropriately processed on to the drive via the respective bus system.

FB 872 - VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC, DB 872 ♥ Chapter 4.5.2 'FB 872 - VMC\_Kernel-Sigma7\_EC - Sigma-7 EtherCAT Kernel' on page 81

# Connecting the block for motion sequences

For simplicity, the connection of the FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl is to be shown here. This universal block supports simple motion commands and returns status messages. The inputs and outputs can be individually connected. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at 'Axis' in the axis DB.

FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl, DB 860 & Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control' on page 169

```
CALL "VMC AxisControl" , "DI AxisControl01"
 AxisEnable :="AxCtrll_AxisEnable"
AxisReset :="AxCtrll_AxisReset"
 HomeExecute :="AxCtrl1 HomeExecute"
 HomePosition :="AxCtrl1_HomePosition"
StopExecute :="AxCtrl1_StopExecute"
 MvVelocityExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvVelExecute"
 MvRelativeExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvRelExecute"
  MvAbsoluteExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvAbsExecute"
  PositionDistance := "AxCtrl1 PositionDistance"
 Velocity :="AxCtrl1_Velocity"

Acceleration :="AxCtrl1_Acceleration"

Deceleration :="AxCtrl1_Deceleration"

JogPositive :="AxCtrl1_JogPositive"

JogNegative :="AxCtrl1_JogNegative"

JogVelocity :="AxCtrl1_JogVelocity"
  JogAcceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogAcceleration"
JogDeceleration :="AxCtrll_JogDeceleration"
AxisReady :="AxCtrll_AxisReady"
AxisEnabled :="AxCtrll_AxisEnabled"
AxisError :="AxCtrll_AxisError"
AxisErrorID :="AxCtrll_AxisErrorID"
DriveWarning :="AxCtrll_DriveWarning"
DriveError :="AxCtrll_DriveError"
DriveErrorID :="AxCtrll_DriveErrorID"
ISHOmed :="AxCtrll_ActualPosition"
ActualPosition :="AxCtrll_ActualPosition"
ActualVelocity :="AxCtrll_ActualVelocity"
CmdDone :="AxCtrll_CmdDone"
  JogDeceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogDeceleration"
 CmdDone :="AxCtrl1_CmdDone"
CmdBusy :="AxCtrl1_CmdBusy"
CmdAborted :="AxCtrl1_CmdAborted"
CmdError :="AxCtrl1_CmdError"
CmdErrorID :="AxCtrl1_CmdErrorID"
  DirectionPositive:="AxCtrl1 DirectionPos"
  DirectionNegative:="AxCtrl1 DirectionNeg"
  SWLimitMinActive := "AxCtrl1 SWLimitMinActive"
  SWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrll_SWLimitMaxActive"
  HWLimitMinActive :="AxCtrl1_HWLimitMinActive"
  HWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrl1 HWLimitMaxActive"
                                      :="Axis01".Axis
```

Ĭ

For complex motion tasks, you can use the PLCopen blocks. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at Axis in the axis DB.

Your project now includes the following blocks:

- OB 1 Main
- OB 57 DP Manufacturer Alarm
- OB 82 I/O\_FLT1
- OB 86 Rack\_FLT
- FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl with instance DB

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Copy project

- FB 872 VMC KernelSigma7 EC with instance DB
- FB 873 VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC with instance DB
- UDT 860 MC Axis REF
- UDT 872 VMC ConfigSigma7EC REF

#### Sequence of operations

1. Choose the Siemens SIMATIC Manager and transfer your project into the CPU.

The transfer can only be done by the Siemens SIMATIC Manager - not hardware configurator!



Since slave and module parameters are transmitted by means of SDO respectively SDO Init command, the configuration remains active, until a power cycle is performed or new parameters for the same SDO objects are transferred.

With an overall reset the slave and module parameters are not reset!

⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



#### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- **2.** Before an axis can be controlled, it must be initialized. To do this, call the *Init* block FB 873 VMC InitSigma7S EC with *Enable* = TRUE.
  - ⇒ The output *Valid* returns TRUE. In the event of a fault, you can determine the error by evaluating the *ErrorID*.

You have to call the *Init* block again if you load a new axis DB or you have changed parameters on the *Init* block.



Do not continue until the Init block does not report any errors!

- Ensure that the *Kernel* block FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC is called cyclically. In this way, control signals are transmitted to the drive and status messages are reported.
- Program your application with the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl or with the PLCopen blocks.

# Controlling the drive via HMI

There is the possibility to control your drive via HMI. For this, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl function block. § Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146

#### 4.4.4 Copy project

#### **Proceeding**

In the example, the station 'Source' is copied and saved as 'Target'.

- 1. Open the hardware configuration of the 'Source' CPU and start the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- 2. In the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, via 'File → Save as' save the configuration in your working directory.

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Copy project

- 3. Close the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and the hardware configurator.
- **4.** Copy the station 'Source' with Ctrl + C and paste it as 'Target' into your project with Ctrl + V.
- **5.** Select the 'Blocks' directory of the 'Target' CPU and delete the 'System data'.
- **6.** Open the hardware configuration of the *'Target'* CPU. Adapt the IP address data or re-network the CPU or the CP again.

Before calling the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager you have always to save your project with 'Station 

Save and compile'.

- 7. ▶ Safe your project with 'Station → Safe and compile'.
- 8. Open the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- **9.** ▶ Use 'File → Open' to load the configuration from your working directory.
- **10.** Close the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- **11.** Save and compile your configuration.

Drive specific blocks > FB 873 - VMC InitSigma7S EC - Sigma-7S EtherCAT Initialization

## 4.5 Drive specific blocks

# 4.5.1 UDT 872 - VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF - Sigma-7 EtherCAT Data structure axis configuration

This is a user-defined data structure that contains information about the configuration data. The UDT is specially adapted to the use of a *Sigma-7* drive, which is connected via EtherCAT.

### 4.5.2 FB 872 - VMC KernelSigma7 EC - Sigma-7 EtherCAT Kernel

#### **Description**

This block converts the drive commands for a *Sigma-7* axis via EtherCAT and communicates with the drive. For each *Sigma-7* axis, an instance of this FB is to be cyclically called.



Please note that this module calls the SFB 238 internally.

In the SPEED7 Studio, this module is automatically inserted into your project.

In Siemens SIMATIC Manager, you have to copy the SFB 238 from the Motion Control Library into your project.

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Init	INPUT	BOOL	The block is internally reset with an edge 0-1. Existing motion commands are aborted and the block is initialized.
Config	IN_OUT	UDT872	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent configuration data to the <i>AxisKernel</i> .
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent information to the <i>AxisKernel</i> and PLCopen blocks.

### 4.5.3 FB 873 - VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC - Sigma-7S EtherCAT Initialization

#### **Description**

This block is used to configure the axis. The module is specially adapted to the use of a *Sigma-7* drive, which is connected via EtherCAT.

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Config	IN_OUT	UDT872	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent configuration data to the <i>AxisKernel</i> .
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent information to the <i>AxisKernel</i> and PLCopen blocks.
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	Release of initialization
Logical address	INPUT	INT	Start address of the PDO input data
InputsStartAddressPDO	INPUT	INT	Start address of the input PDOs
OutputsStartAddressPDO	INPUT	INT	Start address of the output PDOs

Drive specific blocks > FB 873 - VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC - Sigma-7S EtherCAT Initialization

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
EncoderType	INPUT	INT	<ul><li>Encoder type</li><li>1: Absolute encoder</li><li>2: Incremental encoder</li></ul>
EncoderResolutionBits	INPUT	INT	Number of bits corresponding to one encoder revolution. Default: 20
FactorPosition	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the position of user units [u] into drive units [increments] and back. It's valid: $p_{[increments]} = p_{[u]} \times FactorPosition$ Please consider the factor which can be specified on the drive via the objects 0x2701: 1 and 0x2701: 2. This should be 1.
Velocity Factor	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the speed of user units [u/s] into drive units [increments/s] and back. It's valid: $v_{[increments/s]} = v_{[u/s]} \times FactorVelocity$ Please also take into account the factor which you can specify on the drive via objects 0x2702: 1 and 0x2702: 2. This should be 1.
FactorAcceleration	INPUT	REAL	Factor to convert the acceleration of user units $[u/s^2]$ in drive units $[10^{-4} \text{ x increments/s}^2]$ and back. It's valid: $10^{-4} \text{ x a}_{[increments/s^2]} = a_{[u/s^2]} \text{ x } FactorAcceleration$ Please also take into account the factor which you can specify on the drive via objects $0x2703$ : 1 and $0x2703$ : 2. This should be 1.
OffsetPosition	INPUT	REAL	Offset for the zero position [u].
MaxVelocityApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum application speed [u/s].  The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
MaxAccelerationApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum acceleration of application [u/s²]. The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
MaxDecelerationApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum application delay [u/s²].  The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
MaxPosition	INPUT	REAL	Maximum position for monitoring the software limits [u].
MinPosition	INPUT	REAL	Minimum position for monitoring the software limits [u].
EnableMaxPosition	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Monitoring maximum position</li><li>TRUE: Activates the monitoring of the maximum position.</li></ul>
EnableMinPosition	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Monitoring minimum position</li><li>TRUE: Activation of the monitoring of the minimum position.</li></ul>
MinUserPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Minimum user position based on the minimum encoder value of 0x80000000 and the <i>FactorPosition</i> [u].

Drive specific blocks > FB 873 - VMC\_InitSigma7S\_EC - Sigma-7S EtherCAT Initialization

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
MaxUserPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Maximum user position based on the maximum encoder value of 0x7FFFFFFF and the <i>FactorPosition</i> [u].
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	Initialization  TRUE: Initialization is valid.
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Error</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>. The axis is disabled.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  Street Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

Set the parameters on the drive

## 5 Usage Sigma-7W EtherCAT

#### 5.1 Overview

Usage of the single-axis drive ♥ Chapter 4 'Usage Sigma-7S EtherCAT' on page 46

#### Precondition

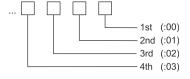
- SPEED7 Studio from V1.6.1
- Siemens SIMATIC Manager from V 5.5, SP2 & SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager & Simple Motion Control Library
- CPU with EtherCAT master, e.g. CPU 015-CEFNR00
- Sigma-7W Double-axis drive with EtherCAT option card

#### Steps of configuration

- 1. Set the parameters on the drive
  - The setting of the parameters happens by means of the software tool Sigma Win+.
- 2. Hardware configuration in VIPA SPEED7 Studio or Siemens SIMATIC Manager
  - Configuring a CPU with EtherCAT master functionality
  - Configuration of the Sigma-7W EtherCAT double axes.
  - Configuring the EtherCAT connection via SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager
- 3. Programming in VIPA SPEED7 Studio or Siemens SIMATIC Manager
  - Init block for the configuration of the double axes.
  - Kernel block for communication with one axis each.
  - Connecting the blocks for motion sequences.

## 5.2 Set the parameters on the drive

#### Parameter digits





#### **CAUTION!**

Before the commissioning, you have to adapt your drive to your application with the *Sigma Win+* software tool! More may be found in the manual of your drive.

The following parameters must be set via Sigma Win+ to match the Simple Motion Control Library:

Axis 1 - Module 1 (24bit encoder)

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
Pn205	(2205h)	Multiturn Limit Setting	65535
Pn20E	(220Eh)	ElectronicGear Ratio (Numerator)	16
Pn210	(2210h)	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	1
PnB02	(2701h:01)	Position User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB04	(2701h:02)	Position User Unit (Denominator)	1
PnB06	(2702h:01)	Velocity User Unit (Numerator)	1

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
PnB08	(2702h:02)	Velocity User Unit (Denominator)	1
PnB0A	(2703h:01)	Acceleration User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB0C	(2703h:02)	Acceleration User Unit (Denominator)	1

#### Achse 2 - Module 2 (24Bit Encoder)

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
Pn205	(2A05h)	Multiturn Limit Setting	65535
Pn20E	(2A0Eh)	ElectronicGear Ratio (Numerator)	16
Pn210	(2A10h)	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)	1
PnB02	(2F01h:01)	Position User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB04	(2F01h:02)	Position User Unit (Denominator)	1
PnB06	(2F02h:01)	Velocity User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB08	(2F02h:02)	Velocity User Unit (Denominator)	1
PnB0A	(2F03h:01)	Acceleration User Unit (Numerator)	1
PnB0C	(2F03h:02)	Acceleration User Unit (Denominator)	1

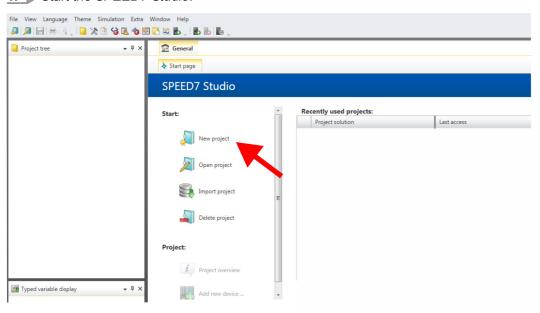
## 5.3 Usage in VIPA SPEED7 Studio

### 5.3.1 Hardware configuration

Add CPU in the project

Please use for configuration the SPEED7 Studio V1.6.1 and up.

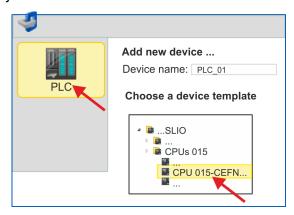
1. Start the SPEED7 Studio.



- **2.** Create a new project at the start page with 'New project'.
  - ⇒ A new project is created and the view 'Devices and networking' is shown.

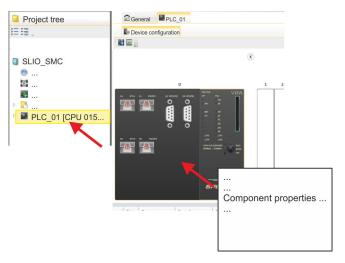


3. Click in the Project tree at 'Add new device ...'.



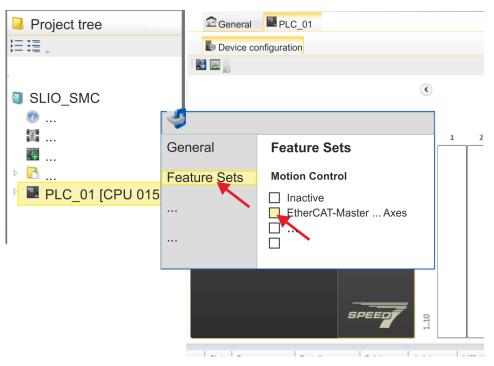
- ⇒ A dialog for device selection opens.
- Select from the 'Device templates' a CPU with EtherCAT master functions such as CPU 015-CEFNR00 and click at [OK].
  - ⇒ The CPU is inserted in 'Devices and networking' and the 'Device configuration' is opened.

# Activate motion control functions



- 1. Click at the CPU in the 'Device configuration' and select 'Context menu

  → Components properties'.
  - ⇒ The properties dialog of the CPU is opened.



- 2. Click at 'Feature Sets' and activate at 'Motion Control' the parameter 'EtherCAT-Master... Axes'. The number of axes is not relevant in this example.
- 3. Confirm your input with [OK].
  - ⇒ The motion control functions are now available in your project.

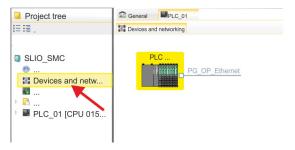


#### **CAUTION!**

Please note due to the system, with every change to the feature set settings, the EtherCAT field bus system and its motion control configuration will be deleted from your project!

# Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel

- **1.** Click in the *Project tree* at 'Devices and networking'.
  - ⇒ You will get a graphical object view of your CPU.



- 2. Click at the network 'PG\_OP\_Ethernet'.
- 3. ▶ Select 'Context menu → Interface properties'.
  - ⇒ A dialog window opens. Here you can enter the IP address data for your Ethernet PG/OP channel. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.

#### 4. Confirm with [OK].

⇒ The IP address data are stored in your project listed in 'Devices and networking' at 'Local components'.

After transferring your project your CPU can be accessed via Ethernet PG/OP channel with the set IP address data.

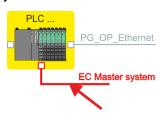
#### Installing the ESI file

For the Sigma-7 EtherCAT drive can be configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, the corresponding ESI file must be installed. Usually, the SPEED7 Studio is delivered with current ESI files and you can skip this part. If your ESI file is not up-to date, you will find the latest ESI file for the Sigma-7 EtherCAT drive under <a href="https://www.yaskawa.eu.com">www.yaskawa.eu.com</a> at 'Service Drives & Motion Software'.

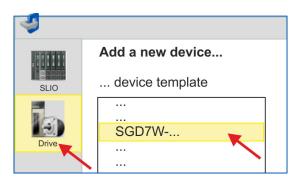
- **1.** Download the according ESI file for your drive. Unzip this if necessary.
- 2. Navigate to your SPEED7 Studio.
- 3. Open the corresponding dialog window by clicking on 'Extra → Install device description (EtherCAT ESI)'.
- 4. Under 'Source path', specify the ESI file and install it with [Install].
  - ⇒ The devices of the ESI file are now available.

#### Sigma-7W add a doubleaxis drive

- 1. Click in the Project tree at 'Devices and networking'.
- 2. ▶ Click here at 'EC-Mastersystem' and select 'Context menu → Add new device'.



⇒ The device template for selecting an EtherCAT device opens.



- **3.** Select your *Sigma-7W* double-axis drive:
  - SGD7W-xxxxA0 ...

Confirm your input with [OK]. If your drive does not exist, you must install the corresponding ESI file as described above.



⇒ The Sigma-7W double-axis drive is connected to your EC master system.

## Configure Sigma-7W double-axis drive



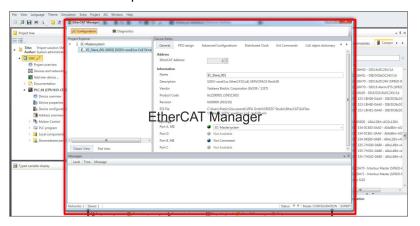
- 1. Click here at 'EC-Mastersystem' and select 'Context menu
  - → Bus system properties (expert)'.



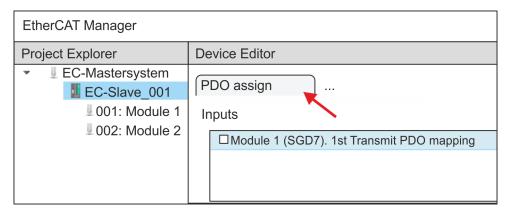
You can only edit PDOs in 'Expert mode'! Otherwise, the buttons are hidden.

⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager opens. Here you can configure the EtherCAT communication to your Sigma-7W double-axis drive.

More information about the usage of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager may be found in the online help of the SPEED7 Studio.



2. Click on the slave in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'PDO assign' tab in the 'Device editor'.

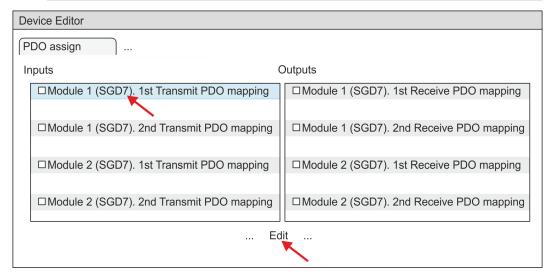


⇒ This dialogue shows a list of the PDOs for 'Module 1' (axis 1) and 'Module 2' (axis 2).

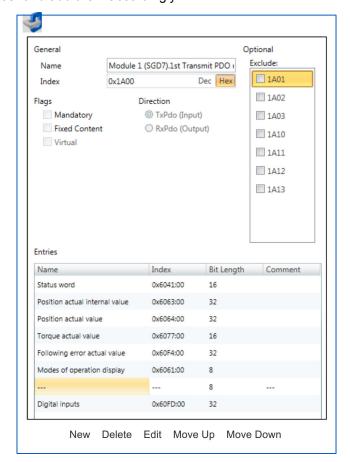
3. By selecting the appropriate mapping, you can edit the PDOs with [Edit]. Select the mapping 'Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping' and click at [Edit].



Please note that some PDOs can not be edited because of the default settings. By de-activating already activated PDOs, you can release the processing of locked PDOs.



⇒ The dialog 'Edit PDO' is opened. Please check the PDO settings listed here and adjust them if necessary. Please also take into account the order of the 'Entries' and add them accordingly.



The following functions are available for editing the 'Entries':

- New
  - Here you can create a new entry in a dialog by selecting the corresponding entry from the 'CoE object dictionary' and making your settings. The entry is accepted with [OK] and is listed in the list of entries.
- Delete
  - This allows you to delete a selected entry.
- Edit
  - This allows you to edit the general data of an entry.
- Move Up/Down
  - This allows you to move the selected entry up or down in the list.

## **4.** Perform the following settings for the Transmit PDOs:

## **Inputs: 1st Transmit PDO**

Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping	Module 2 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping	
Name: Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping	Name: Module 2 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping	
Index: 0x1A00	Index: 0x1A10	
Flags: Everything de-activated		
Direction TxPdo (Input): activated		
Exclude: 1A01: de-activated	1A11: de-activated	
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!		

Entries	Module 1 (axis 1)	Module 2 (axis 2)	Bit length
Name	Index	Index	
Status word	0x6041:00	0x6841: 00	16bit
Position actual internal value	0x6063:00	0x6863:00	32bit
Position actual value	0x6064:00	0x6864:00	32bit
Torque actual value	0x6077:00	0x6877:00	16bit
Following error actual value	0x60F4:00	0x68F4:00	32bit
Modes of operation display	0x6061:00	0x6861:00	8bit
			8bit
Digital inputs	0x60FD:00	0x68FD:00	32bit

## Inputs: 2nd Transmit PDO

Module 1 (SGD7). 2nd Transmit PDO mapping	Module 2 (SGD7). 2nd Transmit PDO mapping	
Name: Module 1 (SGD7). 2nd Transmit PDO mapping	Name: Module 2 (SGD7). 2nd Transmit PDO mapping	
Index: 0x1A01	Index: 0x1A11	
Flags: Everything de-activated		
Direction TxPdo (Input): activated		
Exclude: 1A00, 1A02, 1A03: de-activated	1A10, 1A12, 1A13: de-activated	
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!		

Entries	Module 1 (axis 1)	Module 2 (axis 2)	Bit length
Name	Index	Index	
Touch probe status	0x60B9:00	0x68B9:00	16bit
Touch probe 1 position value	0x60BA:00	0x68BA:00	32bit
Touch probe 2 position value	0x60BC:00	0x68BC:00	32bit
Velocity actual value	0x606C:00	0x686C:00	32bit

## **5.** Perform the following settings for the Receive PDOs:

## **Outputs: 1st Receive PDO**

Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Receive PDO	Module 2 (SGD7). 1st Receive PDO		
Name: Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Receive PDO mapping	Name: Module 2 (SGD7). 1st Receive PDO mapping		
Index: 0x1600	Index: 0x1610		
Flags: Everything de-activated			
Direction RxPdo (Output): activated			
Exclude: 1601, 1602, 1603: de-activated	1611, 1612, 1613: de-activated		
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!			

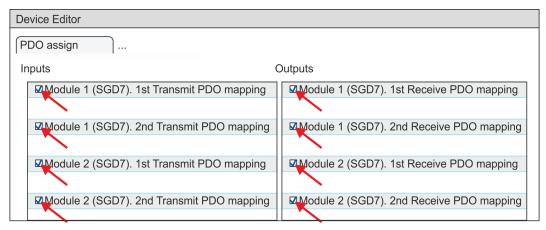
Entries	Module 1 (axis 1)	Module 2 (axis 2)	Bit length
Name	Index	Index	
Control word	0x6040:00	0x6840: 00	16bit
Target position	0x607A:00	0x687A: 00	32bit
Target velocity	0x60FF:00	0x68FF: 00	32bit
Modes of operation	0x6060:00	0x6860: 00	8bit
			8bit
Touch probe function	0x60B8:00	0x68B8: 00	16bit

## **Outputs: 2nd Receive PDO**

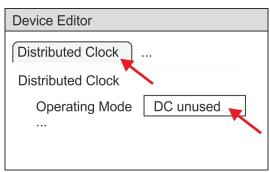
Module 1 (SGD7). 2nd Receive PDO	Module 2 (SGD7). 2nd Receive PDO		
Name: Module 1 (SGD7). 2nd Receive PDO mapping	Name: Module 2 (SGD7). 2nd Receive PDO mapping		
Index: 0x1601	Index: 0x1611		
Flags: Everything de-activated			
Direction RxPdo (Output): activated			
Exclude: 1600, 1602, 1603: de-activated 1610, 1612, 1613: de-activated			
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!			

Entries	Module 1 (axis 1)	Module 2 (axis 2)	Bit length
Name	Index	Index	
Profile velocity	0x6081:00	0x6881: 00	32bit
Profile acceleration	0x6083:00	0x6883: 00	32bit
Profile deceleration	0x6084:00	0x6884: 00	32bit

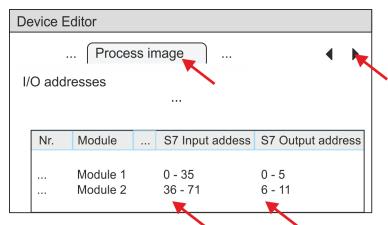
For 'Module 1' and 'Module 2' in PDO assignment, activate the PDOs 1 and 2 for the inputs and outputs. All subsequent PDOs must remain de-activated. If this is not possible, please check the respective PDO parameter 'Exclude'.



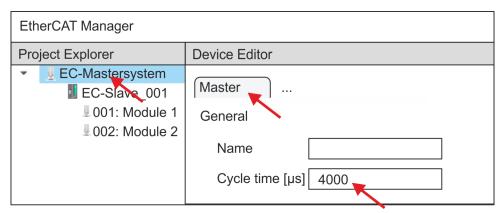
In the 'Device Editor' of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, select the 'Distributed clocks' tab and set 'DC unused' as 'Operating mode'.



- Select the *'Process image'* tab in the *'device editor'* using the arrow key and note the following PDO start addresses for the parameters of the block FB 874 VMC InitSigma7W EC:
  - Module 1: 'S7 Input address' → 'M1\_PdoInputs' (here 0)
  - Module 2: 'S7 Input address' → 'M2\_PdoInputs' (here 36)
  - Module 1: 'S7 Output address' → 'M1\_PdoOutputs' (here 0)
  - Module 2: 'S7 Output address' → 'M2\_PdoOutputs' (here 36)



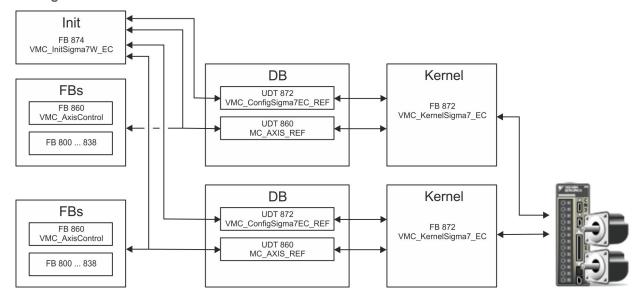
**9.** Click on 'EC-Mastersystem' in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'Master' tab in the 'Device editor'.



- ⇒ Set a cycle time of at least 4ms for Sigma-7W (400V) drives.
- **10.** By closing the dialog of the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager* with [X] the configuration is taken to the *SPEED7 Studio*.

### 5.3.2 User program

#### 5.3.2.1 Program structure



#### DB

A data block (axis DB) for configuration and status data must be created for each axis of a drive. The data block consists of the following data structures:

- UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF
   The data structure describes the structure of the configuration of the drive.
   Specific data structure for Sigma-7 EtherCAT.
- UDT 860 MC AXIS REF

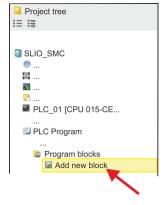
The data structure describes the structure of the parameters and status information of drives.

General data structure for all drives and bus systems.

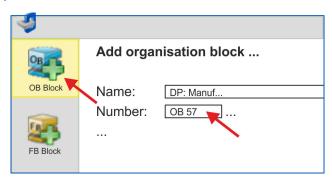
- FB 874 VMC InitSigma7W EC
  - The Init block is used to configure the double-axis drive.
  - Specific block for Sigma-7W EtherCAT.
  - The configuration data for the initialization must be stored in the axis DB.
- FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC
  - The Kernel block communicates with the drive via the appropriate bus system, processes the user requests and returns status messages.
  - The FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC must be called for each axis.
  - Specific block for Sigma-7 EtherCAT.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
- FB 860 VMC AxisControl
  - General block for all drives and bus systems.
  - The FB 860 VMC AxisControl must be called for each axis.
  - Supports simple motion commands and returns all relevant status messages.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
  - For motion control and status query, via the instance data of the block you can link a visualization.
  - In addition to the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl, PLCopen blocks can be used.
- FB 800 ... FB 838 PLCopen
  - The PLCopen blocks are used to program motion sequences and status queries.
  - The PLCopen blocks must be called for each axis.

#### 5.3.2.2 Programming

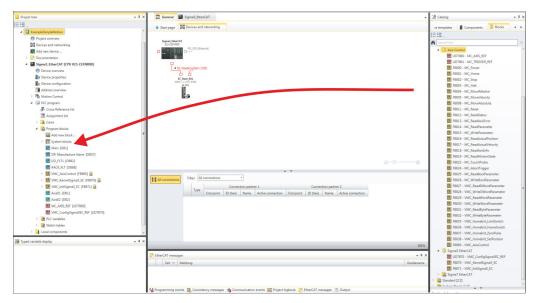
#### Copy blocks into project



1. Click in the *Project tree* within the CPU at 'PLC program', 'Program blocks' at 'Add New block'.



- ⇒ The dialog 'Add block' is opened.
- Select the block type 'OB block' and add one after the other OB 57, OB 82 and OB 86 to your project.



- In the 'Catalog', open the 'Simple Motion Control' library at 'Blocks' and drag and drop the following blocks into 'Program blocks' of the Project tree:
  - Sigma-7 EtherCAT:
    - UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF
    - FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC
    - FB 874 VMC\_InitSigma7W\_EC
  - Axis Control
    - UDT 860 MC AXIS REF
    - Blocks for your movement sequences

## Create axis DB for 'Module 1'

- Add a new DB as your axis DB to your project. Click in the Project tree within the CPU at 'PLC program', 'Program blocks' at 'Add New block', select the block type 'DB block' and assign the name "Axis01" to it. The DB number can freely be selected such as DB 10.
  - ⇒ The block is created and opened.
- In "Axis01", create the variable "Config" of type UDT 872. These are specific axis configuration data.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Axis" of type UDT 860. During operation, all operating data of the axis are stored here.

Axis01 [DB10]
Data block structure

Ad	ddr	Name	Data type	
		Config	UDT	[872]
		Axis	UDT	[860]

# Create axis DB for 'Module 2'

- Add another DB as your *axis DB* to your project and assign it the name "Axis02". The DB number can freely be selected such as DB 11.
  - ⇒ The block is created and opened.

- In "Axis02", create the variable "Config" of type UDT 872. These are specific axis configuration data.
  - In "Axis02", create the variable "Axis" of type UDT 860. During operation, all operating data of the axis are stored here.

Axis02 [DB11]
Data block structure

Addr	Name	Data typ	e
	Config	UDT	[872]
	Axis	UDT	[860]

#### **OB 1**

## Configuration of the double-axis

Open OB 1 and program the following FB calls with associated DBs:

FB 874 - VMC\_InitSigma7W\_EC, DB 874 Chapter 5.5.3 'FB 874 - VMC\_Init-Sigma7W\_EC - Sigma-7W EtherCAT Initialization' on page 123

At *M1/M2\_PdoInputs* respectively *M1/M2\_PdoOutputs*, enter the address from the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager* for the according axis. § 96

```
⇒ CALL

        "VMC InitSigma7W EC" , "DI_InitSgm7WETC01"
  Enable
                          :=TRUE
  LogicalAddress
                          :=0
  M1 PdoInputs
                          :=0 (EtherCAT-Manager
                               Module1: S7 Input address)
  M1 PdoOutputs
                          :=0 (EtherCAT-Manager
                               Module1: S7 Output address)
  M1 EncoderType
                          =2
  M1 EncoderResolutionBits :=20
                          :=1.048576e+006
  M1 FactorPosition
  M1 FactorVelocity
                         :=1.048576e+006
  M1 FactorAcceleration :=1.048576e+002
  M1 OffsetPosition
                         :=0.000000e+000
  M1 MaxVelocityApp
                         :=5.000000e+001
  M1 MaxAccelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  M1_MaxDecelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  M1 MaxVelocityDrive
                        :=6.000000e+001
  M1 MaxAccelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  M1 MaxDecelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  M1 MaxPosition
                         :=1.048500e+003
                         :=-1.048514e+003
  M1 MinPosition
                         :=TRUE
  M1 EnableMaxPosition
  M1 EnableMinPosition
                          :=TRUE
  M2 PdoInputs
                          :=36 (EtherCAT-Manager
                               Module2: S7 Input address)
  M2 PdoOutputs
                          :=36 (EtherCAT-Manager
                               Module2: S7 Output address)
  M2 EncoderType
                          :=2
  M2 EncoderResolutionBits :=20
  M2 FactorPosition :=1.048576e+006
  M2 FactorVelocity
                         :=1.048576e+006
  M2 FactorAcceleration :=1.048576e+002
  M2 OffsetPosition
                         :=0.000000e+000
  M2 MaxVelocityApp
                         :=5.000000e+001
  M2 MaxAccelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  M2 MaxDecelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  M2 MaxVelocityDrive
                         :=6.000000e+001
  M2 MaxAccelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  M2 MaxDecelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  M2 MaxPosition
                         :=1.048500e+003
  M2 MinPosition
                         :=-1.048514e+003
  M2_EnableMaxPosition :=TRUE
  M2 EnableMinPosition
                         :=TRUE
  M1 MinUserPosition
                          :=-1000.0
  M1 MaxUserPosition
                          :=1000.0
  M2 MinUserPosition
                          :=-1000.0
  M2 MaxUserPosition
                          :=1000.0
  Valid
                          :="InitS7WEC1 Valid"
  Error
                          :="InitS7WEC1 Error"
```

# Connecting the kernel for the respective axis

The *Kernel* processes the user commands and passes them appropriately processed on to the drive via the respective bus system.

```
FB 872 - VMC_KernelSigma7_EC, DB 872 for axis 1
FB 872 - VMC_KernelSigma7_EC, DB 1872 for axis 2 & Chapter 5.5.2 'FB 872 - VMC_KernelSigma7_EC - Sigma-7 EtherCAT Kernel' on page 123
```

```
CALL "VMC_KernelSigma7_EC", DB 872
Init :="KernelS7WEC1_Init"
Config:="Axis01".Config
Axis :="Axis01".Axis

CALL "VMC_KernelSigma7_EC", DB 1872
Init :="KernelS7WEC2_Init"
Config:="Axis02".Config
Axis :="Axis02".Axis
```

# Connecting the block for motion sequences

For simplicity, the connection of the FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl is to be shown here. This universal block supports simple motion commands and returns status messages. The inputs and outputs can be individually connected. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at 'Axis' in the axis DB.

FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl, DB 860 & Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control' on page 169

```
CALL "VMC AxisControl" , "DI AxisControl01"
 AxisEnable :="AxCtrll_AxisEnable"
AxisReset :="AxCtrll_AxisReset"
HomeExecute :="AxCtrll_HomeExecute"
 HomePosition :="AxCtrl1_HomePosition"
StopExecute :="AxCtrl1_StopExecute"
 MvVelocityExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvVelExecute"
 MvRelativeExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvRelExecute"
  MvAbsoluteExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvAbsExecute"
  PositionDistance := "AxCtrl1 PositionDistance"
 Velocity :="AxCtrl1_Velocity"

Acceleration :="AxCtrl1_Acceleration"

Deceleration :="AxCtrl1_Deceleration"

JogPositive :="AxCtrl1_JogPositive"

JogNegative :="AxCtrl1_JogNegative"

JogVelocity :="AxCtrl1_JogVelocity"
  JogAcceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogAcceleration"
  JogDeceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogDeceleration"
JogDeceleration
AxisReady
AxisEnabled
AxisError
AxisErrorID
DriveWarning
DriveError
DriveErrorID
IsHomed
ModeOfOperation
PLCopenState
ActualPosition
ActualVelocity
CmdDone
CmdBusy

:="AxCtrl1_ JogDeceleration"
:="AxCtrl1_ AxisEnabled"
:="AxCtrl1_ AxisError"
:="AxCtrl1_ AxisErrorID"
:="AxCtrl1_ DriveWarning"
:="AxCtrl1_ DriveErrorID"
:="AxCtrl1_ DriveErrorID"
:="AxCtrl1_ DriveErrorID"
:="AxCtrl1_ IsHomed"
:="AxCtrl1_ IsHomed"
:="AxCtrl1_ ActualPosition"
:="AxCtrl1_ ActualPosition"
:="AxCtrl1_ ActualVelocity"
:="AxCtrl1_ CmdDone"
:="AxCtrl1_ CmdBusy"
 CmdDone :="AxCtrl1_CmdDone"
CmdBusy :="AxCtrl1_CmdBusy"
CmdAborted :="AxCtrl1_CmdAborted"
CmdError :="AxCtrl1_CmdError"
CmdErrorID :="AxCtrl1_CmdErrorID"
  DirectionPositive:="AxCtrl1 DirectionPos"
  DirectionNegative:="AxCtrl1 DirectionNeg"
  SWLimitMinActive := "AxCtrl1 SWLimitMinActive"
  SWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrl1 SWLimitMaxActive"
  HWLimitMinActive :="AxCtrl1 HWLimitMinActive"
  HWLimitMaxActive := "AxCtrl1 HWLimitMaxActive"
                                      :="Axis...".Axis
```

At Axis, enter "Axis01" for axis 1 and "Axis02" for axis 2.



For complex motion tasks, you can use the PLCopen blocks. Here you must also specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at Axis in the axis DB.

Your project now includes the following blocks:

- OB 1 Main
- OB 57 DP Manufacturer Alarm
- OB 82 I/O FLT1
- OB 86 Rack FLT

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Precondition

- FB 860 VMC AxisControl with instance DB
- FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC with instance DB
- FB 874 VMC InitSigma7W EC with instance DB
- UDT 860 MC Axis REF
- UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF

#### Sequence of operations

- Select 'Project → Compile all' and transfer the project into your CPU. You can find more information on the transfer of your project in the online help of the SPEED7 Studio.
  - ⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



#### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- Before the double-axis drive can be controlled, it must be initialized. To do this, call the *Init* block FB 874 VMC\_InitSigma7W\_EC with *Enable* = TRUE.
  - ⇒ The output *Valid* returns TRUE. In the event of a fault, you can determine the error by evaluating the *ErrorID*.

You have to call the *Init* block again if you load a new axis DB or you have changed parameters on the *Init* block.



Do not continue until the Init block does not report any errors!

- **3.** Ensure that the *Kernel* block FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC is called cyclically for each axis. In this way, control signals are transmitted to the drive and status messages are reported.
- 4. Program your application with the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl or with the PLCopen blocks for each axis.

## Controlling the drive via HMI

There is the possibility to control your drive via HMI. For this, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl function block. § Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146

## 5.4 Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager

#### 5.4.1 Precondition

#### Overview

- Please use for configuration the Siemens SIMATIC Manager V 5.5 SP2 and up.
- The configuration of the System SLIO CPU happens in the Siemens SIMATIC Manager by means of a virtual PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU'. The 'VIPA SLIO CPU' is to be installed in the hardware catalog by means of the GSDML.
- The configuration of the EtherCAT masters happens in the Siemens SIMATIC Manager by means of a virtual PROFINET IO device 'EtherCAT network'. The 'EtherCAT network' is to be installed in the hardware catalog by means of the GSDML.
- The 'EtherCAT network' can be configured with the VIPA Tool SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- For the configuration of the drive in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager the installation of the according ESI file is necessary.

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Precondition

# Installing the IO device 'VIPA SLIO System'

The installation of the PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU' happens in the hardware catalog with the following approach:

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- 2. Download the configuration file for your CPU from the download area via 'Config files → PROFINET'.
- **3.** Extract the file into your working directory.
- 4. Start the Siemens hardware configurator.
- **5.** Close all the projects.
- 6. ▶ Select 'Options → Install new GSD file'.
- 7. Navigate to your working directory and install the according GSDML file.
  - ⇒ After the installation the according PROFINET IO device can be found at 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA SLIO System'.

# Installing the IO device EtherCAT network

The installation of the PROFINET IO devices 'EtherCAT Network' happens in the hardware catalog with the following approach:

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com
- 2. ▶ Load from the download area at 'Config files → EtherCAT' the GSDML file for your EtherCAT master.
- 3. Extract the files into your working directory.
- 4. Start the Siemens hardware configurator.
- **5.** Close all the projects.
- 6. ▶ Select 'Options → Install new GSD file'.
- 7. Navigate to your working directory and install the according GSDML file.
  - After the installation the 'EtherCAT Network' can be found at 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA VIPA EtherCAT System'.

# Installing the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager

The configuration of the PROFINET IO device *'EtherCAT Network'* happens by means of the *SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager* from VIPA. This may be found in the service area of www.vipa.com at *'Service/Support → Downloads → SPEED7'*.

The installation happens with the following proceeding:

- 1. Close the Siemens SIMATIC Manager.
- **2.** Go to the service area of www.vipa.com
- 3. Load the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and unzip it on your PC.
- **4.** For installation start the file EtherCATManager\_v... .exe.
- **5.** Select the language for the installation.
- 6. Accept the licensing agreement.
- 7. Select the installation directory and start the installation.
- **8.** After installation you have to reboot your PC.
  - ⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager is installed and can now be called via the context menu of the Siemens SIMATIC Manager.

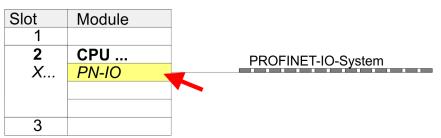
#### 5.4.2 Hardware configuration

# Configuring the CPU in the project

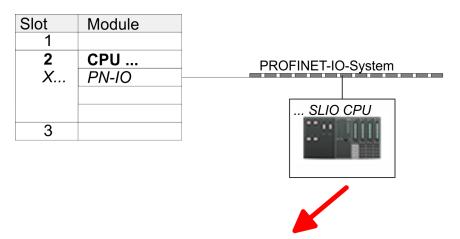
Slot	Module
1	
2	CPU 315-2 PN/DP
X1	MPI/DP
X2	PN-IO
X2	Port 1
X2	Port 2
3	

To be compatible with the Siemens SIMATIC Manager the following steps should be executed:

- 1. Start the Siemens hardware configurator with a new project.
- **2.** Insert a profile rail from the hardware catalog.
- 3. Place at 'Slot' number 2 the CPU 315-2 PN/DP (315-2EH14 V3.2).
- **4.** The integrated PROFIBUS DP master (jack X3) is to be configured and connected via the sub module 'X1 MPI/DP'.
- **5.** The integrated EtherCAT master is to be configured via the sub module *'X2 PN-IO'* as a virtual PROFINET network.
- **6.** Click at the sub module 'PN-IO' of the CPU.
- 7. ▶ Select 'Context menu → Insert PROFINET IO System'.



- 8. Create with [New] a new sub net and assign valid address data
- 9. Click at the sub module 'PN-IO' of the CPU and open with 'Context menu → Properties' the properties dialog.
- **10.** Enter at *'General'* a *'Device name'*. The device name must be unique at the Ethernet subnet.



Slot	Module	Order number	
0	SLIO CPU	015	
X2	015		
1			
2			
3			

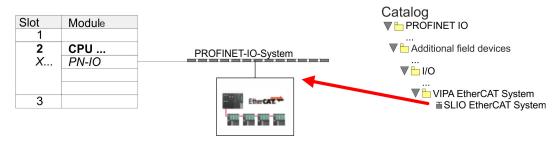
- Navigate in the hardware catalog to the directory 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA SLIO System' and connect the IO device '015-CFFNR00 CPU' to your PROFINET system.
  - ⇒ In the Device overview of the PROFINET IO device 'VIPA SLIO CPU' the CPU is already placed at slot 0. From slot 1 you can place your System SLIO modules.

# Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel

Slot	Module	
1		
<b>2</b> X	CPU	
X	PN-IO	
3		
4	343-1EX30	
5		

- Place for the Ethernet PG/OP channel at slot 4 the Siemens CP 343-1 (SIMATIC 300 \ CP 300 \ Industrial Ethernet \CP 343-1 \ 6GK7 343-1EX30 0XE0 V3.0).
- Open the properties dialog by clicking on the CP 343-1EX30 and enter for the CP at 'Properties' the IP address data. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.
- 3. Assign the CP to a 'Subnet'. The IP address data are not accepted without assignment!

#### Insert 'EtherCAT network'



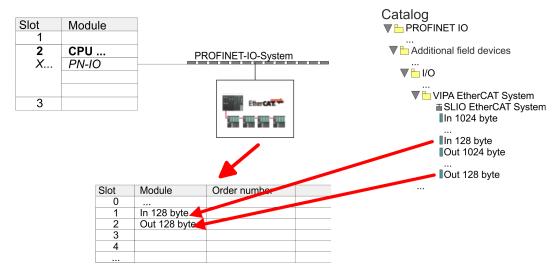
1. Navigate in the hardware catalog to the directory 'PROFINET IO

→ Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA EtherCAT System' and connect the IO
device 'SLIO EtherCAT System' to your PROFINET system.

2. Click at the inserted IO device 'EtherCAT Network' and define the areas for in and output by drag and dropping the according 'Out' or 'In' area to a slot.

Create the following areas:

- In 128byte
- Out 128byte



3. ▶ Select 'Station → Save and compile'

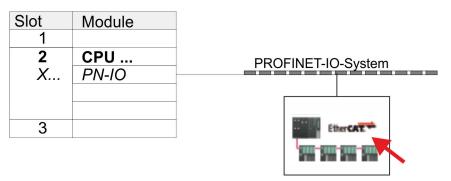
Configure Sigma-7W EtherCAT double-axis drive

The double-axis drive is configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.



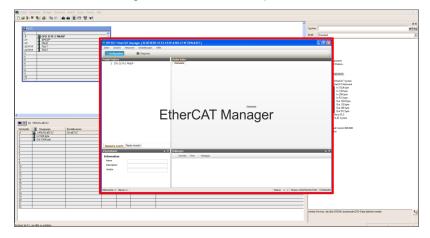
Before calling the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager you have always to save your project with 'Station 

Save and compile'.

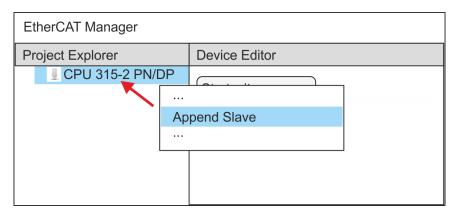


- 1. ► Click at an inserted IO device 'EtherCAT Network' and select 'Context menu → Start Device-Tool → SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager'.
  - ⇒ The SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager opens. Here you can configure the EtherCAT communication to your Sigma-7W EtherCAT double-axis drive.

More information about the usage of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager may be found in the according manual or online help.



- 3. ► For the Sigma-7W EtherCAT drive to be configured in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, the corresponding ESI file must be installed. The ESI file for the Sigma-7W EtherCAT double-axis drive can be found under <a href="https://www.yaskawa.eu.com">www.yaskawa.eu.com</a> at 'Service → Drives & Motion Software'. Download the according ESI file for your drive. Unzip this if necessary.
- **4.** Open in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager via 'File → ESI Manager' the dialogue window 'ESI Manager'.
- **5.** In the 'ESI Manager' click at [Add File] and select your ESI file. With [Open], the ESI file is installed in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- **6.** ▶ Close the 'ESI Manager'.
  - ⇒ Your Sigma-7W EtherCAT double-axis drive is now available for configuration.

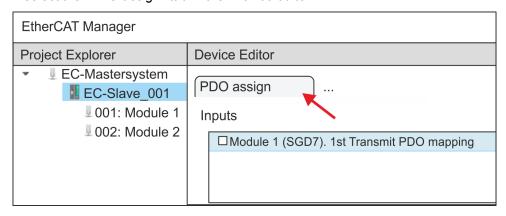


- 7. ▶ In the EtherCAT Manager, click on your CPU and open via 'Context menu → Append Slave' the dialog box for adding an EtherCAT slave.
  - ⇒ The dialog window for selecting an EtherCAT slave is opened.
- **8.** Select your *Sigma-7W* EtherCAT double-axis drive and confirm your selection with [OK].
  - ⇒ The Sigma-7W EtherCAT double-axis drive is connected to the master and can now be configured.
- 9.

You can only edit PDOs in 'Expert mode'! Otherwise, the buttons are hidden. By activating the 'Expert mode' you can switch to advanced setting.

By activating 'View -> Expert' you can switch to the Expert mode.

10. Click on the Sigma-7W EtherCAT Slave in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'PDO assign' tab in the 'Device editor'.

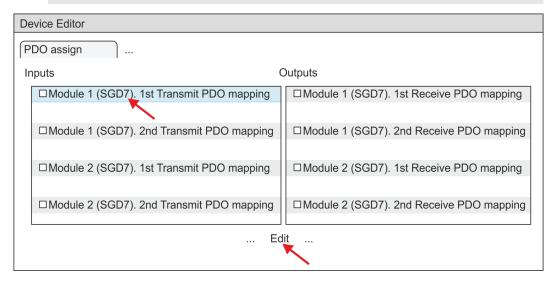


⇒ This dialogue shows a list of the PDOs.

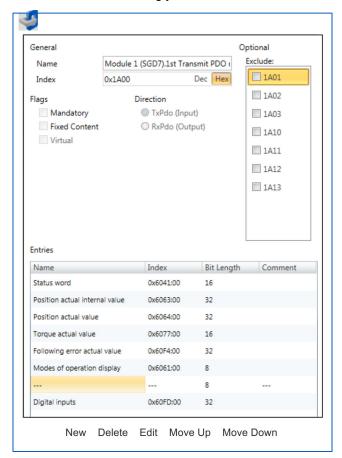
By selecting the appropriate mapping, you can edit the PDOs with [Edit]. Select the mapping 'Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping' and click at [Edit].



Please note that some PDOs can not be edited because of the default settings. By de-activating already activated PDOs, you can release the processing of locked PDOs.



⇒ The dialog 'Edit PDO' is opened. Please check the PDO settings listed here and adjust them if necessary. Please also take into account the order of the 'Entries' and add them accordingly.



The following functions are available for editing the 'Entries':

- New
  - Here you can create a new entry in a dialog by selecting the corresponding entry from the 'CoE object dictionary' and making your settings. The entry is accepted with [OK] and is listed in the list of entries.
- Delete
  - This allows you to delete a selected entry.
- Edit
  - This allows you to edit the general data of an entry.
- Move Up/Down
  - This allows you to move the selected entry up or down in the list.

### **12.** Perform the following settings for the Transmit PDOs:

#### **Inputs: 1st Transmit PDO**

Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping	Module 2 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping		
Name: Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping	Name: Module 2 (SGD7). 1st Transmit PDO mapping		
Index: 0x1A00	Index: 0x1A10		
Flags: Everything de-activated			
Direction TxPdo (Input): activated			
Exclude: 1A01: de-activated	1A11: de-activated		
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!			

**Entries** Module 1 (axis 1) Module 2 (axis 2) Bit length Name Index Index Status word 0x6041:00 0x6841: 00 16bit Position actual internal 0x6063:00 0x6863:00 32bit value Position actual value 32bit 0x6064:00 0x6864:00 0x6077:00 0x6877:00 16bit Torque actual value 0x60F4:00 0x68F4:00 32bit Following error actual value Modes of operation display 0x6061:00 0x6861:00 8bit 8bit Digital inputs 0x60FD:00 0x68FD:00 32bit

### **Inputs: 2nd Transmit PDO**

Module 1 (SGD7). 2nd Transmit PDO mapping	Module 2 (SGD7). 2nd Transmit PDO mapping		
Name: Module 1 (SGD7). 2nd Transmit PDO mapping	Name: Module 2 (SGD7). 2nd Transmit PDO mapping		
Index: 0x1A01	Index: 0x1A11		
Flags: Everything de-activated			
Direction TxPdo (Input): activated			
Exclude: 1A00, 1A02, 1A03: de-activated	1A10, 1A12, 1A13: de-activated		
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!			

Entries	Module 1 (axis 1)	Module 2 (axis 2)	Bit length
Name	Index	Index	
Touch probe status	0x60B9:00	0x68B9:00	16bit
Touch probe 1 position value	0x60BA:00	0x68BA:00	32bit
Touch probe 2 position value	0x60BC:00	0x68BC:00	32bit
Velocity actual value	0x606C:00	0x686C:00	32bit

## **13.** Perform the following settings for the Receive PDOs:

## **Outputs: 1st Receive PDO**

Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Receive PDO	Module 2 (SGD7). 1st Receive PDO		
Name: Module 1 (SGD7). 1st Receive PDO mapping	Name: Module 2 (SGD7). 1st Receive PDO mapping		
Index: 0x1600	Index: 0x1610		
Flags: Everything de-activated			
Direction RxPdo (Output): activated			
Exclude: 1601, 1602, 1603: de-activated	1611, 1612, 1613: de-activated		
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!			

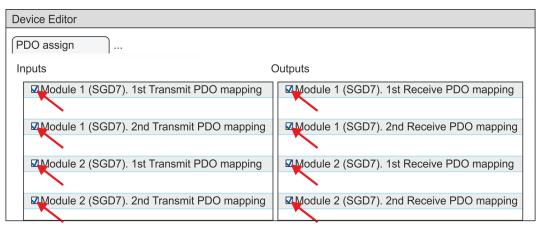
Entries	Module 1 (axis 1)	Module 2 (axis 2)	Bit length
Name	Index	Index	
Control word	0x6040:00	0x6840: 00	16bit
Target position	0x607A:00	0x687A: 00	32bit
Target velocity	0x60FF:00	0x68FF: 00	32bit
Modes of operation	0x6060:00	0x6860:00	8bit
			8bit
Touch probe function	0x60B8:00	0x68B8: 00	16bit

## **Outputs: 2nd Receive PDO**

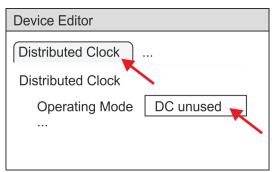
Module 1 (SGD7). 2nd Receive PDO	Module 2 (SGD7). 2nd Receive PDO			
Name: Module 1 (SGD7). 2nd Receive PDO mapping	Name: Module 2 (SGD7). 2nd Receive PDO mapping			
Index: 0x1601	Index: 0x1611			
Flags: Everything de-activated				
Direction RxPdo (Output): activated				
Exclude: 1600, 1602, 1603: de-activated 1610, 1612, 1613: de-activated				
Please note these settings, otherwise the PDO mappings can not be activated at the same time!				

Entries	Module 1 (axis 1)	Module 2 (axis 2)	Bit length
Name	Index	Index	
Profile velocity	0x6081:00	0x6881:00	32bit
Profile acceleration	0x6083:00	0x6883:00	32bit
Profile deceleration	0x6084:00	0x6884:00	32bit

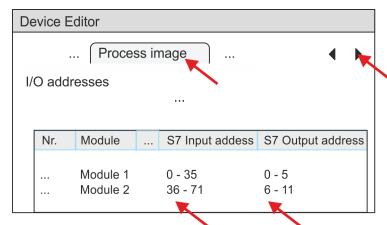
For 'Module 1' and 'Module 2' in PDO assignment, activate the PDOs 1 and 2 for the inputs and outputs. All subsequent PDOs must remain de-activated. If this is not possible, please check the respective PDO parameter 'Exclude'.



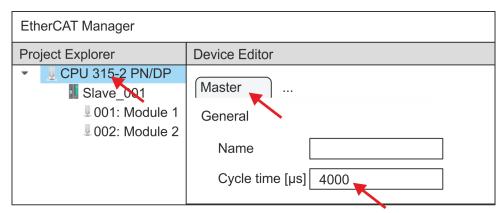
In the 'Device Editor' of the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, select the 'Distributed clocks' tab and set 'DC unused' as 'Operating mode'.



- Select the *'Process image'* tab in the *'device editor'* using the arrow key and note the following PDO start addresses for the parameters of the block FB 874 VMC InitSigma7W EC:
  - Module 1: 'S7 Input address' → 'M1\_PdoInputs' (here 0)
  - Module 2: 'S7 Input address' → 'M2\_PdoInputs' (here 36)
  - Module 1: 'S7 Output address' → 'M1\_PdoOutputs' (here 0)
  - Module 2: 'S7 Output address' → 'M2\_PdoOutputs' (here 36)



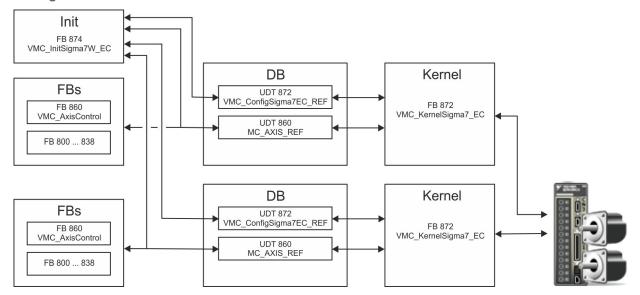
Click on your CPU in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and select the 'Master' tab in the 'Device editor'.



- ⇒ Set a cycle time of at least 4ms for Sigma-7W (400V) drives.
- By closing the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager the EtherCAT configuration is taken to the project. You can always edit your EtherCAT configuration in the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, since the configuration is stored in your project.
- **19.** Save and compile your configuration.

## 5.4.3 User program

#### 5.4.3.1 Program structure



#### DB

A data block (axis DB) for configuration and status data must be created for each axis of a drive. The data block consists of the following data structures:

- UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF
   The data structure describes the structure of the configuration of the drive.
- UDT 860 MC AXIS REF

The data structure describes the structure of the parameters and status information of drives.

General data structure for all drives and bus systems.

Specific data structure for Sigma-7 EtherCAT.

- FB 874 VMC InitSigma7W EC
  - The Init block is used to configure the double-axis drive.
  - Specific block for Sigma-7W EtherCAT.
  - The configuration data for the initialization must be stored in the axis DB.
- FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC
  - The Kernel block communicates with the drive via the appropriate bus system, processes the user requests and returns status messages.
  - The FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7 EC must be called for each axis.
  - Specific block for Sigma-7 EtherCAT.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
- FB 860 VMC AxisControl
  - General block for all drives and bus systems.
  - The FB 860 VMC AxisControl must be called for each axis.
  - Supports simple motion commands and returns all relevant status messages.
  - The exchange of the data takes place by means of the axis DB.
  - For motion control and status query, via the instance data of the block you can link a visualization.
  - In addition to the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl, PLCopen blocks can be used.
- FB 800 ... FB 838 PLCopen
  - The PLCopen blocks are used to program motion sequences and status queries.
  - The PLCopen blocks must be called for each axis.

#### 5.4.3.2 Programming

### Include library

- **1.** Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- 2. Download the Simple Motion Control library from the download area at 'VIPA Lib'.
- Open the dialog window for ZIP file selection via 'File → Retrieve'.
- 4. Select the according ZIP file and click at [Open].
- **5.** Specify a target directory in which the blocks are to be stored and start the unzip process with [OK].

#### Copy blocks into project

- Open the library after unzipping and drag and drop the following blocks into 'Blocks' of your project:
  - *Sigma-7W* EtherCAT:
    - UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF
    - FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC
    - FB 874 VMC InitSigma7W EC
  - Axis Control
    - UDT 860 MC AXIS REF
    - Blocks for your movement sequences

#### **Create interrupt OBs**

- 1. In your project, click at 'Blocks' and choose 'Context menu → Insert new object → Organization block'.
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Properties Organization block' opens.
- 2. Add OB 57, OB 82, and OB 86 successively to your project.

## Create axis DB for 'Module 1'

In your project, click at 'Blocks' and choose 'Context menu → Insert new object → Data block'.

Specify the following parameters:

- Name and type
  - The DB no. as 'Name' can freely be chosen, such as DB 10.
  - Set 'Shared DB' as the 'Type'.
- Symbolic name
  - Specify "Axis01".

Confirm your input with [OK].

- ⇒ The block is created.
- 2. Open DB 10 "Axis01" by double-click.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Config" of type UDT 872. These are specific axis configuration data.
  - In "Axis01", create the variable "Axis" of type UDT 860. During operation, all operating data of the axis are stored here.

#### **DB10**

Address	Name	Туре	
		Struct	
	Config	"VMC_ConfigSigma7EC_REF"	
	Axis	"MC_AXIS_REF	
		END_STRUCT	

## Create axis DB for 'Module 2'

- Add another DB as your *axis DB* to your project and assign it the name "Axis02". The DB number can freely be selected such as DB11.
  - ⇒ The block is created.
- 2. Den DB 11 "Axis02" by double-click.
  - In "Axis02", create the variable "Config" of type UDT 872. These are specific axis configuration data.
  - In "Axis02", create the variable "Axis" of type UDT 860. During operation, all operating data of the axis are stored here.

#### DB 11

Address	Name	Туре	
		Struct	
	Config	"VMC_ConfigSigma7EC_REF"	
	Axis	"MC_AXIS_REF	
		END STRUCT	

#### **OB 1**

## Configuration of the double-axis

Open OB 1 and program the following FB calls with associated DBs:

FB 874 - VMC\_InitSigma7W\_EC, DB 874 Chapter 5.5.3 'FB 874 - VMC\_Init-Sigma7W\_EC - Sigma-7W EtherCAT Initialization' on page 123

At M1/M2\_PdoInputs respectively M1/M2\_PdoOutputs, enter the address from the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager for the according axis. § 115

```
⇒ CALL

        "VMC InitSigma7W EC" , "DI_InitSgm7WETC01"
  Enable
                          :=TRUE
  LogicalAddress
                          :=0
  M1 PdoInputs
                          :=0 (EtherCAT-Manager
                               Module1: S7 Input address)
  M1 PdoOutputs
                          :=0 (EtherCAT-Manager
                               Module1: S7 Output address)
  M1 EncoderType
                          =2
  M1 EncoderResolutionBits :=20
                          :=1.048576e+006
  M1 FactorPosition
  M1 FactorVelocity
                          :=1.048576e+006
  M1 FactorAcceleration :=1.048576e+002
  M1 OffsetPosition
                         :=0.000000e+000
  M1 MaxVelocityApp
                         :=5.000000e+001
  M1 MaxAccelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  M1_MaxDecelerationApp :=1.000000e+002
  M1 MaxVelocityDrive
                         :=6.000000e+001
  M1 MaxAccelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  M1 MaxDecelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  M1 MaxPosition
                         :=1.048500e+003
                         :=-1.048514e+003
  M1 MinPosition
                         :=TRUE
  M1 EnableMaxPosition
  M1 EnableMinPosition
                          :=TRUE
  M2 PdoInputs
                          :=36 (EtherCAT-Manager
                               Module2: S7 Input address)
  M2 PdoOutputs
                          :=36 (EtherCAT-Manager
                               Module2: S7 Output address)
  M2 EncoderType
                          :=2
  M2 EncoderResolutionBits :=20
  M2 FactorPosition :=1.048576e+006
  M2 FactorVelocity
                         :=1.048576e+006
  M2 FactorAcceleration :=1.048576e+002
  M2 OffsetPosition
                         :=0.000000e+000
  M2 MaxVelocityApp
                         :=5.000000e+001
                        :=1.000000e+002
  M2 MaxAccelerationApp
  M2 MaxDecelerationApp
                        :=1.000000e+002
  M2 MaxVelocityDrive
                         :=6.000000e+001
  M2 MaxAccelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  M2 MaxDecelerationDrive :=1.500000e+002
  M2 MaxPosition
                         :=1.048500e+003
  M2 MinPosition
                         :=-1.048514e+003
                         :=TRUE
  M2 EnableMaxPosition
  M2 EnableMinPosition
                         :=TRUE
  M1 MinUserPosition
                          :=-1000.0
  M1 MaxUserPosition
                          :=1000.0
  M2 MinUserPosition
                          :=-1000.0
  M2 MaxUserPosition
                          :=1000.0
  Valid
                          :="InitS7WEC1 Valid"
  Error
                          :="InitS7WEC1 Error"
```

## Connecting the kernel for the respective axis

The *Kernel* processes the user commands and passes them appropriately processed on to the drive via the respective bus system.

```
FB 872 - VMC_KernelSigma7_EC, DB 872 for axis 1

FB 872 - VMC_KernelSigma7_EC, DB 1872 for axis 2 & Chapter 5.5.2 'FB 872 - VMC_KernelSigma7_EC - Sigma-7 EtherCAT Kernel' on page 123

CALL "VMC_KernelSigma7_EC", DB 872
```

```
CALL "VMC_KernelSigma7_EC", DB 872
Init :="KernelS7WEC1_Init"
Config:="Axis01".Config
Axis :="Axis01".Axis

CALL "VMC_KernelSigma7_EC", DB 1872
Init :="KernelS7WEC2_Init"
Config:="Axis02".Config
Axis :="Axis02".Axis
```

## Connecting the block for motion sequences

For simplicity, the connection of the FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl is to be shown here. This universal block supports simple motion commands and returns status messages. The inputs and outputs can be individually connected. Please specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at 'Axis' in the axis DB.

FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl, DB 860 ♥ Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control' on page 169

```
CALL "VMC AxisControl" , "DI AxisControl01"
 AxisEnable :="AxCtrll_AxisEnable"
AxisReset :="AxCtrll_AxisReset"
HomeExecute :="AxCtrll_HomeExecute"
 HomePosition :="AxCtrl1_HomePosition"
StopExecute :="AxCtrl1_StopExecute"
 MvVelocityExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvVelExecute"
 MvRelativeExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvRelExecute"
  MvAbsoluteExecute:="AxCtrl1 MvAbsExecute"
  PositionDistance := "AxCtrl1 PositionDistance"
 Velocity :="AxCtrl1_Velocity"

Acceleration :="AxCtrl1_Acceleration"

Deceleration :="AxCtrl1_Deceleration"

JogPositive :="AxCtrl1_JogPositive"

JogNegative :="AxCtrl1_JogNegative"

JogVelocity :="AxCtrl1_JogVelocity"
  JogAcceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogAcceleration"
  JogDeceleration :="AxCtrl1_JogDeceleration"
JogDeceleration
AxisReady
AxisEnabled
AxisError
AxisErrorID
DriveWarning
DriveError
DriveErrorID
IsHomed
ModeOfOperation
PLCopenState
ActualPosition
ActualVelocity
CmdDone
CmdBusy

:="AxCtrl1_ JogDeceleration"
:="AxCtrl1_ AxisEnabled"
:="AxCtrl1_ AxisError"
:="AxCtrl1_ AxisErrorID"
:="AxCtrl1_ DriveWarning"
:="AxCtrl1_ DriveErrorID"
:="AxCtrl1_ DriveErrorID"
:="AxCtrl1_ DriveErrorID"
:="AxCtrl1_ IsHomed"
:="AxCtrl1_ IsHomed"
:="AxCtrl1_ ActualPosition"
:="AxCtrl1_ ActualPosition"
:="AxCtrl1_ ActualVelocity"
:="AxCtrl1_ CmdDone"
:="AxCtrl1_ CmdBusy"
 CmdDone :="AxCtrl1_CmdDone"
CmdBusy :="AxCtrl1_CmdBusy"
CmdAborted :="AxCtrl1_CmdAborted"
CmdError :="AxCtrl1_CmdError"
CmdErrorID :="AxCtrl1_CmdErrorID"
  DirectionPositive:="AxCtrl1 DirectionPos"
  DirectionNegative:="AxCtrl1 DirectionNeg"
  SWLimitMinActive := "AxCtrl1 SWLimitMinActive"
  SWLimitMaxActive :="AxCtrll_SWLimitMaxActive"
  HWLimitMinActive :="AxCtrl1_HWLimitMinActive"
  HWLimitMaxActive := "AxCtrl1 HWLimitMaxActive"
                                      :="Axis...".Axis
```

At Axis, enter "Axis01" for axis 1 and "Axis02" for axis 2.



For complex motion tasks, you can use the PLCopen blocks. Here you must also specify the reference to the corresponding axis data at Axis in the axis DB.

Your project now includes the following blocks:

- OB 1 Main
- OB 57 DP Manufacturer Alarm
- OB 82 I/O FLT1
- OB 86 Rack FLT

- FB 860 VMC AxisControl with instance DB
- FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC with instance DB
- FB 874 VMC InitSigma7W EC with instance DB
- UDT 860 MC Axis REF
- UDT 872 VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF

#### Sequence of operations

1. Choose the Siemens SIMATIC Manager and transfer your project into the CPU.

The transfer can only be done by the Siemens SIMATIC Manager - not hardware configurator!



Since slave and module parameters are transmitted by means of SDO respectively SDO Init command, the configuration remains active, until a power cycle is performed or new parameters for the same SDO objects are transferred.

With an overall reset the slave and module parameters are not reset!

⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



#### CAUTION!

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- **2.** Before the double-axis drive can be controlled, it must be initialized. To do this, call the *Init* block FB 874 VMC InitSigma7W EC with *Enable* = TRUE.
  - ⇒ The output *Valid* returns TRUE. In the event of a fault, you can determine the error by evaluating the *ErrorID*.

You have to call the *Init* block again if you load a new axis DB or you have changed parameters on the *Init* block.



Do not continue until the Init block does not report any errors!

- **3.** Ensure that the *Kernel* block FB 872 VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC is called cyclically for each axis. In this way, control signals are transmitted to the drive and status messages are reported.
- 4. Program your application with the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl or with the PLCopen blocks for each axis.

## Controlling the drive via HMI

There is the possibility to control your drive via HMI. For this, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl function block. § Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Copy project

### 5.4.4 Copy project

#### **Proceeding**

In the example, the station 'Source' is copied and saved as 'Target'.

- 1. Open the hardware configuration of the 'Source' CPU and start the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- 2. In the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager, via 'File → Save as' save the configuration in your working directory.
- 3. Close the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager and the hardware configurator.
- **4.** Copy the station 'Source' with Ctrl + C and paste it as 'Target' into your project with Ctrl + V.
- **5.** Select the 'Blocks' directory of the 'Target' CPU and delete the 'System data'.
- **6.** Open the hardware configuration of the *'Target'* CPU. Adapt the IP address data or re-network the CPU or the CP again.

Before calling the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager you have always to save your project with 'Station 

Save and compile'.

- 7. ▶ Safe your project with 'Station → Safe and compile'.
- 8. Open the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- **9.** ▶ Use 'File → Open' to load the configuration from your working directory.
- **10.** Close the SPEED7 EtherCAT Manager.
- 11. Save and compile your configuration.

Drive specific blocks > FB 874 - VMC InitSigma7W EC - Sigma-7W EtherCAT Initialization

## 5.5 Drive specific blocks

## 5.5.1 UDT 872 - VMC\_ConfigSigma7EC\_REF - Sigma-7 EtherCAT Data structure axis configuration

This is a user-defined data structure that contains information about the configuration data. The UDT is specially adapted to the use of a *Sigma-7* drive, which is connected via EtherCAT.

### 5.5.2 FB 872 - VMC\_KernelSigma7\_EC - Sigma-7 EtherCAT Kernel

### **Description**

This block converts the drive commands for a *Sigma-7* axis via EtherCAT and communicates with the drive. For each *Sigma-7* axis, an instance of this FB is to be cyclically called.



Please note that this module calls the SFB 238 internally.

In the SPEED7 Studio, this module is automatically inserted into your project.

In Siemens SIMATIC Manager, you have to copy the SFB 238 from the Motion Control Library into your project.

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Init	INPUT	BOOL	The block is internally reset with an edge 0-1. Existing motion commands are aborted and the block is initialized.
Config	IN_OUT	UDT872	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent configuration data to the <i>AxisKernel</i> .
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent information to the <i>AxisKernel</i> and PLCopen blocks.

### 5.5.3 FB 874 - VMC\_InitSigma7W\_EC - Sigma-7W EtherCAT Initialization

#### Description

This block is used to configure the double-axis of a *Sigma-7W* drive. The block is specially adapted to the use of a *Sigma-7W* drive, which is connected via EtherCAT.

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
M1_Config	IN_OUT	UDT872	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent configuration data to the <i>AxisKernel</i> for axis 1.
M1_Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent information to the <i>AxisKernel</i> and PLCopen blocks for axis 1.
M2_Config	IN_OUT	UDT872	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent configuration data to the <i>AxisKernel</i> for axis 2.
M2_Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Data structure for transferring axis-dependent information to the <i>AxisKernel</i> and PLCopen blocks for axis 2.
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	Release of initialization
LogicalAddress	INPUT	INT	Start address of the PDO input data
M1_PdoInputs	INPUT	INT	Start address of the input PDOs for axis 1

Drive specific blocks > FB 874 - VMC\_InitSigma7W\_EC - Sigma-7W EtherCAT Initialization

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
M1_PdoOutputs	INPUT	INT	Start address of the output PDOs for axis 1
M1_EncoderType	INPUT	INT	Encoder type of axis 1
			<ul><li>1: Absolute encoder</li><li>2: Incremental encoder</li></ul>
M1_EncoderResolutionBits	INPUT	INT	Number of bits corresponding to one encoder revolution of axis 1. Default: 20
M1_FactorPosition	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the position of user units [u] into drive units [increments] and back of axis 1.  It's valid: $p_{[increments]} = p_{[u]} \times FactorPosition$ Please consider the factor which can be specified on the drive via the objects 0x2701: 1 and 0x2701: 2. This
			should be 1.
M1_FactorVelocity	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the speed of user units [u/s] into drive units [increments/s] and back of axis 1. It's valid: $v_{[increments/s]} = v_{[u/s]} \times FactorVelocity$ Please also take into account the factor which you can specify on the drive via objects 0x2702: 1 and 0x2702: 2. This should be 1.
M1_FactorAcceleration	INPUT	REAL	Factor to convert the acceleration of user units [u/s²] in drive units [ $10^{-4}$ x increments/s²] and back of axis 1. It's valid: $10^{-4}$ x $a_{[increments/s²]} = a_{[u/s²]}$ x <i>FactorAcceleration</i> Please also take into account the factor which you can specify on the drive via objects 0x2703: 1 and 0x2703: 2. This should be 1.
M1 OffsetPosition	INPUT	REAL	Offset for the zero position of axis 1 [u].
M1 MaxVelocityApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum application speed of axis 1 [u/s].
- / //			The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
M1_MaxAccelerationApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum acceleration of application of axis 1 [u/s²].
			The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
M1_MaxDecelerationApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum acceleration of application of axis 1 [u/s²].
			The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
M1_MaxPosition	INPUT	REAL	Maximum position for monitoring the software limits of axis 1 [u].
M1_MinPosition	INPUT	REAL	Minimum position for monitoring the software limits of axis 1 [u].
M1_EnableMaxPosition	INPUT	BOOL	Monitoring maximum position of axis 1
			■ TRUE: Activates the monitoring of the maximum position.
M1_EnableMinPosition	INPUT	BOOL	Monitoring minimum position of axis 1
			TRUE: Activation of the monitoring of the minimum position.

Drive specific blocks > FB 874 - VMC\_InitSigma7W\_EC - Sigma-7W EtherCAT Initialization

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
M2_PdoInputs	INPUT	INT	Start address of the input PDOs for axis 2
M2_PdoOutputs	INPUT	INT	Start address of the output PDOs for axis 2
M2_EncoderType	INPUT	INT	Encoder type of axis 2
			<ul><li>1: Absolute encoder</li><li>2: Incremental encoder</li></ul>
M2_EncoderResolutionBits	INPUT	INT	Number of bits corresponding to one encoder revolution of axis 2. Default: 20
M2_FactorPosition	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the position of user units [u] into drive units [increments] and back of axis 2.
			It's valid: $p_{[increments]} = p_{[u]} \times FactorPosition$
			Please consider the factor which can be specified on the drive via the objects 0x2701: 1 and 0x2701: 2. This should be 1.
M2_FactorVelocity	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the speed of user units [u/s] into drive units [increments/s] and back of axis 2.
			It's valid: $v_{[increments/s]} = v_{[u/s]} \times FactorVelocity$
			Please also take into account the factor which you can specify on the drive via objects 0x2702: 1 and 0x2702: 2. This should be 1.
M2_FactorAcceleration	INPUT	REAL	Factor to convert the acceleration of user units $[u/s^2]$ in drive units $[10^{-4} \text{ x increments/s}^2]$ and back of axis 2.
			It's valid: $10^{-4}$ x $a_{[increments/s^2]} = a_{[u/s^2]}$ x FactorAcceleration
			Please also take into account the factor which you can specify on the drive via objects 0x2703: 1 and 0x2703: 2. This should be 1.
M2_OffsetPosition	INPUT	REAL	Offset for the zero position of axis 2 [u].
M2_MaxVelocityApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum application speed of axis 2 [u/s].
			The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
M2_MaxAccelerationApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum acceleration of application of axis 2 [u/s²].
			The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
M2_MaxDecelerationApp	INPUT	REAL	Maximum acceleration of application of axis 2 [u/s²].
			The command inputs are checked to the maximum value before execution.
M2_MaxPosition	INPUT	REAL	Maximum position for monitoring the software limits of axis 2 [u].
M2_MinPosition	INPUT	REAL	Minimum position for monitoring the software limits of axis 2 [u].
M2_EnableMaxPosition	INPUT	BOOL	Monitoring maximum position of axis 2
			■ TRUE: Activates the monitoring of the maximum position.

Drive specific blocks > FB 874 - VMC\_InitSigma7W\_EC - Sigma-7W EtherCAT Initialization

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
M2_EnableMinPosition	INPUT	BOOL	Monitoring minimum position of axis 2
			TRUE: Activation of the monitoring of the minimum position.
M1_MinUserPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Minimum user position for axis 1 based on the minimum encoder value of 0x80000000 and the <i>FactorPosition</i> [u].
M1_MaxUserPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Maximum user position for axis 1 based on the maximum encoder value of 0x7FFFFFFF and the <i>FactorPosition</i> [u].
M2_MinUserPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Minimum user position for axis 2 based on the minimum encoder value of 0x80000000 and the <i>FactorPosition</i> [u].
M2_MaxUserPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Maximum user position for axis 2 based on the maximum encoder value of 0x7FFFFFFF and the <i>FactorPosition</i> [u].
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	Initialization
			■ TRUE: Initialization is valid.
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Error</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>. The axis is disabled.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

Set the parameters on the drive

## 6 Usage Sigma-5/7 Pulse Train

#### 6.1 Overview

#### Precondition

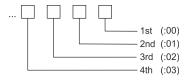
- SPEED7 Studio from V1.7
  - or
- Siemens SIMATIC Manager from V 5.5, SP2 & Simple Motion Control Library or
- Siemens TIA Portal V 14 & Simple Motion Control Library
- System MICRO or System SLIO CPU with Pulse Train output, such as CPU M13-CCF0000 or CPU 013-CCF0R00.
- Sigma-5- respectively Sigma-7 drive with Pulse Train option card

#### Steps of configuration

- 1. Setting parameters on the drive
  - The setting of the parameters happens by means of the software tool Sigma Win+.
- **2.** Hardware configuration in the VIPA *SPEED7 Studio*, Siemens SIMATIC Manager or Siemens TIA Portal.
  - Configuring the CPU.
- **3.** Programming in the VIPA *SPEED7 Studio*, Siemens SIMATIC Manager or Siemens TIA Portal.
  - VMC\_AxisControl\_PT block for configuration and communication with the axis, which is connected via Pulse Train.

## 6.2 Set the parameters on the drive

### Parameter digits





#### **CAUTION!**

Before the commissioning, you have to adapt your drive to your application with the *Sigma Win+* software tool! More may be found in the manual of your drive.

The following table shows all parameters which do not correspond to the default values. The following parameters must be set via *Sigma Win+* to match the *Simple Motion Control Library*:

## Sigma-5/7

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
Pn000	(2000h:01)	Basic Function Selection Switch 0	1: Position control (pulse train reference)
Pn002	(2002h:02)	Application Function Select Switch 2	1: Uses absolute encoder as incremental encoder
Pn200	(2200h:03)	Position Control Reference From Selection Switch	1: Uses reference input filter for open collector signal
Pn20E	(220Eh)	Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)	1024
Pn216	(2216h)	Position Reference Acceleration / Deceleration Time Constant	0
Pn217	(2217h)	Average Movement Time of Position Reference	0

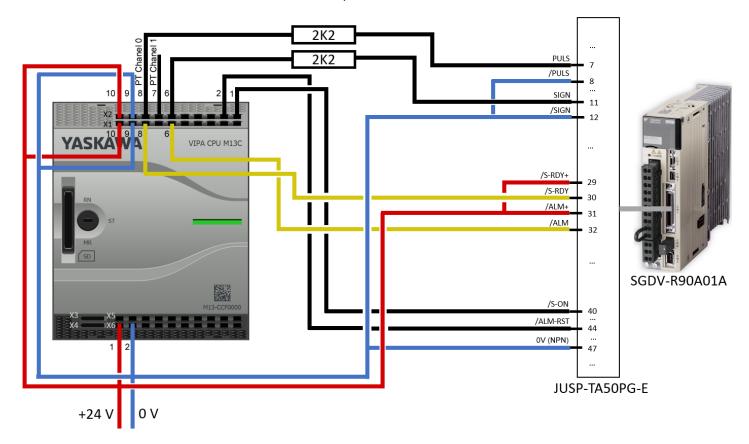
Wiring

Servopack Parameter	Address:digit	Name	Value
Pn50A	(250Ah:02)	/P-CON Signal Mapping	8: Sets signal off
Pn50A	(250Ah:03)	P-OT Signal Mapping	8: Forward run allowed
Pn50B	(250Bh:00)	N-OT Signal Mapping	8: Reverse run allowed
Pn50B	(250Bh:02)	/P-CL Signal Mapping	8: Sets signal off
Pn50B	(250Bh:03)	/N-CL Signal Mapping	8: Sets signal off

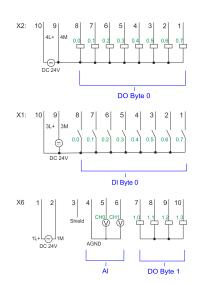
## 6.3 Wiring

### Sample application

The following figure shows the connection of a Sigma-5 servo drive via PulseTrain to a system MICRO CPU M13C. In this example the pulse train channel 0 (X2 - pin 8) is connected. Please use X2 pin 7 to connect to channel 1.



Wiring



X2	Func- tion	Туре	LED green red	Description
1	DO 0.7	0		Digital output DO 7
2	DO 0.6	0		Digital output DO 6
6	DO 0.2	0		Digital output DO 2
7	DO 0.1	0		Pulse Train Channel 1
8	DO 0.0	0		Pulse Train Channel 0
9	0 V	I		4M: GND for Pulse Train
				LED is on when there is an error, overload or short circuit at the outputs
10	DC 24V	I		4L+: DC 24V power supply for Pulse Train

X1	Func- tion	Туре	LED green	Description
6	DI 0.2	I		Digital input DI 2
8	DI 0.0	I		Digital input DI 0
9	0 V	I		3M: GND power section supply for on-board DI
10	DC 24V	1		3L+: DC 24V power section supply for on-board DI

X6	Func-	Туре	LED	Description
	tion		green	
1	Sys DC 24V	I		1L+: DC 24V for electronic section supply
2	Sys 0V	I		1M: GND for electronic section supply

Usage in VIPA SPEED7 Studio > Hardware configuration

## 6.4 Usage in VIPA SPEED7 Studio

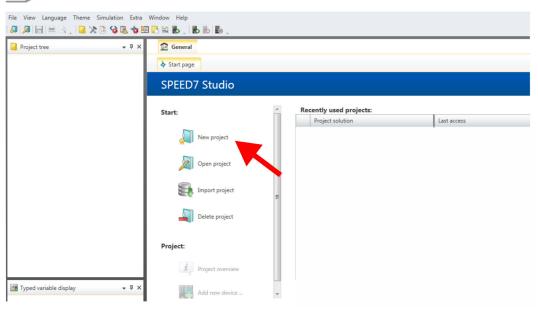
### 6.4.1 Hardware configuration

## Add CPU in the project

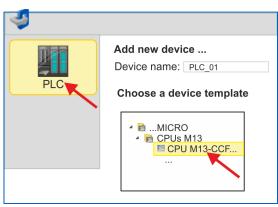
Please use the SPEED7 Studio V1.7 and up for the configuration.

If you are using a channel other than channel 0, you must adapt it in the hardware configuration and in your user program.

1. Start the SPEED7 Studio.



- 2. Create a new project at the start page with 'New project' and assign a 'Project name'.
  - ⇒ A new project is created and the view 'Devices and networking' is shown.
- 3. Click in the *Project tree* at 'Add new device ...'.



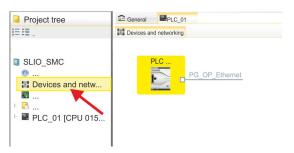
- ⇒ A dialog for device selection opens.
- **4.** Select from the *'Device templates'* your CPU with Pulse Train functionality like the System MICRO CPU M13-CCF0000 and click at [OK].
  - The CPU is inserted in 'Devices and networking' and the 'Device configuration' is opened.



Usage in VIPA SPEED7 Studio > Hardware configuration

## Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel

- 1. Click in the Project tree at 'Devices and networking'.
  - ⇒ You will get a graphical object view of your CPU.



- **2.** Click at at the network 'PG\_OP\_Ethernet'.
- 3. ▶ Select 'Context menu → Interface properties'.
  - ⇒ A dialog window opens. Here you can enter the IP address data for your Ethernet PG/OP channel. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.
- **4.** Confirm with [OK].
  - ⇒ The IP address data are stored in your project listed in 'Devices and networking' at 'Local components'.

After transferring your project your CPU can be accessed via Ethernet PG/OP channel with the set IP address data.

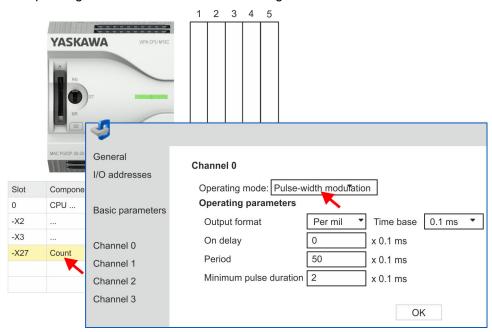
#### Switch I/O periphery to Pulse Train

For parametrization of the I/O periphery and the *technological functions* the corresponding sub modules of the CPU are to be used. For pulse train output, the sub module count must be switched to *'Pulse-width modulation'*.

- 1. Click in the Project tree at 'PLC... > Device configuration'.
- 2. Click in the 'Device configuration' at '-X27 Count' and select 'Context menu → Components properties'.
  - ⇒ The properties dialog is opened.
- **3.** For example, select *'channel 0'* and select the function *'Pulse-width modulation'* as *'Operating mode'*.

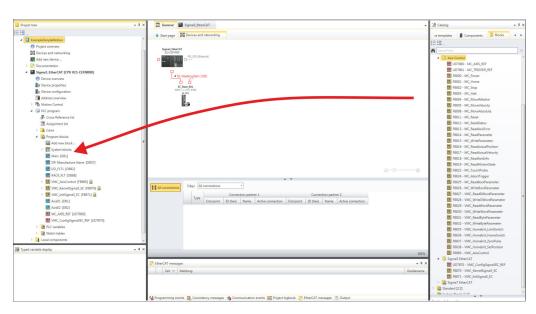
Usage in VIPA SPEED7 Studio > User program

**4.** The operating parameters required for Pulse Train are internally adapted to the corresponding values. Leave all values unchanged.



- **5.** Close the dialog with [OK].
- 6. ▶ Select 'Project → Compile all'.

# 6.4.2 User program Copy block to project



- In the 'Catalog', open the 'Simple Motion Control' library at 'Blocks' and drag and drop the following blocks into 'Program blocks' of the Project tree:
  - Sigma5+7 Pulse Train
    - FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT ♥ Chapter 8.2.3 'FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT Axis control via Pulse Train' on page 172

Usage in VIPA SPEED7 Studio > User program

#### **OB 1**

#### Configuration of the axis

If you are using a channel other than channel 0, you must adapt it in the hardware configuration and in your user program.

- 1. Open in the *Project tree* within the CPU at '*PLC program*', '*Programming blocks*' the OB 1 and program the Call FB 875, DB 875.
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Add instance data block' opens.
- 2. Set the number for the instance data block, if not already done, and close the dialog with [OK].
  - ⇒ The block call is created and the parameters are listed
- **3.** Assign the following parameters for the sample project. In particular, consider the two conversion factors *FactorPosition* and *FactorVelocity*:

```
"VMC AxisControl PT" , "DI AxisControl PT"
S ChannelNumberPWM
                         := 0
S Ready
                         := E 136.0
S Alarm
                         := E 136.2
FactorPosition
                         := 1024.0
FactorVelocity
                         := 976.5625
AxisEnable
                         := M 100.1
                         := M 100.2
AxisReset := M 100.2

StopExecute := M 100.3

MvVelocityExecute := M 100.4

MvRelativeExecute := M 100.5
AxisReset
JogPositive
JogNegative
PositionDistance
                         := M 100.6
                         := M 100.7
                         := MD 102
Velocity
                         := MD 106
S On
                         := A 136.7
S_Direction
S_AlarmReset
                         := A 136.2
                         := A 136.6
MinUserDistance
                         := MD 110
MaxUserDistance
                         := MD 114
MinUserVelocity
                         := MD 118
MaxUserVelocity
                         := MD 122
AxisReady
                         := M 101.3
AxisEnabled
                         := M 101.4
AxisError
                         := M 101.5
AxisErrorID
                         := MW 126
DriveError
                         := M 101.6
CmdActive
                         := MB 128
CmdDone
                         := M 130.0
CmdBusy
                         := M 130.1
CmdAborted
                         := M 130.2
CmdError
                         := M 130.3
CmdErrorID
                          := MW 132
```

The addresses of *S\_Ready* and *S\_Alarm* are derived from the addresses of the inputs which are connected to the drive's digital outputs. These can be determined via the sub module '-X25 DI/DIO' of the CPU.

The addresses of *S\_On*, *S\_Direction* and *S\_AlarmReset* are obtained from the addresses of the outputs which are connected to the digital inputs of the drive. These can be determined via the sub module *'-X25 DI/DIO'* of the CPU.

Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager > Precondition

#### Sequence of operations

- Select 'Project → Compile all' and transfer the project into your CPU. You can find more information on the transfer of your project in the online help of the SPEED7 Studio.
  - ⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



#### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- 2. Bring your CPU into RUN and turn on your drive.
  - ⇒ The FB 875 VMC AxisControl PT is executed cyclically.
- **3.** As soon as *AxisReady* = TRUE, you can use *AxisEnable* to enable the drive.
- You now have the possibility to control your drive via its parameters and to check its status. 

  \*\*Chapter 8.2.3 'FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT Axis control via Pulse Train' on page 172

## Controlling the drive via HMI

There is the possibility to control your drive via an HMI. For this purpose, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl\_PT function module.  $\mbox{\ensuremath{$\ensuremath{$\otimes$}}}$  Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146

## 6.5 Usage in Siemens SIMATIC Manager

#### 6.5.1 Precondition

#### Overview

- Please use for configuration the Siemens SIMATIC Manager V 5.5 SP2 and up.
- The configuration of the VIPA CPU with Pulse Train functionality happens in the Siemens SIMATIC Manager by means of a virtual PROFINET IO device.
- The PROFINET IO Device is to be installed in the hardware catalog by means of a GSDML.

## VIPA Installing the IO device

The installation of the PROFINET VIPA IO device happens in the hardware catalog with the following approach:

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- 2. Download the configuration file for your CPU from the download area via 'Config files → PROFINET'.
- 3. Extract the file into your working directory.
- **4.** Start the Siemens hardware configurator.
- **5.** Close all the projects.
- 6. ▶ Select 'Options → Install new GSD file'.
- 7. Navigate to your working directory and install the according GSDML file.
  - ⇒ After the installation according PROFINET IO device can be found at 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA ...'.

### 6.5.2 Hardware configuration

### Add CPU in the project

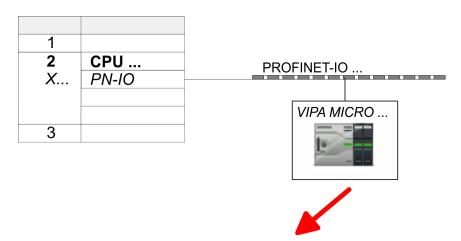
Slot	Module
1	
2	CPU 314C-2PN/DP
X1	MPI/DP
X2	PN-IO
X2	Port 1
X2	Port 2
3	

To be compatible with the Siemens SIMATIC Manager the following steps should be executed:

- 1. Start the Siemens hardware configurator with a new project.
- **2.** Insert a profile rail from the hardware catalog.
- 3. Place at 'Slot'-Number 2 the CPU 314C-2 PN/DP (314-6EH04-0AB0 V3.3).
- **4.** Click at the sub module 'PN-IO' of the CPU.
- **5.** ▶ Select 'Context menu → Insert PROFINET IO System'.



- **6.** Create with [New] a new sub net and assign valid address data.
- 7. ► Click at the sub module 'PN-IO' of the CPU and open with 'Context menu → Properties' the properties dialog.
- **8.** Enter at *'General'* a *'Device name'*. The device name must be unique at the Ethernet subnet.



0	VIPA MICRO	M13-CCF0000	
X2	M13-CCF0000		
1			
2			
3			

- 9. Navigate in the hardware catalog to the directory 'PROFINET IO → Additional field devices → I/O → VIPA ...' and connect e.g. for the System MICRO the IO device 'M13-CCF0000' to your PROFINET system.
  - ⇒ In the Device overview of the PROFINET IO device 'VIPA MICRO PLC' the CPU is already placed at slot 0.

## Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel

Slot	Module	
1		
<b>2</b> X	CPU	
X	PN-IO	
3		1
4	343-1EX30 🚤	
5		

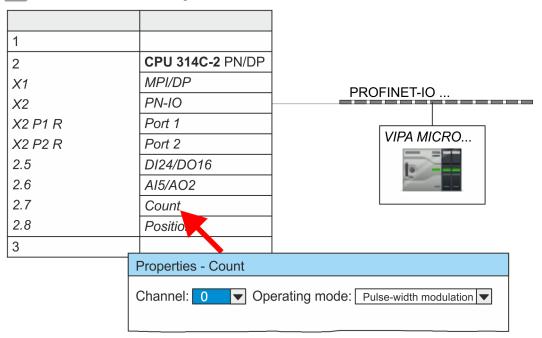
- Place for the Ethernet PG/OP channel at slot 4 the Siemens CP 343-1 (SIMATIC 300 \ CP 300 \ Industrial Ethernet \CP 343-1 \ 6GK7 343-1EX30 0XE0 V3.0).
- 2. Open the properties dialog by clicking on the CP 343-1EX30 and enter for the CP at 'Properties' the IP address data. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.
- 3. Assign the CP to a 'Subnet'. The IP address data are not accepted without assignment!

#### Switch I/O periphery to Pulse Train

For parametrization of the input/output periphery and the *technological functions* the corresponding sub modules of the Siemens CPU 314C-2 PN/DP (314-6EH04-0AB0 V3.3) is to be used. For pulse train output, the sub module count must be switched to *'Pulse-width modulation'*. If you are using a channel other than channel 0, you must adapt it in the hardware configuration and in your user program.

- 1. Double-click the counter sub module of the CPU 314C-2 PN/DP.
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Properties' is opened.
- **2.** For example, select 'channel 0' and select the function 'Pulse-width modulation' as 'Operating mode'.

3. Leave all values unchanged.



- 4. Close the dialog with [OK].
- 5. ▶ Select 'Station → Save and compile'.
- **6.** Close the hardware configurator.

## 6.5.3 User program

### **Include library**

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- 2. Download the Simple Motion Control library from the download area at 'VIPA Lib'.
- 3. ▶ Open the dialog window for ZIP file selection via 'File → Retrieve'.
- 4. Select the according ZIP file and click at [Open].
- **5.** Specify a target directory in which the blocks are to be stored and start the unzip process with [OK].

### Copy blocks into project

- Open the library after unzipping and drag and drop the following blocks into 'Blocks' of your project:
  - Sigma5+7 Pulse Train
    - FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT ♥ Chapter 8.2.3 'FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT Axis control via Pulse Train' on page 172

#### **OB 1**

## Configuration of the axis

- 1. Dopen the OB 1 and program the Call FB 875, DB 875.
  - ⇒ The block call is created and the parameters are listed.

**2.** Assign the following parameters for the sample project. In particular, consider the two conversion factors *FactorPosition* and *FactorVelocity*:

```
"VMC AxisControl PT" , "DI AxisControl PT"
S ChannelNumberPWM
                       := 0
S Ready
                       := E 136.0
S Alarm
                       := E 136.2
FactorPosition
                      := 1024.0
                      := 976.5625
FactorVelocity
AxisEnable
                      := M 100.1
AxisReset
                      := M 100.2
StopExecute
                      := M 100.3
StopExecute
MvVelocityExecute
MvRelativeExecute
                      := M 100.4
                      := M 100.5
JogPositive
                      := M 100.6
JogNegative
                      := M 100.7
PositionDistance
                      := MD 102
Velocity
                      := MD 106
S On
                      := A 136.7
S Direction
                      := A 136.2
S_AlarmReset
                      := A 136.6
MinUserDistance
                      := MD 110
MaxUserDistance
                      := MD 114
MinUserVelocity
                      := MD 118
MaxUserVelocity
                       := MD 122
AxisReady
                       := M 101.3
AxisEnabled
                       := M 101.4
AxisError
                       := M 101.5
AxisErrorID
                       := MW 126
DriveError
                       := M 101.6
CmdActive
                       := MB 128
CmdDone
                       := M 130.0
                       := M 130.1
CmdBusy
                       := M 130.2
CmdAborted
                       := M 130.3
CmdError
                       := MW 132
CmdErrorID
```

The addresses of *S\_Ready* and *S\_Alarm* are derived from the addresses of the inputs which are connected to the drive's digital outputs. These can be determined via the sub module 'DI24/DO16' of the CPU.

The addresses of *S\_On*, *S\_Direction* and *S\_AlarmReset* are obtained from the addresses of the outputs which are connected to the digital inputs of the drive. These can be determined via the sub module 'DI24/DO16' of the CPU.

#### Sequence of operations

- **1.** ▶ Choose the Siemens SIMATIC Manager and transfer your project into the CPU.
  - ⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



#### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- **2.** Bring your CPU into RUN and turn on your drive.
  - ⇒ The FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT is executed cyclically.
- 3. As soon as AxisReady = TRUE, you can use AxisEnable to enable the drive.
- **4.** You now have the possibility to control your drive via its parameters and to check its status. ♦ Chapter 8.2.3 'FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT Axis control via Pulse Train' on page 172

Usage in Siemens TIA Portal > Hardware configuration

## Controlling the drive via

There is the possibility to control your drive via an HMI. For this purpose, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl\_PT function module.  $\mbox{\ensuremath{$\ensuremath{$\otimes$}}}$  Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146

### 6.6 Usage in Siemens TIA Portal

#### 6.6.1 Precondition

#### Overview

- Please use the Siemens TIA Portal V.14 and up for the configuration.
- The configuration of the VIPA CPU with Pulse Train functionality happens in the Siemens TIA Portal by means of a virtual PROFINET IO device.
- The PROFINET IO Device is to be installed in the hardware catalog by means of a GSDML.

## VIPA Installing the IO device

The installation of the PROFINET VIPA IO device happens in the hardware catalog with the following approach:

- 1. Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- **2.** Download the according file for your system here System MICRO from the download area via 'Config files → PROFINET'.
- **3.** Extract the file into your working directory.
- 4. Start the Siemens TIA Portal.
- 5. Close all the projects.
- **6.** ▶ Switch to the *Project view*.
- 7. ▶ Select 'Options → Install general station description file (GSD)'.
- 8. Navigate to your working directory and install the according GSDML file.
  - ⇒ After the installation the hardware catalog is refreshed and the Siemens TIA Portal is closed.

After restarting the Siemens TIA Portal the according PROFINET IO device can be found at *Other field devices > PROFINET > IO > VIPA GmbH > VIPA MICRO PLC*.



Thus, the VIPA components can be displayed, you have to deactivate the "Filter" of the hardware catalog.

### 6.6.2 Hardware configuration

#### Add CPU in the project

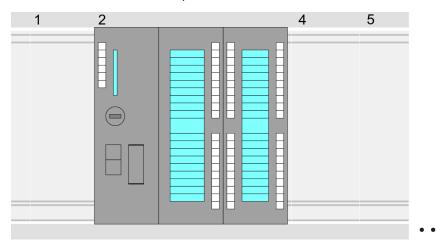
To be compatible with the Siemens SIMATIC TIA Portal the following steps should be executed:

- 1. Start the Siemens TIA Portal with a new project.
- 2. Switch to the *Project view*.
- 3. Click in the Project tree at 'Add new device'.

Usage in Siemens TIA Portal > Hardware configuration

4. Select the following CPU in the input dialog: SIMATIC S7-300 > CPU 314C-2 PN/DP (314-6EH04-0AB0 V3.3)

⇒ The CPU is inserted with a profile rail.



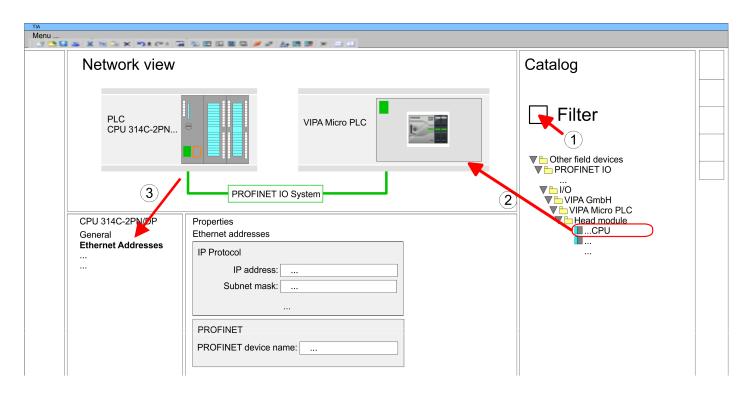
#### **Device overview:**

Module	 Slot	 Туре	
PLC	2	CPU 314C-2PN/DP	
MPI interface	2 X1	MPI/DP interface	
PROFINET interface	2 X2	PROFINET interface	
DI24/DO16	2 5	DI24/DO16	
AI5/AO2	2 6	AI5/AO2	
Count	2 7	Count	

## Connection CPU as PROFINET IO device

- **1.** Switch in the *Project area* to 'Network view'.
- 2. After installing the GSDML the IO device for the SLIO CPU may be found in the hardware catalog at *Other field devices > PROFINET > IO > VIPA GmbH > VIPA MICRO PLC*. Connect the slave system to the CPU by dragging&dropping it from the hardware catalog to the *Network view* and connecting it via PROFINET to the CPU.
- 3. Click in the *Network view* at the PROFINET part of the Siemens CPU and enter at valid IP address data in *'Properties'* at *'Ethernet address'* in the area *'IP protocol'*.
- **4.** Enter at 'PROFINET' a 'PROFINET device name'. The device name must be unique at the Ethernet subnet.

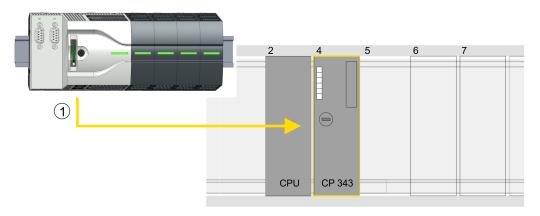
Usage in Siemens TIA Portal > Hardware configuration



- **5.** Select in the *Network view* the IO device 'VIPA MICRO PLC' and switch to the Device overview.
  - ⇒ In the *Device overview* of the PROFINET IO device *'VIPA MICRO PLC'* the CPU is already placed at slot 0.

## Configuration of Ethernet PG/OP channel

- As Ethernet PG/OP channel place at slot 4 the Siemens CP 343-1 (6GK7 343-1EX30 0XE0 V3.0).
- Open the "Property" dialog by clicking on the CP 343-1EX30 and enter for the CP at "Properties" at "Ethernet address" the IP address data, which you have assigned before. You get valid IP address parameters from your system administrator.



1 Ethernet PG/OP channel

#### **Device overview**

Module	 Slot	 Туре	
PLC	2	CPU 314C-2PN/DP	

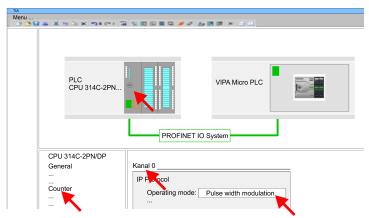
Usage in Siemens TIA Portal > User program

MPI/DP interface	2 X1	MPI/DP interface
PROFINET inter- face	2 X2	PROFINET interface
CP 343-1	4	CP 343-1

#### Switch I/O periphery to Pulse Train

For parametrization of the input/output periphery and the *technological functions* the corresponding sub modules of the Siemens CPU 314C-2 PN/DP (314-6EH04-0AB0 V3.3) is to be used. For pulse train output, the sub module count must be switched to *'Pulse-width modulation'*. If you are using a channel other than channel 0, you must adapt it in the hardware configuration and in your user program.

- 1. Double-click the counter sub module of the CPU 314C-2 PN/DP.
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Properties' is opened.
- **2.** For example, select 'channel 0' and select the function 'Pulse-width modulation' as 'Operating mode'.
- **3.** Leave all values unchanged.



**4.** ▶ Click at the CPU and select 'Context menu → Compile → All'.

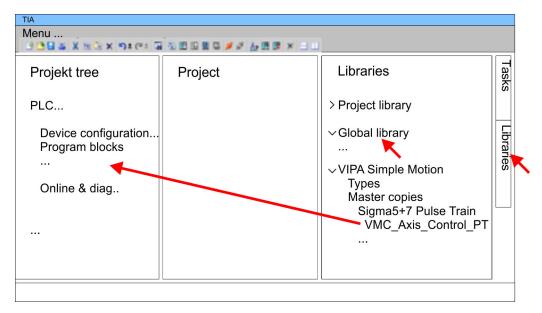
# 6.6.3 User program Include library

- **1.** Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- Download the Simple Motion Control library from the download area at 'VIPA Lib'.
  The library is available as packed zip file for the corresponding TIA Portal version.
- 3. Start your un-zip application with a double click on the file ...TIA\_Vxx.zip and copy all the files and folders in a work directory for the Siemens TIA Portal.
- **4.** Switch to the *Project view* of the Siemens TIA Portal.
- **5.** Choose "Libraries" from the task cards on the right side.
- 6. ▶ Click at "Global library".
- 7. Click on the free area inside the 'Global Library' and select 'Context menu

  → Retrieve library'.
- 8. Navigate to your work directory and load the file ... Simple Motion.zalxx.

Usage in Siemens TIA Portal > User program

#### Copy blocks into project



- Copy the following block from the library into the "Program blocks" of the *Project tree* of your project.
  - Sigma5+7 Pulse Train
    - FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT ♥ Chapter 8.2.3 'FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT Axis control via Pulse Train' on page 172

# OB 1 Configuration of the axis

- 1. Open in the *Project tree* within the CPU at *'Programming blocks'* the OB 1 and program the Call FB 875, DB 875.
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Add instance data block' opens.
- 2. Set the number for the instance data block, if not already done, and close the dialog with [OK].
  - ⇒ The block call is created and the parameters are listed

Usage in Siemens TIA Portal > User program

**3.** Assign the following parameters for the sample project. In particular, consider the two conversion factors *FactorPosition* and *FactorVelocity*:

```
"VMC AxisControl PT" , "DI AxisControl PT"
⇒ CALL FB
                               := 0
          S_ChannelNumberPWM
                               := E 136.0
          S Ready
          S Alarm
                               := E 136.2
          FactorPosition FactorVelocity
                               := 1024.0
                             := 976.5625
          AxisEnable
                              := M 100.1
          AxisReset
                              := M 100.2
          JogNegative
                               := M 100.7
          PositionDistance := MD 102
          Velocity
                              := MD 106
          S On
                              := A 136.7
          S_AlarmReset
                              := A 136.2
                              := A 136.6
          MinUserDistance
                              := MD 110
          MaxUserDistance
                               := MD 114
          MinUserVelocity
                               := MD 118
          MaxUserVelocity
                               := MD 122
          AxisReady
                               := M 101.3
          AxisEnabled
                               := M 101.4
          AxisError
                               := M 101.5
          AxisErrorID
                               := MW 126
          DriveError
                               := M 101.6
          CmdActive
                               := MB 128
          CmdDone
                               := M 130.0
                               := M 130.1
          CmdBusy
                               := M 130.2
          CmdAborted
          CmdError
                               := M 130.3
                               := MW 132
          CmdErrorID
```

The addresses of *S\_Ready* and *S\_Alarm* are derived from the addresses of the inputs which are connected to the drive's digital outputs. These can be determined via the sub module 'DI24/DO16' of the CPU.

The addresses of *S\_On*, *S\_Direction* and *S\_AlarmReset* are obtained from the addresses of the outputs which are connected to the digital inputs of the drive. These can be determined via the sub module 'DI24/DO16' of the CPU.

#### Sequence of operations

- Select 'Edit -> Compile' and transfer the project into your CPU. You can find more information on the transfer of your project in the online help of the Siemens TIA Portal.
  - ⇒ You can take your application into operation now.



#### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

- **2.** Bring your CPU into RUN and turn on your drive.
  - ⇒ The FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT is executed cyclically.
- 3. As soon as AxisReady = TRUE, you can use AxisEnable to enable the drive.

Usage in Siemens TIA Portal > User program

4. You now have the possibility to control your drive via its parameters and to check its status. ♦ Chapter 8.2.3 'FB 875 - VMC\_AxisControl\_PT - Axis control via Pulse Train' on page 172

# Controlling the drive via HMI

There is the possibility to control your drive via an HMI. For this purpose, a predefined symbol library is available for Movicon to access the VMC\_AxisControl\_PT function module.  $\cite{Controlling}$  the drive via HMI' on page 146

# 7 Controlling the drive via HMI

#### Overview

To control the corresponding drive via an HMI such as Touch Panel or Panel PC, there is a symbol library for Movicon. You can use the templates to control the corresponding VMC\_AxisControl function block. The Symbol Library contains the following templates:

- Numeric Touchpad
  - This is an input field adapted to the VMC\_AxisControl templates for different display resolutions.
  - You can use the touch pad instead of the default input field.
- VMC AxisControl
  - Template for controlling the FB 860 VMC AxisControl function block in the CPU.
  - The template is available for different display resolutions.
- VMC\_AxisControl ... Trend
  - Template for controlling the FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl function block in the CPU, which additionally shows the graphic trend of the drive.
  - The use of this template can affect the performance of the panel.
  - The template is available for different display resolutions.
- VMC AxisControl PT
  - Template for controlling the FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT function block in the CPU, which drive is connected via Pulse Train.
  - The template is available for different display resolutions.



Please note that currently no ECO panels are supported!

#### Installation in Movicon

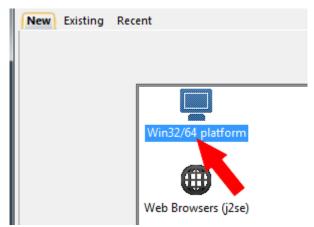
- **1.** Go to the service area of www.vipa.com.
- 2. Download the 'Symbol library for Movicon' from the download area at 'VIPA Lib'.
- Specify a target directory in which the blocks are to be stored and start the unzip process with [OK].
- **4.** Open the library after unzipping and drag and drop the *Symbol library 'vipa simple motion control VX.X.X.msxz'* and the *Language table 'vipa simple motion control VX.X.X.CSV'* to the Movicon unser directory ...\Public\Documents\Progea\Movicon \Symbols.
  - After restarting Movicon, the symbol library is available in Movicon via the 'Symbol libraries'.

In order for the texts of the templates to be displayed correctly, you must import the language table into your project. § 'Import voice table' on page 152

# 7.1 Create a new project

## Create a project

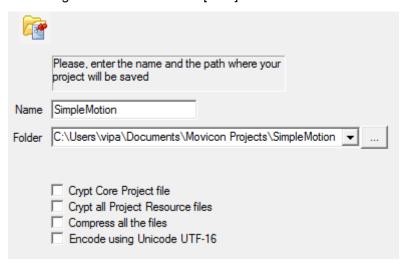
- 1. ▶ Start Movicon and open the project wizard via 'File → New'.
- 2. Select 'Win32/64 platform' as target platform and click at [Open].



- ⇒ The dialog 'Device properties' opens.
- 3. Specify a project name at 'Name'.

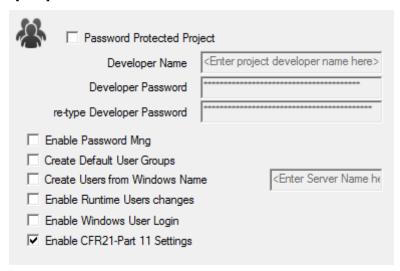
Specify at 'Folder' a storage area.

Leave all settings disabled and click at [Next].

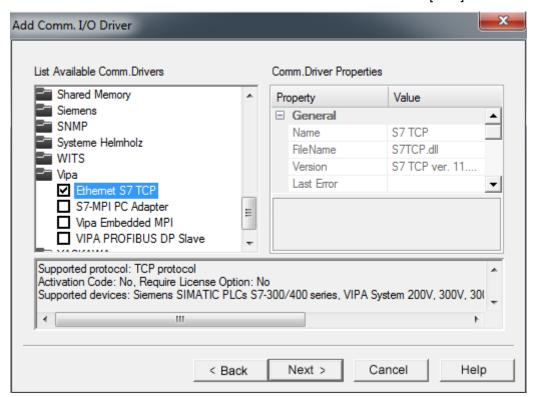


⇒ The dialog 'Users' opens.

**4.** Make the appropriate user settings, if desired, or enable only 'CRF-21-Part...' and click at [Next].

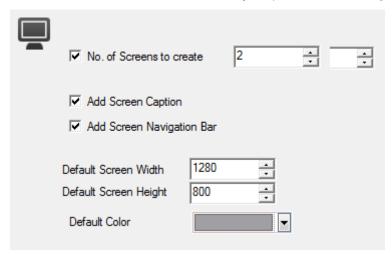


- ⇒ The dialog 'Add Comm. I/O Driver' opens.
- 5. Since the connection to the CPU is via TCP/IP, enable in the 'List Available Comm.Drivers' the driver 'VIPA' > 'Ethernet S7 TCP' and click at [Next].



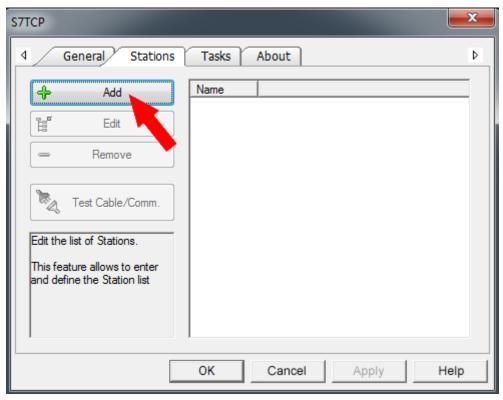
⇒ The dialog 'Screens' opens.

**6.** Enter 2 screens and their size, which matches your panel and click at [Next].



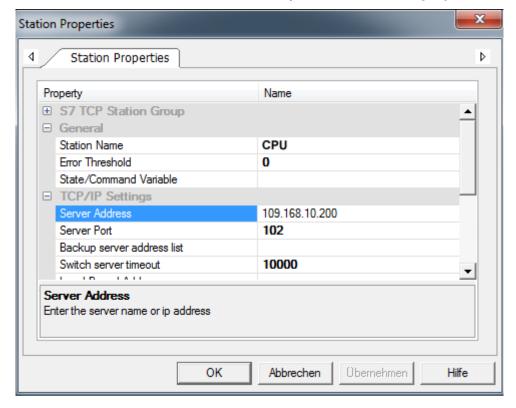
- ⇒ The dialog 'Data base settings (ODBC)' opens.
- 7. If you want a database connection, you can make the corresponding settings here. Otherwise, click at [Next].
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Data logger and recipe settings (ODBC)' opens.
- **8.** If templates are to be generated, you can make the corresponding settings here. Otherwise, click at [Next].
  - ⇒ The dialog 'Alarm settings' opens.
- **9.** If alarms are to be generated, you can make the corresponding settings here. Otherwise, click at [Finish].
  - ⇒ Your project is created with the settings you have made and the settings dialog for the 'S7TCP' communication driver opens automatically.
- **10.** Select the register 'Stations'.

**11.** To add a new station, click [+ Add].



- ⇒ The dialog 'Station Properties' opens.
- **12.** Enter a station name at *'Station Name'*. You have to use this name for the screen in the initialization dialog further below. Allowed characters: *A-Z*, *a-z*, *0-9* space and the separators and -

Enter at 'Server Address' the IP address of your CPU and click at [OK].

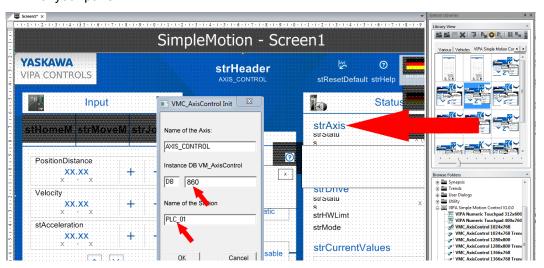


- **13.** Negate the query for importing variables from the PLC database and close the 'S7*TCP*' dialog with [OK].
  - ⇒ The project and the workspace are now enabled for use. In the project at 'Resourcen > SimpleMotion' the standard elements were added by the following elements:
    - Real Time DB
      - Comm.DriversS7 TCP
    - Screens
      - Screen1
      - Screen2
      - Footer Buttons

# 7.2 Modify the project in Movicon

## Configuring the screen

- 1. Open via 'Resources > SimpleMotion >Screens' 'Screen1'.
- 2. Navigate in 'Browse Folders' at 'vipa simple motion control ...' and drag & drop from the 'Library view' the template to the 'Screen1', which matches the resolution of your panel.



- ⇒ The initialization dialog opens
- Specify a name for the axis. Allowed characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, space and the separators \_ and -

Specify the instance DB number that you use in your PLC program.

Specify the station name. This must match the *'Station Name'* from *'Station Properties'* of the *'S7 TCP'* communication settings. Allowed characters: *A-Z*, *a-z*, *0-9*, space and the separators \_ and -

⇒ With [OK] all variables as well as their structures are generated and the addresses are set to the specified destination address.

4. Place the template and adjust its size.

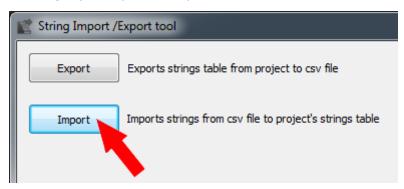


Variables are created for each template under the corresponding name. When deleting the template, the corresponding variables must be deleted again. You can select these at 'Resources > SimpleMotion > Real Time DB > Variables'. Delete these together with the higher-level directory. If no further templates access the 'Structure Prototypes' for the Axis control, these must also be deleted.

#### Import voice table

The templates refer to the displayed texts from a language table, which is to be imported from the working directory into your project.

- 1. ▶ Select 'Tools → Csv String Importer-Exporter'.
  - ⇒ The 'String Import/Export tool' opens.



- 2. Click at [Import].
- **3.** For the CSV file, use [...] to navigate to your Movicon user directory ...\Public\Documents\Progea\Movicon\Symbols and select the file 'vipa simple motion control VX.X.X.CSV'.
- **4.** As a project directory, you specify the project file 'simplemotion.movprj' which is located in the user directory such as ...\vipa\Documents\Movicon Projects\SimpleMotion.



- 5. Click at [Continue].
  - ⇒ 'Language selection' opens.

**6.** Select [Select all languages] and click at [Finish].

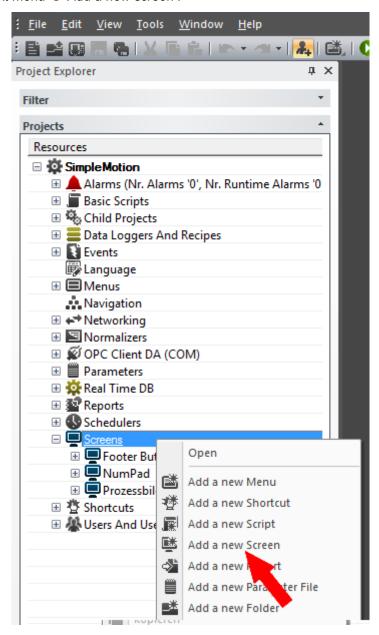


- ⇒ The language table is imported into your project.
- 7. After successful import, close the 'String Import/Export tool'.

# Adjust the numeric input field

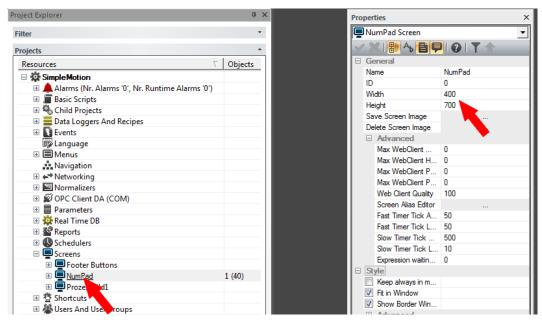
At the templates, you will find a *'Numeric Touchpad'* in various resolutions. This is an input field adapted to the VMC\_AxisControl templates for different display resolutions. You can use this touch pad instead of the default input field using the following procedure.

1. Click at 'Resources > SimpleMotion > ScreensProzessbilder' and select 'Context menu → Add a new screen'.

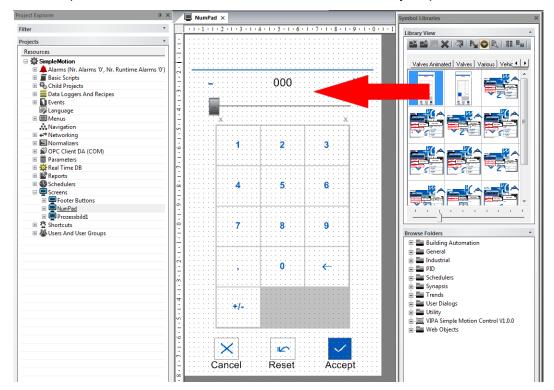


**2.** Assign a name such as 'NumPad' and confirm with [OK].

3. Click at the screen 'NumPad' and adjust via 'Context menu → Properties' width and hight such as 'Width' = 400 and 'Hight' = 700. Confirm with ✓ your settings.

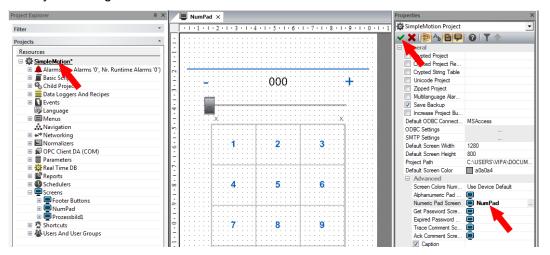


4. Select 'View → Symbol Libraries'. Navigate in 'Browse Folders' at 'vipa simple motion control ...' and drag & drop from the 'Library view' the 'Numeric Touchpad' template to the 'NumPad', which matches the resolution of your panel.

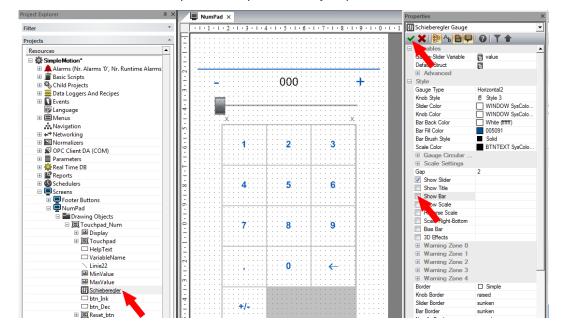


- **5.** If necessary, adjust its size.
- **6.** ▶ Click at 'Resources > SimpleMotion' and select 'Context menu → Properties'.

Select at 'General > Advanced' the numeric touch pad 'NumPad'. Confirm with ✓ your settings.



**8.** For optical adjustment click at *'Resourcen > SimpleMotion > Screens > NumPad > Drawing Objects > Touchpad\_Num'* at *'Schieberegler'* (slide control) and select *'Context menu → Properties'*. Expand the *'Style'* part and disable *'Show Bar'*.

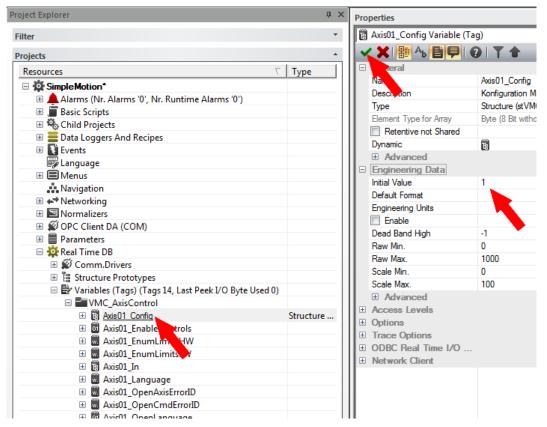


# Adjust limit and default values

When a template is placed in a screen, the associated variables and structure definitions are automatically created at 'Resources > SimpleMotion > Real Time DB > Variables > VMC\_AxisControl > ...\_Config'. Here the following variables are created and initial values are assigned:

AccelerationMaxValue - Maximum acceleration value AccelerationMinValue - Minimum acceleration value DecelerationMaxValue - Maximum delay value DecelerationMinValue - Minimum delay value **HomePosMaxValue** - Maximum home position HomePosMinValue - Minimum home position JogAccelerationMaxValue - Maximum acceleration value jog mode JogAccelerationMinValue - Minimum acceleration value jog mode JogDecelerationMaxValue - Maximum delay value jog mode JogDecelerationMinValue - Minimum delay value jog mode PositionMaxValue - Maximum position value PositionMinValue - Minimum position value VelocityMaxValue - Maximum speed value VelocityMinValue - Minimum speed value

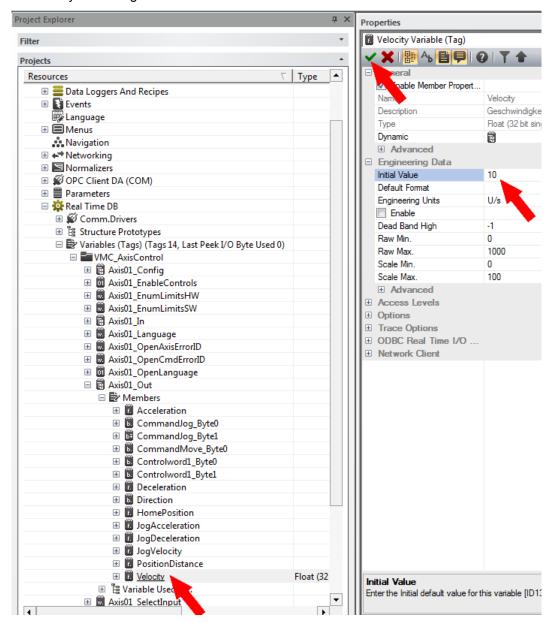
- To adjust limit and default values click at 'Resources > SimpleMotion > Real Time DB > Variables > VMC\_AxisControl > ...\_Config' and select 'Context menu → Properties'.
  - ⇒ You can adjust the corresponding values at 'Engineering Data'. Confirm with 
    ✓ your settings.



#### Adjust technical units

When a template is placed in a process picture, the associated variables are automatically generated with their technical units. These can be customized via the properties.

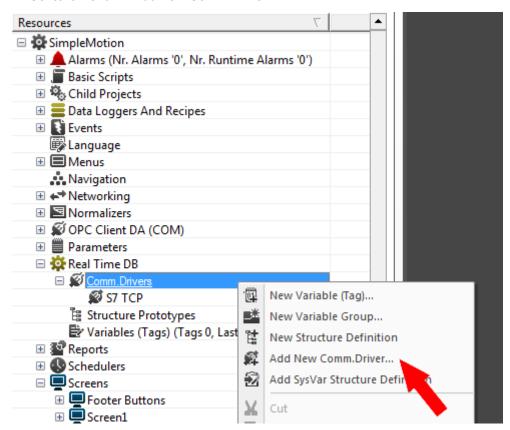
- To adapt the technical units, e.g. for speed, click at 'Resources > SimpleMotion > Real Time DB > Variables > VMC\_AxisControl > ...\_Out > Members > Velocity' and select 'Context menu → Properties'.
  - → You can adjust the corresponding values at 'Engineering Data'. Confirm with vour settings.



# Manually add communication driver

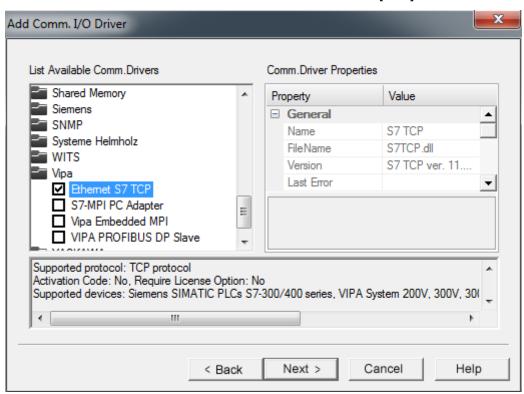
Instead of using the wizard, you can also manually add the communication driver:

1. ▶ Click at 'Resources > SimpleMotion > Real Time DB' at 'Comm.Drivers' and select 'Context menu → Add new Comm.Driver'.



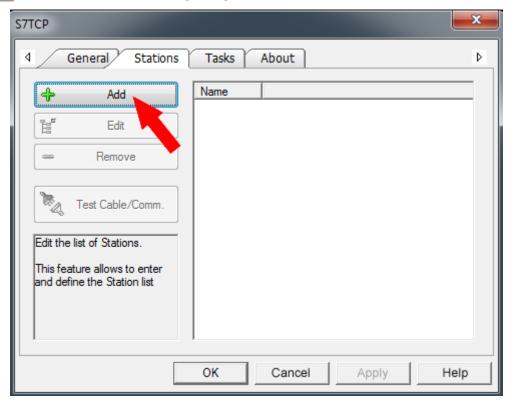
⇒ The dialog window 'New comm. I/O Driver' is opened.

2. Since the connection to the CPU is via TCP/IP, enable in the 'List available comm drivers' the driver 'VIPA' > 'Ethernet S7 TCP' and click at [Next].



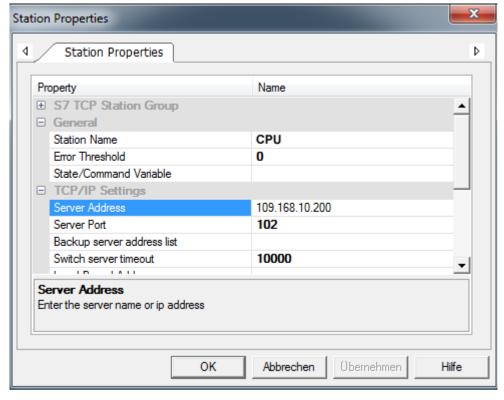
- ⇒ The communication driver 'S7 TCP' is listed at 'Resources > SimpleMotion > Real Time DB > Comm.Drivers'.
- 3. ▶ Click at 'S7 TCP' and select 'Context menu → Comm. I/O Driver Settings'.
  - ⇒ The 'S7 TCP' dialog opens.
- **4.** Select the register 'Stations'.

5. To add a new station, click [+ Add].



- ⇒ The dialog 'Station Properties' opens.
- **6.** Enter a station name at 'Station Name'. Allowed characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9 space and the separators \_ and -

Enter at 'Server Address' the IP address of your CPU and click at [OK].



7. Negate the query for importing variables from the PLC database and close the 'S7 TCP' dialog with [OK].

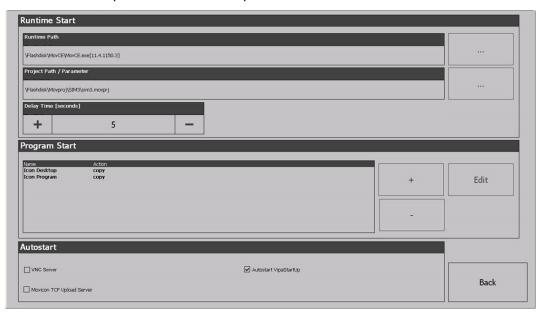
Commissioning

# 7.3 Commissioning

# Transfer project to target device

You can transfer your project to your panel via Ethernet. The Movicon runtime version, which is pre-installed in your panel, will make your project executable.

- 1. Connect your PC and your panel via Ethernet.
- 2. Start your panel and determine the IP address of your panel in the 'Startup-Manager'.
- 3. Call in your 'Startup-Manager' the 'Autostart' menu item.
- **4.** To enable Movicon to transfer a project to your panel via Ethernet, you have to enable the option 'Movicon TCP Upload Server' at 'Autostart'.



- ⇒ Confirm the query for activation.
- **5.** Now you can transfer your project to your panel from Movicon. For this in Movicon click in *'Resources'* at *'SimpleMotion'* and select *'Context menu* 
  - → Upload project to Device/FTP'.
  - ⇒ The Transfer dialog opens.
- **6.** ▶ Select at 'PlugIn Type' 'TCP'.

Specify at 'Server' the IP address of the panel.

Enter at 'User name' and 'Password' the access for your panel.

The following access data are used per default:

- Username: wince
- Password: vipatp

Secify at 'Upload Device Path' you memory card and create a new project directory.

- 7. Start the transfer with [Upload project].
- **8.** After successful transfer, you can add your project on the panel in the autostart directory and start it up.



#### **CAUTION!**

Please always observe the safety instructions for your drive, especially during commissioning!

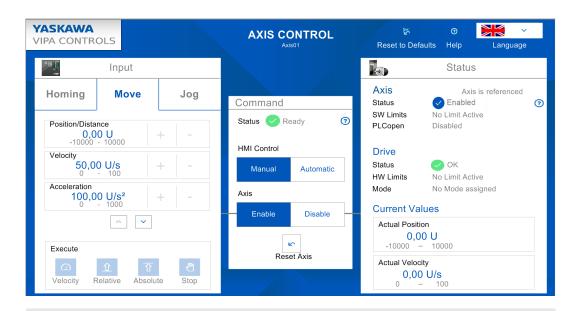
Commissioning > Controlling the VMC AxisControl via the panel

# 7.3.1 Controlling the VMC AxisControl via the panel

# Commissioning

It is assumed that you have set up your application and you can control your drive with the VMC AxisControl function block.

- Connect your CPU to your panel and turn on your application.
  - ⇒ The panel starts with the screen to control your drive.





In order to control your drive via the panel, you have to switch 'HMI Control' to [Manual]. If the status does not return any errors, you can activate the drive with [Enable] for the control. You can now control your drive via the corresponding buttons.

### **7.3.1.1** Operation

## User panel



# 'Reset to Defaults'

- By 'Reset to Defaults' the following values are reset to default values of the application, which you can adapt accordingly as described above:
  - Velocity: 50U/s
  - Acceleration/Deceleration: 100U/s<sup>2</sup>
  - Position/Home Position: 0U

### 'Help'

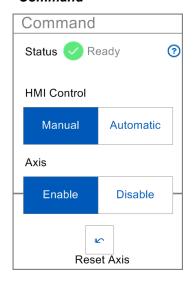
■ You can access your own help file via 'Help'. This is to be integrated within Movicon accordingly.

## 'Language'

You can use 'Language' to specify the appropriate language for the user interface.

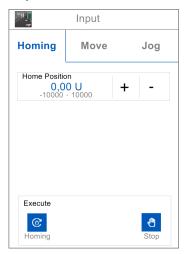
Commissioning > Controlling the VMC AxisControl via the panel

### 'Command'



- 'Status'
  - Here you can see the current status of your driving command.
- 'HMI Control'
  - 'Manual': When activated, the drive can be controlled via the panel.
  - 'Automatic': In the activated state, the drive is controlled via the PLC program of your CPU and can not be influenced by the panel.
- 'Axis'
  - 'Enable': The drive is enabled in the activated state and when 'Manual' of 'HMI
     Control' is activated and you can control this via the 'Input' area.
  - 'Disable': When activated, the drive is disabled and no control is possible.
- 'Reset Axis'
  - On error, the control buttons become inactive. With 'Reset Axis' you can acknowledge error messages and and reactivate buttons.

### 'Input'



#### 'Homing'

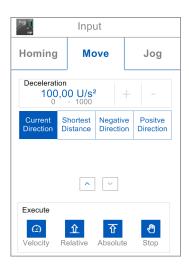
- You can use the input field or [+] and [-] to specify a homing position and move to this via 'Execute > Homing' as a reference point.
- You can stop the homing with 'Execute > Stop'.



## 'Move'

- Via the corresponding input field or [+] and [-] you can specify 'Position/Distance', 'Velocity', 'Acceleration' and 'Deceleration' and execute them via the corresponding driving command at 'Execute'. Use [v] to navigate down.
  - 'Velocity': When actuated, the drive executes the drive command at a constant velocity.
  - 'Relative': When actuated, the drive moves to the relative position, which can be pre-set at 'Position/Distance'.
  - 'Absolute': When actuated, the drive moves to the absolute position, which can be pre-set at 'Position/Distance'.
  - 'Stop': When actuated, the drive is stopped.
  - 'Current direction': When activated, the current drive direction is used.
  - 'Shortest distance': When activated, the shortest distance to the specified position is used.
  - *'Negative direction'*: When activated, the negative drive direction is used.
  - 'Positive direction': When activated, the positive drive direction is used.

Commissioning > Controlling the VMC AxisControl via the panel

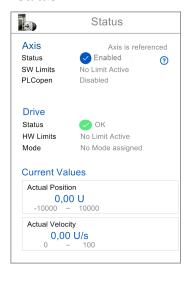




### 'Jog'

- Via the corresponding input field or [+] and [-] you can specify 'Velocity', 'Acceleration' and 'Deceleration' and execute the according drive command to positive respectively negative direction via the direction buttons at 'Execute'.
- As long as you press one of the direction buttons, the drive is accelerated to the required speed with the specified acceleration.
- When the direction button is released, the drive is stopped with the specified deceleration.

#### 'Status'



## 'Axis'

- 'Status' The status of your axis is shown here.
  - 'Enabled': The axis is switched on.
  - 'Ready': The axis is ready to switch on.
  - 'Disabled': The axis is disabled.
- "
  'SW Limits': As soon as SW limits exist, this is shown here.
- "PLCopen": The PLCopen status is shown here.

## 'Drive

- 'Status': The status of the drive controller is shown here.
- 'HW-Limits': Here, a possible limitation in your drive controller is shown here.
- 'Mode': Here you can get information about the currently selected drive profile.

#### 'Current Values'

- The current values of 'Position' and 'Velocity' are shown here.
- Values that are outside the defined limits are framed in red.

Overview

# 8 Blocks for axis control

# 8.1 Overview

At Axis Control you can find the blocks for programming motion tasks and status queries.

# Simple motion tasks

Block	
UDT 860 - MC_AXIS_REF - Data structure for axis	♥ 169
FB 860 - VMC_AxisControl - Control of drive functions and query of drive states	∜ 169
FB 875 - VMC_AxisControl_PT - Axis control via Pulse Train	∜ 172
This block is exclusively used to control Sigma-5 or Sigma-7 drives, which are connected via Pulse Train.	

# Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks

Block	See page
UDT 860 - MC_AXIS_REF - Data structure for axis	♦ 180
UDT 861 - MC_TRIGGER_REF - Data structure	♦ 180
FB 800 - MC_Power	∜ 181
Enable respectively disable axis	
FB 801 - MC_Home	∜ 183
Homing axis	
FB 802 - MC_Stop	
Stop axis	
FB 803 - MC_Halt	∜ 187
Stop axis	
FB 804 - MC_MoveRelative	∜ 189
Move axis relative	
FB 805 - MC_MoveVelocity	∜ 191
Drive axis with constant velocity	
FB 808 - MC_MoveAbsolute	∜ 193
Move axis to absolute position	
FB 811 - MC_Reset	∜ 195
Reset axis	
FB 812 - MC_ReadStatus	∜ 197
Read PLCopen-State of the axis	
FB 813 - MC_ReadAxisError	∜ 199
Read axis error	
FB 814 - MC_ReadParameter	♦ 201
Read axis parameter data	

Overview

Block	See page
FB 815 - MC_WriteParameter	♦ 203
Write parameter to axis	
FB 816 - MC_ReadActualPosition	♥ 205
Read the current position of the axis	
FB 817 - MC_ReadActualVelocity	∜ 206
Read the current speed of the axis	
FB 818 - MC_ReadAxisInfo	
Read axis additional information	
FB 819 - MC_ReadMotionState	∜ 209
Read state of the motion job	
FB 823 - MC_TouchProbe	♥ 211
Touch probe	
FB 824 - MC_AbortTrigger	⇔ 213
Abort touch probe	
FB 825 - MC_ReadBoolParameter	∜ 214
Read Boolean parameter from axis	
FB 826 - MC_WriteBoolParameter	∜ 216
Write Boolean parameter to axis	
FB 827 - VMC_ReadDWordParameter	♦ 218
Read double word parameter from axis	
FB 828 - VMC_WriteDWordParameter	<b>⇔</b> 220
Write double-word parameter to axis	
FB 829 - VMC_ReadWordParameter	∜ 222
Read word parameter of axis	
FB 830 - VMC_WriteWordParameter	<b>⇔</b> 224
Write word parameter to axis	
FB 831 - VMC_ReadByteParameter	♦ 226
Read byte parameter from axis	M 000
FB 832 - VMC_WriteByteParameter	♦ 228
Write byte parameter to axis	M 000
FB 833 - VMC_ReadDriveParameter	♦ 230
Read drive parameter from drive	M. 022
FB 834 - VMC_WriteDriveParameter Write drive parameter to drive	<b>\$ 232</b>
FB 835 - VMC Homelnit LimitSwitch	♦ 234
Initialization of homing on limit switch	<i>y</i> ∠3 <del>1</del>
FB 836 - VMC_HomeInit_HomeSwitch	♦ 236
Initialization of homing on home switch	<i>y</i> 200
g on nome of the	

Overview

Block	See page
FB 837 - VMC_HomeInit_ZeroPulse	∜ 238
Initialization of homing on zero pulse	
FB 838 - VMC_HomeInit_SetPosition	∜ 240
Initialization of homing mode set position	

Simple motion tasks > FB 860 - VMC AxisControl - Control block axis control

# 8.2 Simple motion tasks

# 8.2.1 UDT 860 - MC\_AXIS\_REF - Data structure axis data

This is a user-defined data structure that contains status information of the axis.

# 8.2.2 FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control

# **Description**

With the FB *VMC\_AxisControl* you can control the connected axis. You can check the status of the drive, turn the drive on or off, or execute various motion commands. A separate memory area is located in the instance data of the block. You can control your axis by means of an HMI. % *Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146* 



The VMC\_AxisControl block should never be used simultaneously with the PLCopen module MC\_Power. Since the VMC\_AxisControl contains functionalities of the MC\_Power and the latest command from the VMC\_Kernel module is always executed, this can lead to a faulty behavior of the drive.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
AxisEnable	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Enable/disable axis</li><li>TRUE: The axis is enabled.</li><li>FALSE: The axis is disabled.</li></ul>
AxisReset	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Reset axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: Axis reset is performed.</li></ul>
HomeExecute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Homing</li><li>Edge 0-1: Homing is started.</li></ul>
HomePosition	INPUT	REAL	With a successful homing the current position of the axis is uniquely set to Position. Position is to be entered in the used application unit.
StopExecute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Stop axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: Stopping of the axis is started.</li></ul>
MvVelocityExecute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Start moving the axis</li> <li>Edge 0-1: The axis is accelerated / decelerated to the speed specified.</li> </ul>
MvRelativeExecute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Start moving the axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: The relative positioning of the axis is started.</li></ul>
MvAbsoluteExecute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Start moving the axis</li> <li>Edge 0-1: The absolute positioning of the axis is started.</li> </ul>
Direction *	INPUT	ВҮТЕ	Mode for absolute positioning:  0: shortest distance 1: positive direction 2: negative direction 3: current direction
PositionDistance	INPUT	REAL	Absolute position or relative distance depending on the command in [user units].

Simple motion tasks > FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Velocity	INPUT	REAL	Velocity setting (signed value) in [user units / s].
Acceleration	INPUT	REAL	Acceleration in [user units / s <sup>2</sup> ].
Deceleration	INPUT	REAL	Deceleration in [user units / s <sup>2</sup> ].
JogPositive	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Drive axis with constant velocity in positive direction</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Drive axis with constant velocity is started.</li> <li>Edge 1-0: The axis is stopped.</li> </ul>
JogNegative	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Drive axis with constant velocity in negative direction</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Drive axis with constant velocity is started.</li> <li>Edge 1-0: The axis is stopped.</li> </ul>
JogVelocity	INPUT	REAL	Speed setting for jogging (positive value) in [user units / s].
JogAcceleration	INPUT	REAL	Acceleration in [user units / s <sup>2</sup> ].
JogDeceleration	INPUT	REAL	Delay for jogging in [user units / s <sup>2</sup> ].
AxisReady	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>■ AxisReady</li> <li>TRUE: The axis is ready to switch on.</li> <li>FALSE: The axis is not ready to switch on.</li> <li>→ Check and fix AxisError (see AxisErrorID).</li> <li>→ Check and fix DriveError (see DriveErrorID).</li> <li>→ Check initialization FB (input and output addresses or PDO mapping correct?)</li> </ul>
AxisEnabled	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status axis</li> <li>TRUE: Axis is switched on and accepts motion commands.</li> <li>FALSE: Axis is not switched on and does not accepts motion commands.</li> </ul>
AxisError	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>■ Motion axis error</li> <li>- TRUE: An error has occurred.</li> <li>Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>AxisErrorID</i>.</li> <li>→ The axis is disabled.</li> </ul>
AxisErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  Straightful Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
DriveWarning	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Warning         <ul> <li>TRUE: There is a warning on the drive.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Additional information can be found in the manufacturer's manual.</li> </ul>
DriveError	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>■ Error on the drive         <ul> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>DriveErrorID</i>.</li> <li>→ The axis is disabled.</li> </ul>

Simple motion tasks > FB 860 - VMC\_AxisControl - Control block axis control

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
DriveErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	<ul> <li>Error</li> <li>TRUE: There is an error on the drive.</li> <li>Additional information can be found in the manufacturer's manual.</li> </ul>
IsHomed	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Information axis: homed</li><li>TRUE: The axis is homed.</li></ul>
ModeOfOperation	OUTPUT	INT	Drive-specific mode. For further information see drive manual.  Example Sigma-5:  0: No mode changed/no mode assigned  1: Profile Position mode  2: Reserved (keep last mode)  3: Profile Velocity mode  4: Torque Profile mode  6: Homing mode  7: Interpolated Position mode  8: Cyclic Sync Position mode  9: Cyclic Sync Velocity mode  10: Cyclic Sync Torque mode  Other Reserved (keep last mode)
PLCopenState	OUTPUT	INT	Current PLCopenState:  1: Disabled  2: Standstill  3: Homing  4: Discrete Motion  5: Continous Motion  7: Stopping  8: Errorstop
ActualPosition	OUTPUT	REAL	Position of the axis in [user unit].
ActualVelocity	OUTPUT	REAL	Velocity of the axis in [user unit / s]
CmdDone	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job ended without error.</li></ul>
CmdBusy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running.</li></ul>
CmdAborted	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job.</li> </ul>
CmdError	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status         <ul> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Additional error information can be found in the parameter CmdErrorID.</li> </ul>

Blocks for axis control VIPA SPEED7 Library

Simple motion tasks > FB 875 - VMC AxisControl PT - Axis control via Pulse Train

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
CmdErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
DirectionPositive	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status motion job: Position increasing</li><li>TRUE: The position of the axis is increasing</li></ul>
DirectionNegative	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status motion job: Position decreasing</li><li>TRUE: The position of the axis is decreasing</li></ul>
SWLimitMinActive	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Software limit switch</li> <li>TRUE: Software Limit switch Minimum active (Minimum position in negative direction exceeded).</li> </ul>
SWLimitMaxActive	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Software limit switch</li> <li>TRUE: Software limit switch Maximum active (Maximum position in positive direction exceeded).</li> </ul>
HWLimitMinActive	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Hardware limit switch</li> <li>TRUE: Negative hardware limit switch active on the drive (NOT- Negative Overtravel).</li> </ul>
HWLimitMaxActive	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Hardware limit switch</li> <li>TRUE: Positive hardware limit switch active on the drive (POT- Positive Overtravel).</li> </ul>
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis.
*) This parameter is not supported by all drives, e.g. Sigma 5 via EtherCAT does not support this parameter.			

# 8.2.3 FB 875 - VMC\_AxisControl\_PT - Axis control via Pulse Train

## **Description**

With the FB VMC\_AxisControl\_PT you can control axis, wich are connected via Pulse Train. You can check the status of the drive, turn the drive on or off, or execute various motion commands. A separate memory area is located in the instance data of the block. You can control your axis by means of an HMI. § Chapter 7 'Controlling the drive via HMI' on page 146



The control of a pulse train drive happens exclusively with the FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT. PLCopen blocks are not supported!

# **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
S_Channel- NumberPWM	INPUT	INT	Channel number of the PWM output, which is used for the control of the Pulse Train input of the servo (signal PULS).
S_Ready	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Digital input for connecting the S_Ready signal (S-RDY)</li><li>TRUE: Servo is ready for the S_On signal.</li></ul>
S_Alarm	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Digital input for connecting the S_Alarm signal (ALM)</li> <li>FALSE if the servo has detected an error.</li> </ul>
FactorPosition	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the position of user units into drive units (increments) and back. & 'FactorPosition' on page 175

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
FactorVelocity	INPUT	REAL	Factor for converting the velocity of user units into drive units (increments) and back. & 'FactorVelocity' on page 176
AxisEnable	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Enable/disable axis</li><li>TRUE: The axis is enabled.</li><li>FALSE: The axis is disabled.</li></ul>
AxisReset	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Reset axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: Axis reset is performed.</li></ul>
StopExecute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Stop axis</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Stopping of the axis is started.</li> <li>Note: StopExecute = 1: No other command can be started!</li> </ul>
MvVelocityExecute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Start moving the axis</li> <li>Edge 0-1: The axis is accelerated / decelerated to the speed specified.</li> </ul>
MvRelativeEx- ecute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Start moving the axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: The relative positioning of the axis is started.</li></ul>
JogPositive	INPUT	BOOL	Jog operation positive
			<ul> <li>Drive axis with constant velocity in positive direction</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Drive axis with constant velocity is started.</li> <li>Edge 1-0: The axis is stopped.</li> </ul>
JogNegative	INPUT	BOOL	Jog operation negative  ■ Drive axis with constant velocity in negative direction  − Edge 0-1: Drive axis with constant velocity is started.  − Edge 1-0: The axis is stopped.
PositionDis- tance	INPUT	REAL	Absolute position or relative distance for <i>MvRelativeExecute</i> in [user units].
Velocity	INPUT	REAL	Velocity setting (signed value) in [user units / s].
S_ON	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Digital output for controlling the S_On signal (S-ON)</li> <li>TRUE: turns on the servo.</li> <li>TRUE: turns off the servo.</li> </ul>
S_Direction	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Digital output for controlling the S_Direction signal (SIGN)</li> <li>TRUE: Presetting of the direction of rotation positive direction for the servo.</li> <li>FALSE: Presetting of the direction of rotation negative direction for the servo.</li> </ul>
S_AlarmReset	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Digital output for controlling the S_AlarmReset signal (ALM-RST)</li> <li>TRUE: Alarms are reset in the servo.</li> <li>FALSE: Alarms in the servo remain.</li> </ul>
MinUserDis- tance	OUTPUT	REAL	Minimum drive distance (1 increment) of the servo [user units].
MinUserDis- tance	OUTPUT	REAL	Maximum drive distance (8388607 increments = maximum number of pulses of the PWM output) of the servo [user units].
MinUserVe- locity	OUTPUT	REAL	Minimum speed (period duration = $65535\mu s$ = maximum period of the PWM output) of the servo [user units].

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
MinUserVe- locity	OUTPUT	REAL	Maximum speed (period duration = $20\mu s$ = minimum period duration of the PWM output) of the servo [user units].
AxisReady	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>AxisReady</li> <li>TRUE: The axis is ready to switch on.</li> <li>FALSE: The axis is not ready to switch on.</li> <li>→ Check and fix AxisError (see AxisErrorID).</li> <li>→ Check and fix DriveError.</li> </ul>
AxisEnabled	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status axis         <ul> <li>TRUE: Axis is switched on and accepts motion commands.</li> <li>FALSE: Axis is not switched on and does not accepts motion commands.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Conditions for AxisEnabled = TRUE         <ul> <li>AxisEnable = TRUE</li> <li>S_Ready = TRUE</li> <li>S_Alarm = TRUE</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
AxisError	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>■ Motion axis error         <ul> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Additional error information can be found in the parameter AxisErrorID.</li> <li>→ The axis is locked (S_On = FALSE and AxisEnabled = FALSE). Command is not executed.</li> </ul>
AxisErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
DriveError	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>♦ Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249</li> <li>■ Error on the drive         <ul> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred.</li> <li>→ The axis is disabled.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
CmdActive	OUTPUT	ВҮТЕ	<ul> <li>Command</li> <li>0: no Cmd active</li> <li>1: STOP</li> <li>2: MvVelocity</li> <li>3: MvRelative</li> <li>4: JogPos</li> <li>5: JogNeg</li> </ul>
CmdDone	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status Done</li><li>TRUE: Job ended without error.</li></ul>
CmdBusy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status busy</li><li>TRUE: Job is running.</li></ul>
CmdAborted	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status Aborted</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job.</li> <li>Note: CmdAborted is reset when a Cmd is started</li> </ul>

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
CmdError	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status Error</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. The axis is disabled</li> <li>Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>CmdErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
CmdErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error informations  & Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

#### 8.2.3.1 Conversion factors

## **FactorPosition**



The calculation of FactorPosition is only valid if servo parameter Reference Pulse Multiplier (Pn218) = 1.

$$Factor Position = \frac{Resolution}{Numerator} \cdot Denominator$$

FactorPosition - Factor for converting the position of user units into drive units (incre-

ments) and back.

Resolution - Number of increments per user unit

Numerator - Numerator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn20E) of the servo parameter
 Denominator - Denominator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn210) of the servo parameter

## **Example User unit for position = 1 revolution**

FactorPosition - Factor for converting the position of user units into drive units (incre-

ments) and back.

Resolution - Number of increments per user unit

Resolution =  $2^{20}$  = 1048576

Numerator - Numerator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn20E) of the servo parameter

Numerator = 1024

Denominator - Denominator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn210) of the servo parameter

Denominator = 1

 $Factor Position = \frac{Resolution}{Numerator} \cdot Denominator$ 

 $FactorPosition = \frac{1048576}{1024} \cdot 1 = 1024$ 

## **Example minimum distance**

MinPos - Minimum distance in rotations

Resolution - Number of increments per user unit

Resolution =  $2^{20}$  = 1048576

Numerator - Numerator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn20E) of the servo parameter

Numerator = 1024

Period - Minimum period

Period = 1

$${\it MinPos=Numerator} \cdot \frac{{\it Period}}{{\it Resolutioon}}$$

$$MinPos=1024 \cdot \frac{1}{1048576} = \frac{1}{1024}$$

## **Example maximum distance**

MaxPos - Maximum distance in revolutions

Resolution - Number of increments per user unit

Resolution =  $2^{20}$  = 1048576

Numerator - Numerator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn20E) of the servo parameter

Numerator = 1024

Period - Maximum period

Period = 8388607

$${\it MaxPos=Numerator} \cdot \frac{{\it Period}}{{\it Resolution}}$$

$$MaxPos=1024 \cdot \frac{8388607}{1048576} = 8192$$

## **FactorVelocity**



The calculation of FactorVelocity is only valid if servo parameter Reference Pulse Multiplier (Pn218) = 1.

$$Factor Velocity = Time \cdot \frac{Numerator}{Denominator}$$
 
$$Resolution$$

Time - Time for 1 revolution in μs

Numerator - Numerator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn20E) of the servo parameter

Denominator - Denominator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn210) of the servo parameter

Resolution - Number of increments per user unit

### Example User unit for velocity = revolution/min

FactorVelocity - Factor for converting of user units into drive units (increments) and

back

Time - Time for 1 revolution in  $\mu$ s

Time =  $1 \text{min} = 60 \cdot 10^6 \mu \text{s}$ 

Numerator - Numerator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn20E) of the servo parameter

Numerator = 1024

Denominator - Denominator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn210) of the servo parameter

Denominator = 1

Resolution - Number of increments per user unit

 $Resolution = 2^{20} = 1048576$ 

$$Factor Velocity = Time \cdot \frac{\begin{array}{c} Numerator \\ \hline Denominator \\ \hline Resolution \end{array}}$$

FactorVelocity=
$$60 \cdot 10^6 \frac{1024}{1048576} = \frac{60 \cdot 10^6}{1024} = 58593,75$$

# Example User unit for velocity = revolution/s

FactorVelocity - Factor for converting of user units into drive units (increments) and

Time - Time for 1 revolution in μs

*Time* =  $1s = 10^6 \mu s$ 

Numerator - Numerator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn20E) of the servo parameter

Numerator = 1024

Denominator - Denominator: Electronic Gear Ratio (Pn210) of the servo parameter

Denominator = 1

Resolution - Number of increments per user unit

Resolution =  $2^{20}$  = 1048576

$$Factor Velocity = Time \cdot \frac{\begin{array}{c} Numerator \\ \hline Denominator \\ \hline Resolution \end{array}}$$

$$Factor Velocity = 10^{6} \frac{\frac{1024}{1}}{1048576} = \frac{10^{6}}{1024} = 976,5625$$

## Minimum velocity for revolutions/min

MinVel - Minimum velocity in revolutions/min

FactorVelocity - Factor for converting of user units into drive units (increments) and

back.

$$MinVel = \frac{FactorVelocity}{65535} = \frac{58593,75}{65535} = 0,89$$

## Maximum velocity for revolutions/min

MaxVel - Maximum velocity in revolutions/min

FactorVelocity - Factor for converting of user units into drive units (increments) and

back.

$$MaxVel = \frac{FactorVelocity}{20} = \frac{58593,75}{20} = 2929,69$$

## 8.2.3.2 Functionality

## Switch the drive on or off

- The AxisEnable input is used to switch an axis on or off.
- Switching on is only possible if *AxisReady* = TRUE, i.e. the axis is ready to switch on.
- As soon as the axis is switched on, this is indicated by the status information AxisEnabled.
- If the axis has an error, this is indicated by the status information *AxisError*. For more information refer to *AxisErrorID*.

### Acknowledge drive errors

- With AxisReset you can acknowledge errors on the drive.
- Errors are reported via DriveError.

### Stop axis - MC\_STOP

- You can stop an axis in motion by setting StopExecute.
- As long as *StopExecute* is set, no further pulses are generated and all commands are blocked.

## Velocity mode - MC\_Move-Velocity

- Precondition: The drive is switched on and AxisReady = TRUE.
- With MvVelocityExecute, you can bring the axis to rotate with constant velocity.
- You specify the velocity via Velocity.
- By setting 0, the axis stops as well as with StopExecute.
- The direction of rotation is determined by the sign of *Velocity*.
- The Velocity value can be 0 or MinUserVelocity ≤ Velocity ≤ MaxUserVelocity.

# Relative positioning - MC\_MoveRelative

- Precondition: The drive is switched on and AxisReady = TRUE.
- The relative positioning happens by *MvRelativeExecute*.
- You can specify the distance in user units via *PositionDistance*.
- The direction of rotation is determined by the sign of *PositionDistance*.
- You specify the velocity via *Velocity*.
- By setting *StopExecute*, you can stop a running command.

## Jog mode

- Precondition: The drive is switched on and AxisReady = TRUE.
- With an edge 0-1 at *JogPositive* or *JogNegative*, you can control your drive in jog mode. In this case, a jogging command is executed in the corresponding direction of rotation.
- You specify the velocity via *Velocity*. The sign is not relevant.
- With an edge 1-0 at *JogPositive* or *JogNegative* respectively by setting *StopExecute* the axis is stopped.

Blocks for axis control VIPA SPEED7 Library

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > UDT 861 - MC\_TRIGGER\_REF - Data structure trigger signal

# 8.3 Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks



The control of a pulse train drive happens exclusively with the FB 875 VMC\_AxisControl\_PT. PLCopen blocks are not supported!

# 8.3.1 UDT 860 - MC\_AXIS\_REF - Data structure axis data

This is a user-defined data structure that contains status information of the axis.

# 8.3.2 UDT 861 - MC\_TRIGGER\_REF - Data structure trigger signal

This is a user defined data structure, that contains information of the trigger signal.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 800 - MC Power - enable/disable axis

## 8.3.3 FB 800 - MC\_Power - enable/disable axis

**Description** 

With MC\_Power an axis can be enabled or disabled.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Enable/disable axis</li><li>TRUE: The axis is enabled</li><li>FALSE: The axis is disabled</li></ul>
EnablePositive	INPUT	BOOL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with FALSE
EnableNegative	INPUT	BOOL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with FALSE
Status	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status axis</li> <li>TRUE: The axis is ready to execute motion control jobs</li> <li>FALSE: The axis is not ready to execute motion control jobs</li> </ul>
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	Always FALSE
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Error</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>. The axis is disabled.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  © Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

Enable axis Call MC\_Power with Enable = TRUE. If Status shows a value of TRUE, the axis is ena-

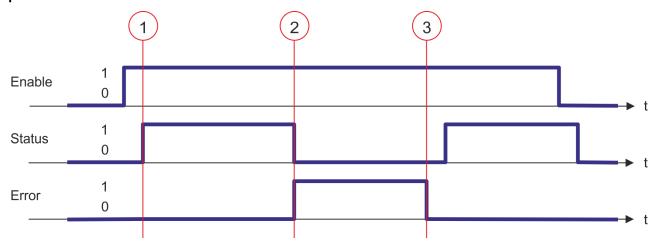
bled. In this status motion control jobs can be activated.

**Disable axis** Call MC\_Power with *Enable* = FALSE. If *Status* shows a value of FALSE, the axis is disa-

bled. When disabling the axis a possibly active motion job is cancelled and the axis is

stopped.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 800 - MC Power - enable/disable axis



- (1) The axis is enabled with *Enable* = TRUE. At the time (1) it is enabled. Then motion control jobs can be activated.
- (2) At the time (2) an error occurs, which causes the to disable the axis. A possibly active motion job is cancelled and the axis is stopped.
- (3) The error is eliminated and acknowledged at time (3). Thus *Enable* is further set, the axis is enabled again. Finally the axis is disabled with *Enable* = FALSE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 801 - MC Home - home axis

## 8.3.4 FB 801 - MC\_Home - home axis

### **Description**

With MC\_Home an axis can be set to a reference point. This is used to match the axis coordinates to the real, physical drive position. The homing method and its parameters must be configured directly at the drive. For this use the VMC\_Homelnit\_... blocks.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Homing</li><li>Edge 0-1: Homing is started</li></ul>
Position	INPUT	REAL	With a successful homing the current position of the axis is uniquely set to <i>Position</i> .
			Position is to be entered in the used application unit.
BufferMode	INPUT	BYTE	Parameter is currently not supported; call with B#16#0
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done.</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running.</li></ul>
CommandA- borted	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job.</li> </ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  State Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

### **PLCopen-State**

Start of the job only in the PLCopen-State Standstill possible.

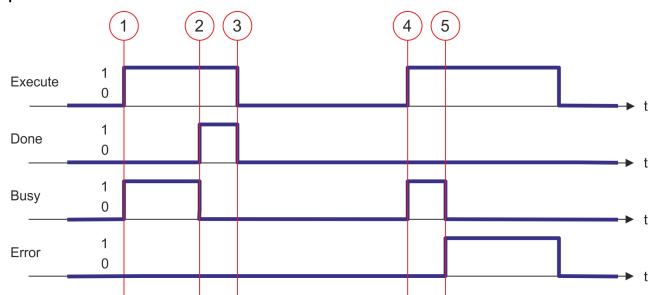
#### Home axis

The homing is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute. Busy* is TRUE as soon as the homing is running. Once *Done* becomes TRUE, homing was successfully completed. The current position of the axis was set to the value of *Position*.



- An active job continues to run even when Execute is set to FALSE.
- A running job can not be aborted by a move job (e.g. MC\_MoveRelative).

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 801 - MC Home - home axis



- (1) The homing is started with edge 0-1 at Execute and Busy becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) the homing is completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.
- (4) At the time (4) with an edge 0-1 at *Execute* the homing is started again and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (5) At the time (5) an error occurs during homing. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *ERROR* den value TRUE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 802 - MC Stop - stop axis

## 8.3.5 FB 802 - MC\_Stop - stop axis

### **Description**

With MC\_STOP the axis is stopped. With the parameter *Deceleration*, the dynamic behavior can be determined during stopping.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Stop axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: Stopping of the axis is started</li></ul>
Deceleration	INPUT	REAL	Delay in stopping in [user units/s²]
Jerk	INPUT	REAL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with 0.0
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
CommandA- borted	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job.</li> </ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  © Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

## **PLCopen-State**

- Start of the job in the PLCopen-States *Standstill*, *Homing*, *Discrete Motion* and *Continuous Motion* possible.
- MC\_Stop switches the axis to the PLCopen-State Stopping. In Stopping no motion jobs can be started. As long as Execute is true, the axis remains in PLCopen-State Stopping. If Execute becomes FALSE, the axis switches to PLCopen-StateStandstill. In Standstill motion tasks can be started.

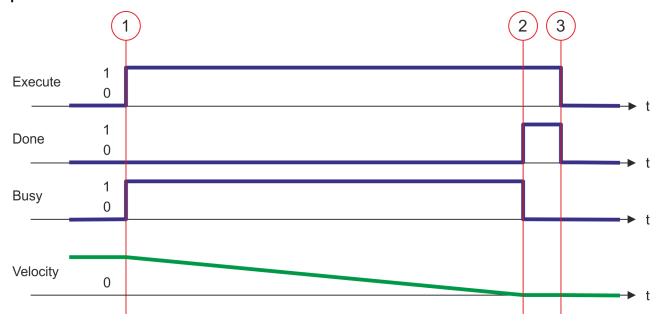
#### Stop axis

The stopping of the axis is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as the stopping of the axis is running. After the axis has been stopped and thus the speed has reached 0, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



- An active job continues until the axis stops even when Execute is set to FALSE.
- A running job can not be aborted by a move job (e.g. MC\_MoveRelative).

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 802 - MC Stop - stop axis



- (1) Stopping of the axis is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE. The velocity of the axis is reduced to zero, regarding the parameter *Deceleration*.
- (2) At time (2) stopping the axis is completed, the axis is stopped. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 803 - MC Halt - holding axis

## 8.3.6 FB 803 - MC\_Halt - holding axis

### **Description**

With MC\_Halt the axis is slowed down to standstill. With the parameter *Deceleration* the dynamic behavior can be determined during breaking.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Stop axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: Stopping of the axis is started</li></ul>
Deceleration	INPUT	REAL	Delay in breaking in [user units/s <sup>2</sup> ]
Jerk	INPUT	REAL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with 0.0
BufferMode	INPUT	BYTE	Parameter is currently not supported; call with B#16#0
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Active	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Block controls the axis</li></ul>
CommandA- borted	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job</li> </ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

## **PLCopen-State**

- Start of the job in the PLCopen-States Discrete Motion and Continuous Motion possible.
- MC Halt switches the axis to the PLCopen-State *Discrete Motion*.

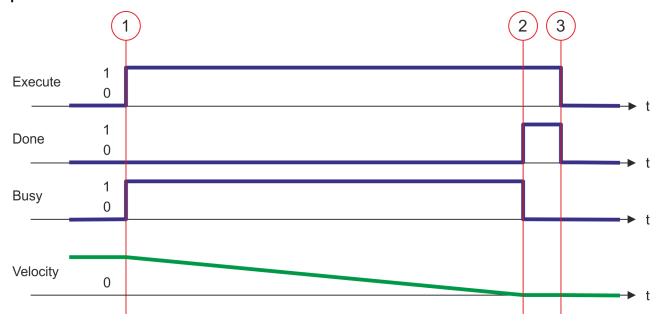
#### Slow down axis

The slow down of the axis is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as the slow down of the axis is running. After the axis has been slowed down and thus the speed has reached 0, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



- An active job continues until the axis stops even when Execute is set to FALSE.
- A running job can be aborted by a move job (e.g. MC\_MoveRelative).

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 803 - MC Halt - holding axis



- (1) Breaking the axis is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE. The velocity of the axis is reduced to zero, regarding the parameter *Deceleration*.
- (2) At time (2) slowing down the axis is completed, the axis is stopped. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 804 - MC MoveRelative - move axis relative

## 8.3.7 FB 804 - MC\_MoveRelative - move axis relative

### **Description**

With MC\_MoveRelative the axis is moved relative to the position in order to start a specified distance. With the parameters *Velocity*, *Acceleration* and *Deceleration* the dynamic behavior can be determined during the movement.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Move axis relative</li> <li>Edge 0-1: The relative movement of the axis is started</li> </ul>
ContinuousUp- date	INPUT	BOOL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with FALSE
Distance	INPUT	REAL	Relative distance in [user units]
Velocity	INPUT	REAL	Max. Velocity (needs not necessarily be reached) in [user units/s]
Acceleration	INPUT	REAL	Acceleration in [user units/s²]
Deceleration	INPUT	REAL	Delay in breaking in [user units/s <sup>2</sup> ]
Jerk	INPUT	REAL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with 0.0
BufferMode	INPUT	BYTE	Parameter is currently not supported; call with B#16#0
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done; target position reached</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Active	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Block controls the axis</li></ul>
CommandA- borted	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job</li> </ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

## **PLCopen-State**

- Start of the job in the PLCopen-States Standstill, Discrete Motion and Continuous Motion possible.
- MC\_MoveRelative switches the axis to the PLCopen-State *Discrete Motion*.

### Move axis relative

The movement of the axis is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as the movement of the axis is running. After the target position was reached, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. Then the velocity of the axis is 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 804 - MC MoveRelative - move axis relative



- An active job continues to move to target position even when Execute is set to FALSE.
- A running job can be aborted by a move job (e.g. MC\_MoveAbsolute).



- (1) With MC\_MoveRelative the axis is moved relative by a *Distance* = 1000.0 (start position at job start is 0.0). Moving the axis is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At time (2) the axis was moved by the *Distance* = 1000.0, i.e. the target position was reached. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 805 - MC MoveVelocity - drive axis with constant velocity

## 8.3.8 FB 805 - MC\_MoveVelocity - drive axis with constant velocity

### **Description**

With MC\_MoveVelocity the axis is driven with a constant velocity. With the parameters *Velocity*, *Acceleration* and *Deceleration* the dynamic behavior can be determined during the movement.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Drive axis with constant velocity</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Drive axis with constant velocity is started</li> </ul>
ContinuousUp- date	INPUT	BOOL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with FALSE
Velocity	INPUT	REAL	Velocity setting (signed value) in [user units/s]
Acceleration	INPUT	REAL	Acceleration in [user units/s <sup>2</sup> ]
Deceleration	INPUT	REAL	Delay in breaking in [user units/s²]
Jerk	INPUT	REAL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with 0.0
BufferMode	INPUT	BYTE	Parameter is currently not supported; call with B#16#0
InVelocity	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Velocity setting</li><li>TRUE: Velocity setting reached</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Active	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Block controls the axis</li></ul>
CommandA- borted	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job</li> </ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

## **PLCopen-State**

- Start of the job in the PLCopen-States *Standstill*, *Discrete Motion* and *Continuous Motion* possible.
- MC\_MoveVelocity switches the axis to the PLCopen-State Continuous Motion.

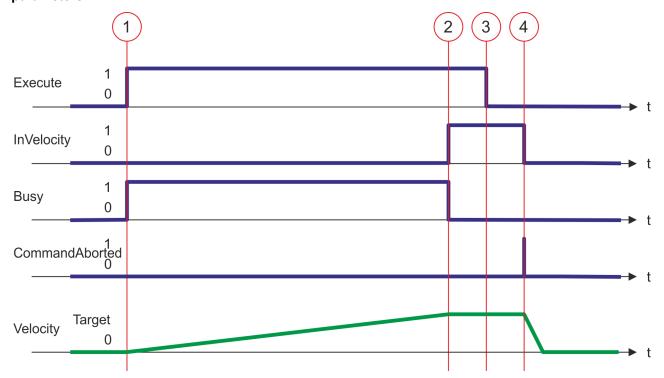
## Drive axis with set velocity

The movement of the axis with set velocity is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE and *InVelocity* FALSE as soon as the set velocity is not reached. If the set velocity is reached, *Busy* becomes FALSE and *InVelocity* TRUE. The axis is constant moved with this velocity.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 805 - MC MoveVelocity - drive axis with constant velocity



- An active job is continued, even when the set velocity is reached and even when Execute is set to FALSE.
- A running job can be aborted by a move job (e.g. MC\_MoveAbsolute).



- (1) Moving the axis with set velocity is started with edge 0-1 at Execute and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At time (2) the axis reaches the set velocity and *Busy* has the value FALSE and *InVelocity* the value TRUE.
- (3) Resetting Execute to FALSE at time (3) does not influence the axis. The axis is further moved with constant set velocity and *InVelocity* is further TRUE.
- (4) At the time (4) the MC\_Velocity job is aborted by a MC\_Halt job. The axis is decelerated to stop.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 808 - MC MoveAbsolute - move axis to absolute position

## 8.3.9 FB 808 - MC\_MoveAbsolute - move axis to absolute position

## **Description**

With MC\_MoveAbsolute the axis is moved to an absolute position. With the parameters *Velocity*, *Acceleration* and *Deceleration* the dynamic behavior can be determined during the movement.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Move the axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: The movement of the axis is started</li></ul>
ContinuousUp- date	INPUT	BOOL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with FALSE
Position	INPUT	REAL	Absolute position in [user units]
Velocity	INPUT	REAL	Maximum velocity (needs not necessarily be reached) signed value in [user units/s]
Acceleration	INPUT	REAL	Acceleration in [user units/s <sup>2</sup> ]
Deceleration	INPUT	REAL	Delay in breaking in [user units/s²]
Jerk	INPUT	REAL	Parameter is currently not supported; call with 0.0
Direction	INPUT	Byte	<ul> <li>Direction</li> <li>0: Shortest way</li> <li>1: Positive direction</li> <li>2: Negative direction</li> <li>3: Current direction</li> </ul>
BufferMode	INPUT	BYTE	Parameter is currently not supported; call with B#16#0
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Target position was reached.</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Active	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Block controls the axis</li></ul>
CommandA- borted	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job</li> </ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  © Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

# **PLCopen-State**

- Start of the job in the PLCopen-States *Standstill*, *Discrete Motion* and *Continuous Motion* possible.
- MC\_MoveVelocity switches the axis to the PLCopen-State *Discrete Motion*.

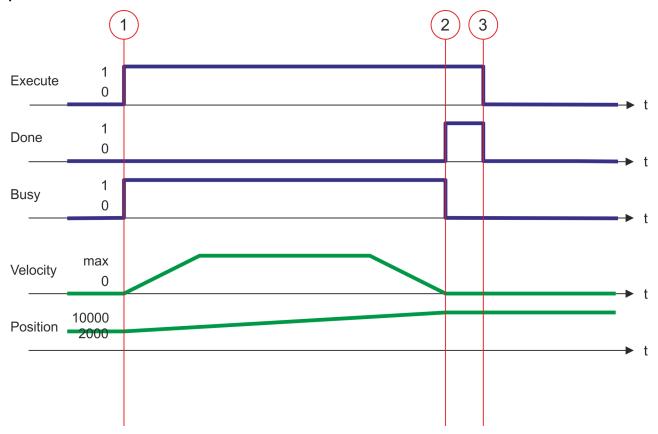
Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 808 - MC MoveAbsolute - move axis to absolute position

#### Move axis absolute

The movement of the axis is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as the movement of the axis is running. After the target position was reached, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. Then the velocity of the axis is 0.



- With Sigma-5 EtherCAT the target position is always reached via the shortest way.
- An active job continues to move to target position even when Execute is set to FALSE.
- A running job can be aborted by a move job (e.g. MC\_MoveVelocity).



- (1) With MC\_MoveAbsolute the axis is moved to the absolute position = 10000.0 (start position at job start is 2000.0). At time (1) moving the axis is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At time (2) the axis has reached the target position. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 811 - MC Reset - reset axis

## 8.3.10 FB 811 - MC\_Reset - reset axis

**Description** 

With MC\_Reset a reset (reinitialize) of the axis is done. Here all the internal errors are reset.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Reset axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: Axis reset is performed</li></ul>
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Reset was performed</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  Straightful Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

### **PLCopen-State**

- Job start in PLCopen-State *ErrorStop* possible.
- MC\_Reset switches the axis depending on MC\_Power either to PLCopen-State Standstill (call MC\_Power with Enable = TRUE) or Disabled (call MC\_Power with Enable = FALSE).

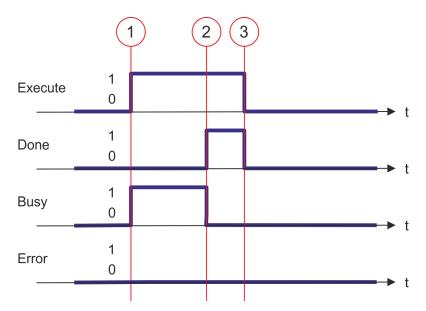
### Perform reset on axis

The reset of the axis is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as the reset of the axis is running. After axis has been reinitialized, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



An active job continues until it is finished even when Execute is set to FALSE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 811 - MC Reset - reset axis



- (1) At time (1) the reset of the axis is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) the reset is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 812 - MC ReadStatus - PLCopen status

# 8.3.11 FB 812 - MC\_ReadStatus - PLCopen status

**Description** 

With MC\_ReadStatus the PLCopen-State of the axis can be determined

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the slave axis
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status indication</li> <li>TRUE: The status is permanently displayed at the outputs</li> <li>FALSE: All the outputs are FALSE respectively 0</li> </ul>
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>State is valid</li><li>TRUE: The shown state is valid</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  © Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
ErrorStop	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Axis errors</li> <li>TRUE: An axis error has occurred, move job can not be activated</li> </ul>
Disabled	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status axis: Disabled</li> <li>TRUE: Axis is disabled, move job can not be activated</li> </ul>
Stopping	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status axis: Stop</li><li>TRUE: Axis is stopped (MC_Stop is active)</li></ul>
Homing	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status axis: Homing</li><li>TRUE: Axis is just homing (MC_Homing is active)</li></ul>
Standstill	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status move job</li> <li>TRUE: No move job is active; a move job can be activated</li> </ul>
DiscreteMotion	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status axis motion: Discrete</li> <li>TRUE: Axis is moved by a discrete movement (MC_MoveRelative, MC_MoveAbsolute or MC_Halt is active)</li> </ul>
ContinuousMo- tion	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status axis motion: Continuous</li> <li>TRUE: Axis is moved by a continuous movement (MC_MoveVelocity is active)</li> </ul>

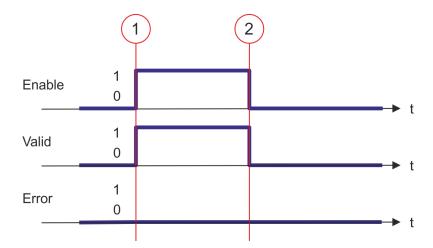
**PLCopen-State** 

■ Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

Determine the status of the axis

With *Enable* = TRUE the outputs represent the state of the axis according to the PLCopen-State diagram.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 812 - MC\_ReadStatus - PLCopen status



- (1) At time (1) *Enable* is set to TRUE. So *Valid* gets TRUE and the outputs correspond to the status of the PLCopen-State.
- (2) At time (2) *Enable* is set to FALSE. So all the outputs are set to FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 813 - MC ReadAxisError - read axis error

# 8.3.12 FB 813 - MC\_ReadAxisError - read axis error

**Description** 

With MC\_ReadAxisError the current error of the axis is directly be read.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Reset axis</li><li>Edge 0-1: Axis error is read.</li></ul>
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Axis error read.</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running.</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
AxisErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Axis error ID; the read value is vendor-specifically encoded.

### **PLCopen-State**

Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

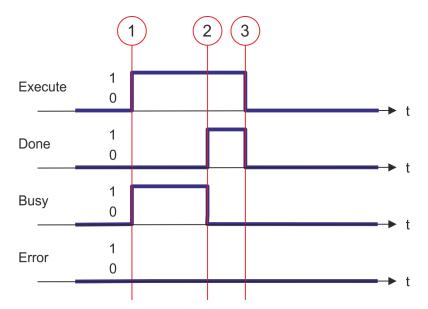
### Read error of the axis

The reading of the error of the axis is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as reading of the axis error is running. After the axis error was read, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. The output *AxisErrorID* shows the current axis error.



An active job continues to run even when Execute is set to FALSE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 813 - MC\_ReadAxisError - read axis error



- (1) At time (1) the reading of the axis error is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) reading of the axis error is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 814 - MC ReadParameter - read axis parameter data

## 8.3.13 FB 814 - MC\_ReadParameter - read axis parameter data

### **Description**

With MC\_ReadParameter the parameter, that is defined by the parameter number, is read from the axis. % Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter' on page 240

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Read axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is read</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be read.  © Chapter 8.3.35  PLCopen parameter' on page 240
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was read</li> </ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
Value	OUTPUT	REAL	Value of the read parameter

## **PLCopen-State**

Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

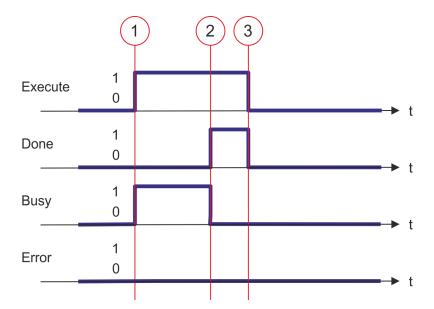
### Read axis parameter data

The reading of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as reading of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was read, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. The output *Value* shows the value of the parameter.



An active job continues to run even when Execute is set to FALSE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 814 - MC\_ReadParameter - read axis parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the reading of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) reading of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 815 - MC WriteParameter - write axis parameter data

## 8.3.14 FB 815 - MC\_WriteParameter - write axis parameter data

### **Description**

With MC\_WriteParameter the value of the parameter, that is defined by the parameter number, is written to the axis. & Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter' on page 240

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Write axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is written</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be written.   Chapter 8.3.35  PLCopen parameter' on page 240
Value	INPUT	REAL	Value of the written parameter
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was written</li> </ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  Street Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

## **PLCopen-State**

Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

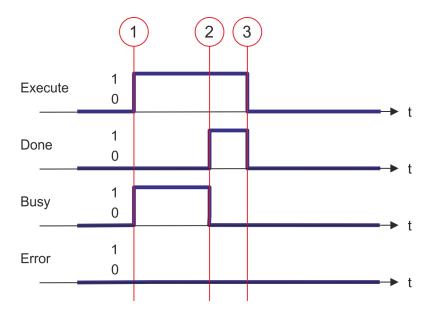
### Write axis parameter data

The writing of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as writing of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was written, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



An active job continues to run even when Execute is set to FALSE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 815 - MC\_WriteParameter - write axis parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the writing of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) writing of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 816 - MC ReadActualPosition - reading current axis position

# 8.3.15 FB 816 - MC\_ReadActualPosition - reading current axis position

**Description** 

With MC\_ReadActualPosition the current position of the axis is read.

#### **Parameter**

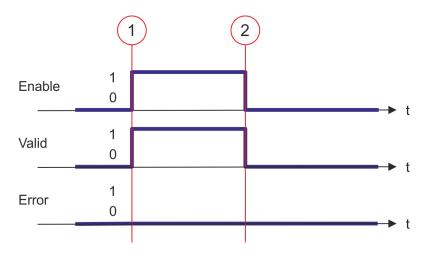
Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Read axis position</li> <li>TRUE: The position of the axis is continuously read</li> <li>FALSE: All the outputs are FALSE respectively 0</li> </ul>
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Position valid</li><li>TRUE: The read position is valid</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
Position	OUTPUT	REAL	Position of the axis [user unit]

### **PLCopen-State**

Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

### Read axis position

The current axis position is determined and stored at Position with Enable set to TRUE.



- (1) At time (1) *Enable* is set to TRUE. So *Valid* gets TRUE and output *Position* corresponds to the current axis position.
- (2) At time (2) *Enable* is set to FALSE. So all the outputs are set to FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 817 - MC ReadActualVelocity - read axis velocity

## 8.3.16 FB 817 - MC\_ReadActualVelocity - read axis velocity

**Description** 

With MC ReadActualVelocity the current velocity of the axis is read.

#### **Parameter**

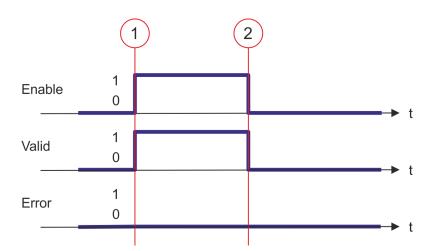
Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Read axis velocity</li> <li>TRUE: The velocity of the axis is continuously read</li> <li>FALSE: All the outputs are FALSE respectively 0</li> </ul>
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Velocity valid</li><li>TRUE: The read velocity is valid</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
Velocity	OUTPUT	REAL	Velocity of the axis [user unit/s]

### **PLCopen-State**

Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

### Read axis velocity

The current axis velocity is determined and stored at Velocity with Enable set to TRUE.



- (1) At time (1) *Enable* is set to TRUE. So *Valid* gets TRUE and output *Velocity* corresponds to the current axis velocity.
- (2) At time (2) *Enable* is set to FALSE. So all the outputs are set to FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 818 - MC ReadAxisInfo - read additional axis information

# 8.3.17 FB 818 - MC\_ReadAxisInfo - read additional axis information

**Description** 

With MC\_ReadAxisInfo some additional information of the axis are shown.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Read additional information from axis</li> <li>TRUE: The additional information of the axis are read</li> <li>FALSE: All the outputs are FALSE respectively 0</li> </ul>
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Additional information valid</li><li>TRUE: The read additional information are valid</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
HomeAbsSwitch	OUTPUT	BOOL	Homing switch
			■ TRUE: Homing switch is activated
LimitSwitchPos	OUTPUT	BOOL	Limit switch positive direction
			■ TRUE: Limit switch positive direction is activated
LimitSwitchNeg	OUTPUT	BOOL	Limit switch negative direction (NOT bit of the drive)
			■ TRUE: Limit switch negative direction is activated
Simulation	OUTPUT	BOOL	Parameter is currently not supported; always FALSE
Communication- Ready	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Information axis: Data exchange</li> <li>TRUE: Data exchange with axis is initialized; axis is ready for communication</li> </ul>
ReadyForPo- werOn	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Information axis: Enable possible</li><li>TRUE: Enabling the axis is possible</li></ul>
PowerOn	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Information axis: Enabled</li><li>TRUE: Enabling of the axis is carried out</li></ul>
IsHomed	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Information axis: Homed</li><li>TRUE: The axis is homed</li></ul>
AxisWarning	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Information axis: Error</li><li>TRUE: At least 1 error is reported from the axis</li></ul>

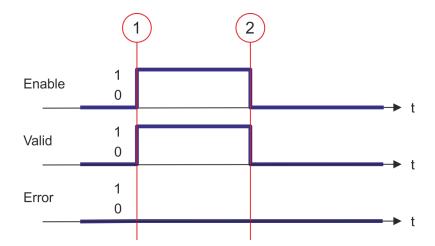
**PLCopen-State** 

■ Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

Determine the status of the axis

The additional information of the axis are shown at the outputs with *Enable* set to TRUE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 818 - MC\_ReadAxisInfo - read additional axis information



- (1) At time (1) *Enable* is set to TRUE. So *Valid* gets TRUE and the outputs show the additional information of the axis.
- (2) At time (2) *Enable* is set to FALSE. So all the outputs are set to FALSE respectively 0

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 819 - MC\_ReadMotionState - read status motion job

# 8.3.18 FB 819 - MC\_ReadMotionState - read status motion job

**Description** 

With MC\_ReadMotionState the current status of the motion job is shown.

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Enable	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Read motion state</li> <li>TRUE: The status of the motion job is continuously read</li> <li>FALSE: All the outputs are FALSE respectively 0</li> </ul>
Source	INPUT	Byte	Only Source = 0 is supported; at the outputs the current status of the motion job is shown.
Valid	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status valid</li><li>TRUE: The read status of the motion job is valid</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  Solution Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information'
			on page 249
ConstantVelocity	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status motion job: Velocity</li><li>TRUE: Velocity is constant</li></ul>
Acceleration	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status motion job: Acceleration</li> <li>TRUE: The axis is accelerated; the velocity of the axis is increasing</li> </ul>
Decelerating	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status motion job: Braking process</li> <li>TRUE: Axis is decelerated; the velocity of the axis is getting smaller</li> </ul>
DirectionPositive	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status motion job: Position increasing</li><li>TRUE: The position of the axis is increasing</li></ul>
DirectionNega- tive	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status motion job: Position decreasing</li><li>TRUE: The position of the axis is decreasing</li></ul>

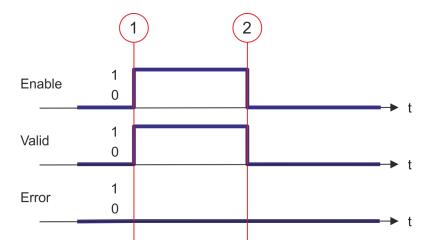
**PLCopen-State** 

Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

Read status of the motion job

With  $\it Enable = TRUE$  the outputs represent the status of the motion job of the axis.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 819 - MC\_ReadMotionState - read status motion job



- (1) At time (1) *Enable* is set to TRUE. So *Valid* gets TRUE and the outputs correspond to the status of motion job.
- (2) At time (2) Enable is set to FALSE. So all the outputs are set to FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 823 - MC TouchProbe - record axis position

# 8.3.19 FB 823 - MC\_TouchProbe - record axis position

## **Description**

This function block is used to record an axis position at a trigger event. The trigger signal can be configured via the variable specified at the input *TriggerInput*. As trigger signal can serve e.g. a digital input or a encoder zero track.

## **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis.
TriggerInput	IN_OUT	MC_TRIGGER_REF	Reference to the trigger input.  Structure  .Probe - 01: TouchProbe register 1 - 02: TouchProbe register 2  .TriggerSource - 00: Input - 00: Encoder zero pulse  .Triggermode - 00: SingleTrigger (fix)  .Reserved (0 fix)
Execute	IN	BOOL	The recording of the axis position is activated with edge 0-1 at <i>Execute</i> .
Done	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: Job successfully done. The axis position was recorded.</li> </ul>
Busy	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running.</li></ul>
CommandA- borted	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: The job was aborted during processing by another job.</li> </ul>
Error	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUT	WORD	Additional error information  © Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
RecordedPosition	OUT	REAL	Recorded axis position where trigger event occurred [user units].

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 823 - MC\_TouchProbe - record axis position



- Thus the job can be executed, the communication to the axis must be OK and the PLCopen-State must be unequal Homing.
- A running job can be aborted with a new MC\_TouchProbe job for the same axis.
- A running job can be aborted by MC\_AbortTrigger.
- A running job can be aborted by MC Home.

# Recording the axis position

The recording of the axis position is activated with edge 0-1 at *Execute. Busy* is TRUE as soon as the job is running. After processing the job, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. The recorded value can be found in *RecordedPosition*.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 824 - MC AbortTrigger - abort recording axis position

# 8.3.20 FB 824 - MC\_AbortTrigger - abort recording axis position

**Description** 

This block aborts the recording of the axis position, which was started via  $MC\_TouchProbe$ .

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis.
TriggerInput	IN_OUT	MC_TRIGGER_REF	Reference to the trigger input.  Structure  .Probe - 01: TouchProbe register 1 - 02: TouchProbe register 2  .TriggerSource - 00: Input - 00: Encoder zero pulse  .Triggermode - 00: SingleTrigger (fix)  .Reserved (0 fix)
Execute	IN	BOOL	The recording of the axis position is aborted with edge 0-1 at <i>Execute</i> .
Done	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: Job successfully done. The recording of the axis position was aborted.</li> </ul>
Busy	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running.</li></ul>
Error	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUT	WORD	Additional error information  State Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249



Thus the job can be executed, the communication to the axis must be OK.

# Abort the recording of the axis position

The recording of the axis position is aborted with edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as the job is running. After processing the job, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 825 - MC ReadBoolParameter - read axis boolean parameter data

## 8.3.21 FB 825 - MC\_ReadBoolParameter - read axis boolean parameter data

## **Description**

With MC\_ReadBoolParameter the parameter of data type BOOL, that is defined by the parameter number, is read from the axis. *Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter'* on page 240

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Read axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is read</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be read. $\mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\mbox{\ensuremath{,}}\mbox{\ensuremath{Chapter}}\mbox{\ensuremath{.}}\e$
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was read</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
Value	OUTPUT	BOOL	Value of the read parameter

### **PLCopen-State**

Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

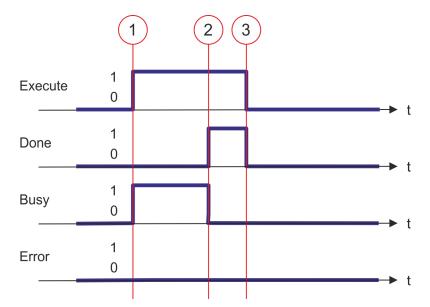
### Read axis parameter data

The reading of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as reading of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was read, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. The output *Value* shows the value of the parameter.



An active job continues to run even when Execute is set to FALSE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 825 - MC ReadBoolParameter - read axis boolean parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the reading of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) reading of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 826 - MC WriteBoolParameter - write axis boolean parameter data

## 8.3.22 FB 826 - MC\_WriteBoolParameter - write axis boolean parameter data

### **Description**

#### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Write axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is written</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be written.   Chapter 8.3.35  PLCopen parameter' on page 240
Value	INPUT	BOOL	Value of the written parameter
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was written</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

### **PLCopen-State**

Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

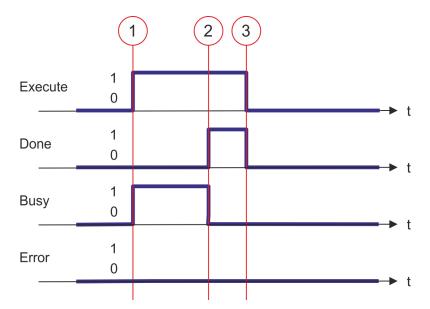
## Write axis parameter data

The writing of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as writing of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was written, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



An active job continues to run even when Execute is set to FALSE.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 826 - MC\_WriteBoolParameter - write axis boolean parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the writing of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) writing of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Blocks for axis control VIPA SPEED7 Library

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 827 - VMC\_ReadDWordParameter - read axis double word parameter data

# 8.3.23 FB 827 - VMC\_ReadDWordParameter - read axis double word parameter data

## **Description**

With MC\_ReadDWordParameter the parameter of data type DWORD, that is defined by the parameter number, is read from the axis. *Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter'* on page 240

### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Read axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is read</li></ul>
Parameter- Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be read. <i>♦ Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter' on page 240</i>
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was read</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
Value	OUTPUT	DWORD	Value of the read parameter

### **PLCopen-State**

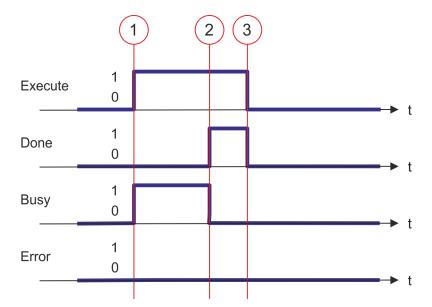
Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

## Read axis parameter data

The reading of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as reading of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was read, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. The output *Value* shows the value of the parameter.



Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 827 - VMC ReadDWordParameter - read axis double word parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the reading of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) reading of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 828 - VMC WriteDWordParameter - write axis double word parameter data

# 8.3.24 FB 828 - VMC\_WriteDWordParameter - write axis double word parameter data

## **Description**

With VMC\_WriteDWordParameter the value of the parameter of data type DWORD, that is defined by the parameter number, is written to the axis. § Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter' on page 240

### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Write axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is written</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be written.   Chapter 8.3.35  PLCopen parameter' on page 240
Value	INPUT	DWORD	Value of the written parameter
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was written</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			♦ Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

### **PLCopen-State**

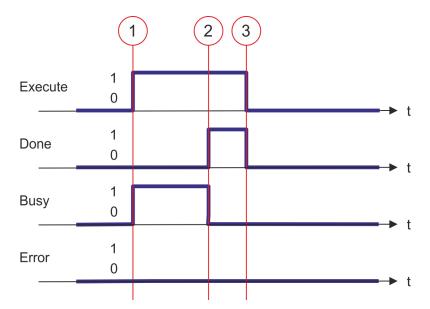
Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

## Write axis parameter data

The writing of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as writing of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was written, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 828 - VMC WriteDWordParameter - write axis double word parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the writing of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) writing of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 829 - VMC ReadWordParameter - read axis word parameter data

# 8.3.25 FB 829 - VMC\_ReadWordParameter - read axis word parameter data

## **Description**

With VMC\_ReadWordParameter the parameter of data type WORD, that is defined by the parameter number, is read from the axis.  $\stackrel{\Leftrightarrow}{\circ}$  Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter' on page 240

### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Read axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is read</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be read.  © Chapter 8.3.35  PLCopen parameter' on page 240
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was read</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
Value	OUTPUT	WORD	Value of the read parameter

### **PLCopen-State**

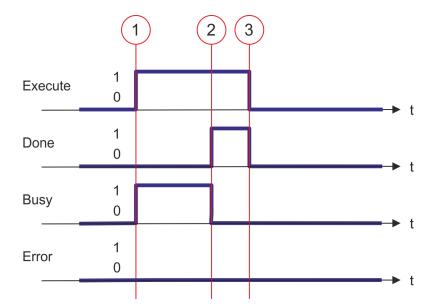
Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

## Read axis parameter data

The reading of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as reading of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was read, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. The output *Value* shows the value of the parameter.



Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 829 - VMC ReadWordParameter - read axis word parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the reading of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) reading of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 830 - VMC WriteWordParameter - write axis word parameter data

# 8.3.26 FB 830 - VMC\_WriteWordParameter - write axis word parameter data

## **Description**

### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Write axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is written</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be written.   Chapter 8.3.35  PLCopen parameter' on page 240
Value	INPUT	WORD	Value of the written parameter
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was written</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			♦ Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

### **PLCopen-State**

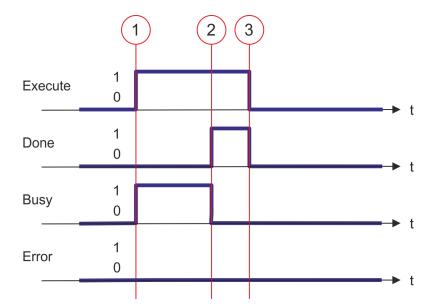
Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

## Write axis parameter data

The writing of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as writing of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was written, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 830 - VMC\_WriteWordParameter - write axis word parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the writing of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) writing of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 831 - VMC ReadByteParameter - read axis byte parameter data

# 8.3.27 FB 831 - VMC\_ReadByteParameter - read axis byte parameter data

### **Description**

With VMC\_ReadByteParameter the parameter of data type BYTE, that is defined by the parameter number, is read from the axis. % Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter' on page 240

### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Read axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is read</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be read.   Chapter 8.3.35  PLCopen parameter on page 240
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was read</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Substitution Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
Value	OUTPUT	BYTE	Value of the read parameter

### **PLCopen-State**

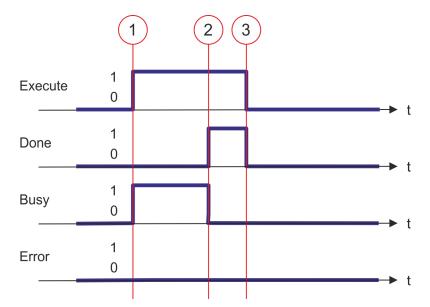
Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

## Read axis parameter data

The reading of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as reading of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was read, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. The output *Value* shows the value of the parameter.



Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 831 - VMC ReadByteParameter - read axis byte parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the reading of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) reading of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 832 - VMC WriteByteParameter - write axis byte parameter data

# 8.3.28 FB 832 - VMC\_WriteByteParameter - write axis byte parameter data

## **Description**

With VMC\_WriteByteParameter the value of the parameter of data type BYTE, that is defined by the parameter number, is written to the axis.  $\mathsepsilon$  Chapter 8.3.35 'PLCopen parameter' on page 240

### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Write axis parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The parameter data is written</li></ul>
Parameter Number	INPUT	INT	Number of the parameter to be written.   Chapter 8.3.35   PLCopen parameter' on page 240
Value	INPUT	BYTE	Value of the written parameter
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was written</li></ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

### **PLCopen-State**

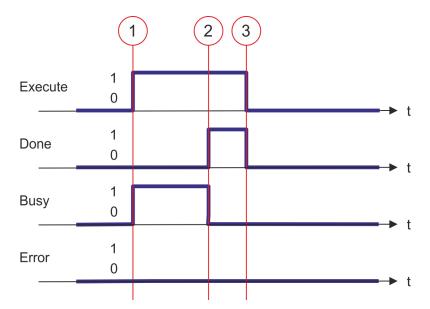
Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

## Write axis parameter data

The writing of the axis parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as writing of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was written, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 832 - VMC WriteByteParameter - write axis byte parameter data



- (1) At time (1) the writing of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) writing of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 833 - VMC ReadDriveParameter - read drive parameter

# 8.3.29 FB 833 - VMC\_ReadDriveParameter - read drive parameter

**Description** 

With VMC\_ReadDriveParameter the value of a parameter from the connected drive is read.

### **Parameter**

Parameter	Deklaration	Datentyp	Beschreibung	
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Referenz zur Achse	
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Antriebsparameter lesen</li> <li>Flanke 0-1: Das Lesen des Antriebsparameters wird durchgeführt.</li> </ul>	
Index	INPUT	WORD	Index des Antriebsparameters	
Subindex	INPUT	BYTE	Subindex des Antriebsparameters	
Length	INPUT	ВҮТЕ	Datenlänge ■ 1: BYTE ■ 2: WORD ■ 4: DWORD	
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Auftrag erfolgreich durchgeführt. Parameter wurde ausgelesen</li></ul>	
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Auftrag ist in Bearbeitung</li></ul>	
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: Ein Fehler ist aufgetreten. Zusätzliche Fehler- informationen können dem Parameter ErrorID entnommen werden.</li> </ul>	
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Zusätzliche Fehlerinformationen	
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249	
Value	OUTPUT	DWORD	Wert des gelesenen Parameters	

# **PLCopen-State**

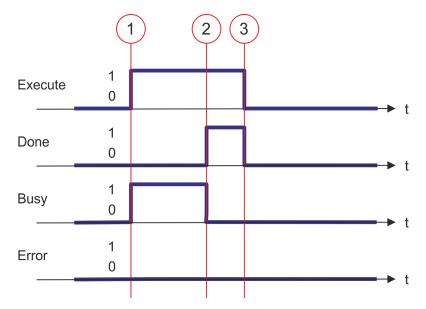
Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

## Read drive parameter data

The reading of the parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as reading of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was read, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned. The output *Value* shows the value of the parameter.



Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 833 - VMC ReadDriveParameter - read drive parameter



- (1) At time (1) the reading of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) reading of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 834 - VMC WriteDriveParameter - write drive parameter

# 8.3.30 FB 834 - VMC\_WriteDriveParameter - write drive parameter

**Description** 

With VMC\_WriteDriveParameter the value of the parameter is written to the connected drive.

### **Parameter**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Axis	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis
Execute	INPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Write drive parameter data</li><li>Edge 0-1: The drive parameter data is written.</li></ul>
Index	INPUT	WORD	Index of the drive parameter
Subindex	INPUT	BYTE	Subindex of the drive parameter
Length	INPUT	ВҮТЕ	Length of data  1: BYTE 2: WORD 4: DWORD
Value	INPUT	DWORD	Value of the written parameter
Done	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: Job successfully done. Parameter data was read</li> </ul>
Busy	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Job is running</li></ul>
Error	OUTPUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUTPUT	WORD	Additional error information  © Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249

## **PLCopen-State**

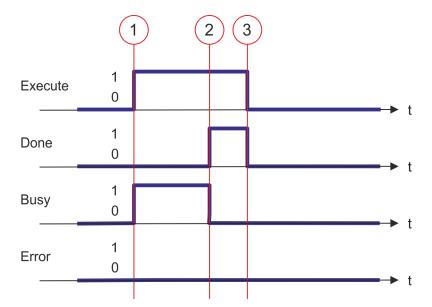
Job start in each PLCopen-State possible.

## Write drive parameter data

The writing of the parameter data is started with an edge 0-1 at *Execute*. *Busy* is TRUE as soon as writing of parameter data is running. After the parameter data was written, *Busy* with FALSE and *Done* with TRUE is returned.



Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 834 - VMC WriteDriveParameter - write drive parameter



- (1) At time (1) the writing of the parameter data is started with edge 0-1 at *Execute* and *Busy* becomes TRUE.
- (2) At the time (2) writing of the parameter data is successfully completed. *Busy* has the value FALSE and *Done* den value TRUE.
- (3) At the time (3) the job is completed and *Execute* becomes FALSE and thus each output parameter FALSE respectively 0.

Blocks for axis control VIPA SPEED7 Library

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 835 - VMC\_Homelnit\_LimitSwitch - Initialisation of homing on limit switch

# 8.3.31 FB 835 - VMC\_HomeInit\_LimitSwitch - Initialisation of homing on limit switch Description This block initialises homing on limit switch.

### **Parameters**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Execute	IN	BOOL	<ul> <li>Initialisation of the homing method</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Values of the input parameter are accepted and the initialisation of the homing method is started.</li> </ul>
Direction	IN	BOOL	<ul> <li>Direction of homing</li> <li>TRUE: on positive limit switch</li> <li>FALSE: on negative limit switch</li> </ul>
Velocity- SearchSwitch	IN	REAL	Velocity for search for the switch in [user units/s]
VelocitySearch- Zero	IN	REAL	Velocity for search for zero in [user units/s]
Acceleration	IN	REAL	Acceleration in [user units/s <sup>2</sup> ]
Done	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Initialisation successfully done.</li></ul>
Busy	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Initialisation is active.</li></ul>
Error	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
AXIS	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 835 - VMC Homelnit LimitSwitch - Initialisation of homing on limit switch

# Initialisation homing on limit switch

The values of the input parameters are accepted with an edge 0-1 at *Execute* and the initialisation of the homing method is started. As long as the initialisation is active, the output *Busy* is set to TRUE. If the initialisation has been completed successfully, the output *Done* is set to TRUE. If an error occurs during initialisation, the output *Error* is set to TRUE and an error number is output at the output *ErrorID*.

# Initialisation of the homing method

- **1.** Verify communication to the axis.
- 2. Check for permitted PLCopen states.
- 3. Check the input values:
  - Input VelocitySearchSwitch [UserUnits] > 0.0
  - VelocitySearchSwitch [InternalUnits] > 0
  - VelocitySearchSwitch [InternalUnits] ≤ VelocityMax
  - Input VelocitySearchZero [UserUnits] > 0.0
  - VelocitySearchZero [InternalUnits] > 0
  - VelocitySearchZero [InternalUnits] ≤ VelocityMax
  - Input Acceleration [UserUnits] > 0.0
  - Acceleration [InternalUnits] > 0
  - Acceleration [InternalUnits] ≤ AccelerationMax
- **4.** Transfer of the drive parameters:
  - "Homing Method" in dependence of input "Direction" See table below!
  - "Homing Speed during search for switch" [Inc/s]
  - "Homing Speed during search for zero" [Inc/s]
  - "Homing Acceleration" [Inc/s²]

Homing Method	Direction
1	false
2	true

Blocks for axis control VIPA SPEED7 Library

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 836 - VMC Homelnit HomeSwitch - Initialisation of homing on home switch

# 8.3.32 FB 836 - VMC\_HomeInit\_HomeSwitch - Initialisation of homing on home switch Description This block initialises homing on home switch.

### **Parameters**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Execute	IN	BOOL	<ul> <li>Initialisation of the homing method</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Values of the input parameter are accepted and the initialisation of the homing method is started.</li> </ul>
InitialDirection	IN	BOOL	<ul> <li>Initial direction of homing</li> <li>TRUE: on positive limit switch</li> <li>FALSE: on negative limit switch</li> </ul>
WithIndexPulse	IN	BOOL	<ul><li>Homing</li><li>TRUE: homing with index pulse</li><li>FALSE: homing without index pulse</li></ul>
OnRisingEdge	IN	BOOL	<ul><li>Edge of home switch</li><li>TRUE: Edge 0-1</li><li>FALSE: Edge 1-0</li></ul>
SameDirIndex- Pulse	IN	BOOL	<ul> <li>Search for index pulse</li> <li>TRUE: After detecting the home, search for index pulse without change of direction</li> <li>FALSE: After detecting the home, search for index pulse with change of direction</li> </ul>
Velocity- SearchSwitch	IN	REAL	Velocity for search for the switch in [user units/s]
VelocitySearch- Zero	IN	REAL	Velocity for search for zero in [user units/s]
Acceleration	IN	REAL	Acceleration in [user units/s²]
Done	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Initialisation successfully done.</li></ul>
Busy	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Initialisation is active.</li></ul>
Error	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUT	WORD	Additional error information  © Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
AXIS	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis

# Initialisation homing on home switch

The values of the input parameters are accepted with an edge 0-1 at *Execute* and the initialisation of the homing method is started. As long as the initialisation is active, the output *Busy* is set to TRUE. If the initialisation has been completed successfully, the output *Done* is set to TRUE. If an error occurs during initialisation, the output *Error* is set to TRUE and an error number is output at the output *ErrorID*.

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 836 - VMC\_HomeInit\_HomeSwitch - Initialisation of homing on home switch

# Initialisation of the homing method

- **1.** Verify communication to the axis.
- 2. Check for permitted PLCopen states.
- **3.** Check the input values:
  - Input VelocitySearchSwitch [UserUnits] > 0.0
  - VelocitySearchSwitch [InternalUnits] > 0
  - VelocitySearchSwitch [InternalUnits] ≤ VelocityMax
  - Input VelocitySearchZero [UserUnits] > 0.0
  - VelocitySearchZero [InternalUnits] > 0
  - VelocitySearchZero [InternalUnits] ≤ VelocityMax
  - Input Acceleration [UserUnits] > 0.0
  - Acceleration [InternalUnits] > 0
  - Acceleration [InternalUnits] ≤ AccelerationMax
- **4.** Transfer of the drive parameters:
  - "Homing Method" in dependence of input "Direction" See Table below!
  - "Homing Speed during search for switch" [Inc/s]
  - "Homing Speed during search for zero" [Inc/s]
  - "Homing Acceleration" [Inc/s²]

<b>Homing Method</b>	InitialDirection	WithIndexPulse	OnRisingEdge	SameDirIndexPulse
7	positive	true	true	false
8	positive	true	true	true
9	positive	true	false	false
10	positive	true	false	true
11	negative	true	true	false
12	negative	true	true	true
13	negative	true	false	false
14	negative	true	false	true
24	positive	false	true	false
24	positive	false	true	true
24	positive	false	false	false
24	positive	false	false	true
28	negative	false	true	false
28	negative	false	true	true
28	negative	false	false	false
28	negative	false	false	true

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 837 - VMC Homelnit ZeroPulse - Initialisation of homing on zero puls

# 8.3.33 FB 837 - VMC\_Homelnit\_ZeroPulse - Initialisation of homing on zero puls

### **Beschreibung**

This block initialises homing on zero pulse.

### **Parameters**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Execute	IN	BOOL	<ul> <li>Initialisation of the homing method</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Values of the input parameter are accepted and the initialisation of the homing method is started.</li> </ul>
Direction	IN	BOOL	<ul><li>Direction of homing</li><li>TRUE: Positive direction</li><li>FALSE: Negative direction</li></ul>
VelocitySearch- Zero	IN	REAL	Velocity for search for zero in [user units/s]
Acceleration	IN	REAL	Acceleration in [user units/s <sup>2</sup> ]
Done	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Initialisation successfully done.</li></ul>
Busy	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Initialisation is active.</li></ul>
Error	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter <i>ErrorID</i>.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
AXIS	IN_OUT	MC_AXIS_REF	Reference to the axis

# Initialisation homing on zero puls

The values of the input parameters are accepted with an Edge 0-1 at *Execute* and the initialisation of the homing method is started. As long as the initialisation is active, the output *Busy* is set to TRUE. If the initialisation has been completed successfully, the output *Done* is set to TRUE. If an error occurs during initialisation, the output *Error* is set to TRUE and an error number is output at the output *ErrorID*.

# Initialisation of the homing method

- 1. Verify communication to the axis.
- 2. Check for permitted PLCopen states.
- 3. Check the input values:
  - Input VelocitySearchZero [UserUnits] > 0.0
  - VelocitySearchZero [InternalUnits] > 0
  - VelocitySearchZero [InternalUnits] ≤ VelocityMax
  - Input Acceleration [UserUnits] > 0.0
  - Acceleration [InternalUnits] > 0
  - Acceleration [InternalUnits] ≤ AccelerationMax

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > FB 837 - VMC\_Homelnit\_ZeroPulse - Initialisation of homing on zero puls

# **4.** Transfer of the drive parameters:

- "Homing Method" in dependence of input "Direction" See table below!
- "Homing Speed during search for switch" [Inc/s]
- "Homing Speed during search for zero" [Inc/s]
- "Homing Acceleration" [Inc/s²]

Homing Method	Direction
33	false
34	true

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > PLCopen parameter

# 8.3.34 FB 838 - VMC\_HomeInit\_SetPosition - Initialisation of homing mode set position

Description

This block initialises homing on current position.

### **Parameters**

Parameter	Declaration	Data type	Description
Execute	IN	BOOL	<ul> <li>Initialisation of the homing method</li> <li>Edge 0-1: Values of the input parameter are accepted and the initialisation of the homing method is started.</li> </ul>
Done	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Initialisation successfully done.</li></ul>
Busy	OUT	BOOL	<ul><li>Status</li><li>TRUE: Initialisation is active.</li></ul>
Error	OUT	BOOL	<ul> <li>Status</li> <li>TRUE: An error has occurred. Additional error information can be found in the parameter ErrorID.</li> </ul>
ErrorID	OUT	WORD	Additional error information
			Chapter 10 'ErrorID - Additional error information' on page 249
AXIS	IN_OUT	MC AXIS REF	Reference to the axis

# Initialisation homing on home switch

The values of the input parameters are accepted with an edge 0-1 at *Execute* and the initialisation of the homing method is started. As long as the initialisation is active, the output *Busy* is set to TRUE. If the initialisation has been completed successfully, the output *Done* is set to TRUE. If an error occurs during initialisation, the output *Error* is set to TRUE and an error number is output at the output *ErrorID*.

# Initialisation of the homing method

- 1. Verify communication to the axis.
- 2. Check for permitted PLCopen states.
- 3. Transfer of the drive parameters:
  - "Homing Method" = 35

## 8.3.35 PLCopen parameter

PN	Name	Data type	R/W	Comments
1	CommandedPosition	REAL	R	Commanded position Access on:
				#Axis.Status.Positioning.SetValues.CommandedPosition
2	SWLimitPos	REAL	R/W	Positive software limit switch position
				Access on:
				"Axis".AxisConfiguration.PositionLimits.MaxPosition

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > PLCopen parameter

PN	Name	Data type	R/W	Comments	
3	SWLimitNeg	REAL	R/W	Negative software limit switch position  Access on:  "Axis".AxisConfiguration.PositionLimits.MinPosition	
4	EnableLimitPos	BOOL	R/W	Enable positive software limit switch  Access on:  "Axis".AxisConfiguration.PositionLimits.Enable MaxPos	
5	EnableLimitNeg	BOOL	R/W	Enable negative software limit switch  Access on:  "Axis".AxisConfiguration.  PositionLimits.EnableMinPos	
6	EnablePosLagMonitoring	BOOL	R/W	Enable monitoring of position lag Function is not supported	
7	MaxPositionLag	REAL	R/W	Maximal position lag Function is not supported	
8	MaxVelocitySystem	REAL	R	Maximal allowed velocity of the axis in the motion system  This parameter is currently not supported	
9	MaxVelocityAppl	REAL	R/W	Maximal allowed velocity of the axis in the application  Access on:  #Axis.AxisConfiguration.DynamicLimits.MaxVeloc ityApp	
10	ActualVelocity	REAL	R	Actual velocity Access on: #Axis.Status.Positioning.ActValues.Velocity	
11	CommandedVelocity	REAL	R	Commanded velocity Access on: #Axis.Status.Positioning.SetValues.Velocity	
12	MaxAccelerationSystem	REAL	R	Maximal allowed acceleration of the axis in the motion system  This parameter is currently not supported	
13	MaxAccelerationAppl	REAL	R/W	Maximal allowed acceleration of the axis in the application  Access on:  #Axis.AxisConfiguration.DynamicLimits.MaxAccelerationApp	
14	MaxDecelerationSystem	REAL	R	Maximal allowed deceleration of the axis in the motion system  This parameter is currently not supported	
15	MaxDecelerationAppl	REAL	R/W	Maximal allowed deceleration of the axis in the application  Access on:  #Axis.AxisConfiguration.DynamicLimits.MaxDecel erationApp	

Blocks for axis control VIPA SPEED7 Library

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > VIPA-specific parameter

PN	Name	Data type	R/W	Comments
16	MaxJerkSystem	REAL	R	Maximum allowed jerk of the axis in the motion system  This parameter is currently not supported
17	MaxJerkAppl	REAL	R/W	Maximum allowed jerk of the axis in the application  This parameter is currently not supported.

# 8.3.36 VIPA-specific parameter

# Positioning axis: Yaskawa Sigma-5 / Sigma-7 via EtherCAT

No.	Name	Data type	Index	Subindex	Access
900	HomingDone	BOOL	-	-	R/W 1, 2
901	PositiveTorqueLimit	BOOL	-	-	R/W 1, 2
902	NegativeTorqueLimit	BOOL	-	-	R/W 1, 2
1000	ErrorCode	WORD	603F	0	R <sup>3</sup>
1001	HomeOffset	DWORD	607C	0	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1002	HomingMethod	WORD	6098	0	R/W <sup>3, 4</sup>
1003	SpeedSearchSwitch	DWORD	6099	1	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1004	SpeedSearchZero	DWORD	6099	2	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1005	HomingAcceleration	DWORD	609A	0	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1006	PositiveTorqueLimit	WORD	60E0	0	R/W <sup>3, 4</sup>
1007	NegativeTorqueLimit	WORD	0x60E1	0	R/W <sup>3, 4</sup>
1008	MotorRatedTorque	DWORD	0x6076	0	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1009	FollowingErrorWindow	DWORD	0x6065	0	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1010	FollowingErrorTimeOut	WORD	0x6066	0	R/W <sup>3, 4</sup>
1011	PositionWindow	DWORD	0x6067	0	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1012	PositionTime	WORD	0x6068	0	R/W <sup>3, 4</sup>
1013	Min Position Limit	DWORD	0x607D	1	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1014	Max Position Limit	DWORD	0x607D	2	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1015	Digital outputs/ physical outputs	DWORD	0x60FE	1	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1016	Digital outputs/ mask	DWORD	0x60FE	2	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> Access via & Chapter 8.3.21 'FB 825 - MC\_ReadBoolParameter - read axis boolean parameter data' on page 214

<sup>2)</sup> Access via \$ Chapter 8.3.22 'FB 826 - MC\_WriteBoolParameter - write axis boolean parameter data' on page 216

<sup>3)</sup> Access via ♦ Chapter 8.3.25 'FB 829 - VMC\_ReadWordParameter - read axis word parameter data' on page 222

<sup>4)</sup> Access via 🕏 Chapter 8.3.26 'FB 830 - VMC\_WriteWordParameter - write axis word parameter data' on page 224

<sup>5)</sup> Access via S Chapter 8.3.23 'FB 827 - VMC\_ReadDWordParameter - read axis double word parameter data' on page 218

<sup>6)</sup> Access via 🔖 Chapter 8.3.24 'FB 828 - VMC\_WriteDWordParameter - write axis double word parameter data' on page 220

Complex motion tasks - PLCopen blocks > VIPA-specific parameter

No.	Name	Data type	Index	Subindex	Access
1017	Quick stop deceleration	DWORD	0x6085	0	R/W <sup>5, 6</sup>
1018	Forward external torque limit	WORD	0x2404	0	R/W <sup>3, 4</sup>
1019	Reverse external torque limit	WORD	0x2405	0	R/W <sup>3, 4</sup>

- 1) Access via \$ Chapter 8.3.21 'FB 825 MC\_ReadBoolParameter read axis boolean parameter data' on page 214
- 2) Access via \$ Chapter 8.3.22 'FB 826 MC\_WriteBoolParameter write axis boolean parameter data' on page 216
- 3) Access via \$ Chapter 8.3.25 'FB 829 VMC\_ReadWordParameter read axis word parameter data' on page 222
- 4) Access via \$ Chapter 8.3.26 'FB 830 VMC\_WriteWordParameter write axis word parameter data' on page 224
- 5) Access via ♦ Chapter 8.3.23 'FB 827 VMC\_ReadDWordParameter read axis double word parameter data' on page 218
- 6) Access via 🔖 Chapter 8.3.24 'FB 828 VMC\_WriteDWordParameter write axis double word parameter data' on page 220

States

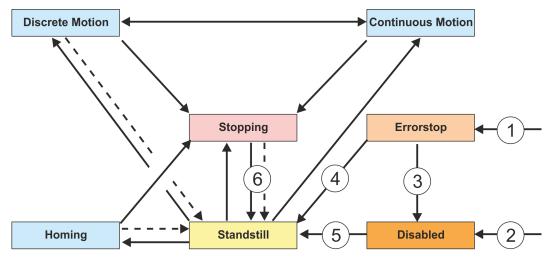
# 9 States and behavior of the outputs

## 9.1 States

### State diagram

The *state diagram* shows all the states that an axis can assume. An axis is always in one of these states. Depending on the output state, a state change can take place automatically or via the blocks of the axis control. In principle, movement tasks are processed sequentially. You can use the following function blocks to query the state

- Chapter 8.3.11 'FB 812 MC\_ReadStatus PLCopen status' on page 197
- Parameter PLCopenState from ♦ Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl Control block axis control' on page 169



- - → Return when done
- (1) From each state: An error has occurred at the axis
- (2) From each state: MC\_Power.Enable = FALSE and there is no error on the axis
- (3) MC\_Reset and MC\_Power.Status = FALSE
- (4) MC\_Reset and MC\_Power.Status = TRUE and MC\_Power.Enable = TRUE
- (5) MC Power.Enable = TRUE and MC Power.Status = TRUE
- (6) MC Stop.Done = TRUE and MC Stop.Execute = FALSE

### There are the following states

- Disabled
  - Basic state of an axis.
  - Axis can not be moved by any function block.
- Error Stop
  - An error has occurred on the axis.
  - Axis is stopped and is blocked for further motion tasks.
  - Axis remains in this state until the error is solved and a RESET is triggered.
  - Errors on an axis are also reported via the corresponding function block.
  - Errors on a function block do not lead to this state
- Stand Still
  - Ready for motion tasks
  - There is no error on the axis
  - There are no motion tasks active on the axis
  - Axis is power supplied

Replacement behavior of motion jobs

### Stopping

- Axis is currently stopped:
  - Stop stop axis' on page 185
  - ♦ Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl Control block axis control' on page 169
- The Stopping state is active as long as a Stop command is active (Execute = 1).
   Even if the axis is already stopped. Then the state automatically changes to Standstill.

### Homing

- The axis is currently homing:
  - Schapter 8.3.4 'FB 801 MC Home home axis' on page 183
  - ♦ Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl Control block axis control' on page 169
- As soon as the axis is homed, the state automatically changes to Standstill.

#### Discrete Motion

- The axis is currently executing a motion task:
  - ♦ Chapter 8.3.9 'FB 808 MC\_MoveAbsolute move axis to absolute position' on page 193
  - Schapter 8.3.7 'FB 804 MC\_MoveRelative move axis relative' on page 189
  - Chapter 8.3.6 'FB 803 MC\_Halt holding axis' on page 187
  - Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl Control block axis control' on page 169
- As soon as the target of the movement task is reached, the state automatically changes to Standstill.

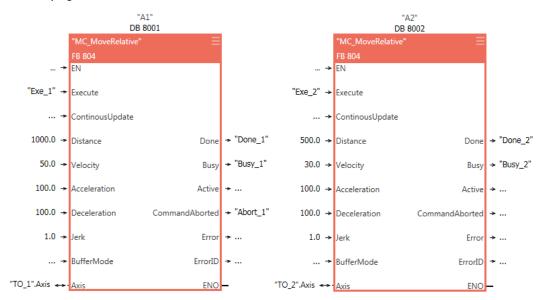
### Continuous Motion

- The axis performs a permanent movement task:
  - ♦ Chapter 8.3.8 'FB 805 MC\_MoveVelocity drive axis with constant velocity' on page 191
  - Chapter 8.2.2 'FB 860 VMC\_AxisControl Control block axis control' on page 169

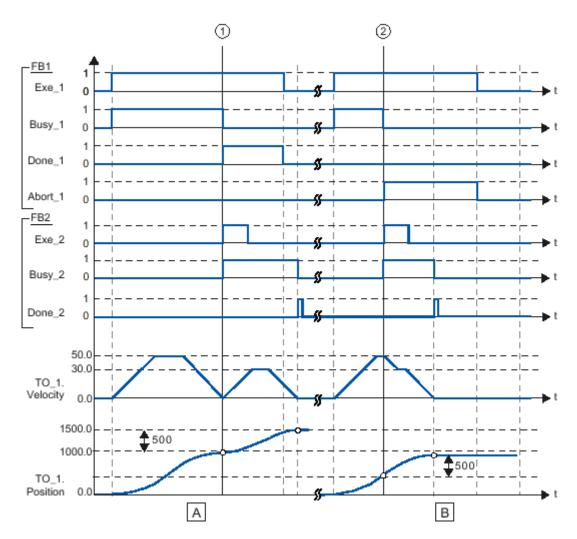
# 9.2 Replacement behavior of motion jobs

# **Example**

In the following with an example of MC\_MoveRelative the replacement behavior of motion jobs is explained. § Chapter 8.3.7 'FB 804 - MC\_MoveRelative - move axis relative' on page 189



Replacement behavior of motion jobs



- (A) The axis is moved by the "MC\_MoveRelative" job (A1) by the *Distance* 1000.0 (starting position is the position 0.0).
- (1) Reaching the target position is reported at the time (1) Done\_1. At this time (1) a further MC\_MoveRelative order (A2) is started with the route 500.0. The successful achievement of the new target position is reported via Done\_2. Since Exe\_2 was reset before, Done\_2 is only set for one cycle
- (B) A running MC\_MoveRelative job (A1) is replaced by a further MC\_MoveRelative job (A2).
- (2) The abort is reported at time (2) via *Abort\_1*. The axis is then moved with the new velocity by the new distance *Distance* 500.0. The successful achievement of the new target position is reported via *Done\_2*.

Behavior of the inputs and outputs

# 9.3 Behavior of the inputs and outputs

## **Exclusivity of the outputs**

- The outputs *Busy*, *Done*, *Error* and *CommandAborted* exclude each other, so at a function block only one of these outputs can be TRUE at a time.
- As soon as the input *Execute* is TRUE, one of the outputs must be TRUE. Only one of the outputs *Active*, *Error*, *Done* and *CommandAborted* can be TRUE at one time.

### **Output status**

- The outputs *Done*, *InVelocity*, *Error*, *ErrorID* and *CommandAborted* are reset with an edge 1-0 at the *Execute* input if the function block is not active (*Busy* = FALSE).
- The command execution is not affected by an edge 1-0 of *Execute*.
- If *Execute* is already reset during command execution, so it is guaranteed that one of the outputs is set at the end of the command for a PLC cycle. Only then the outputs are reset.

### Input parameter

- The input parameters are taken with edge 0-1 at *Execute*.
- To change the parameters the command must be retriggered.
- If an input parameter is not passed to the function block, the last transferred value to this block remains valid.
- With the first call a sensible default value must be passed.

### Position an distance

- The input Position designates an absolute position value.
- *Distance* designates a relative measure as distance between two positions.
- Both *Position* and *Distance* are preset in technical units e.g. [mm] or [°], in accordance to the scaling of the axis.

# Parameter for the dynamic behavior

■ The dynamic parameter for *Move* functions are preset in engineering units with second as the time base.

If an axis is scaled in millimetres so the units are for *Velocity* [mm/s], *Acceleration* [mm/s²], and *Deceleration* [mm/s²].

### **Error** handling

- All the function blocks have two fault outputs to indicate errors during command execution.
- Error indicates the error and ErrorID shows an additional error number.
- The outputs *Done* und *InVelocity* designate a successful command execution and are not set if *Error* becomes TRUE.

## **Error types**

- Function block errors
  - Function block errors are errors that only concerns the function block and not the axis such as e.g. incorrect parameters.
  - Function block errors need not be explicitly reset, but will automatically reset when the input *Execute* is reset.
- Communication errors
  - Communication error such as e.g. the function block can not address the axis.
  - Communication errors often indicate an incorrect configuration or parametrization.
  - A reset is not possible, but the function block can be retriggered after the configuration has been corrected.
- Axis errors
  - Axis errors usually occur during the move such as e.g. position error.
  - An axis error must be reset by MC Reset.

Behavior of the inputs and outputs

# Behavior of the *Done* output

- The *Done* output is set, when a command was successfully executed.
- When operating with multiple function blocks at one axis and the current command is interrupted by another block, the *Done* output of the first block is not set.

## Behavior of the CommandAborted output

CommandAborted is set when a command is interrupted by another block.

# Behavior of the *Busy* output

- The *Busy* output indicates that the function block is active.
- Busy is immediately set with edge 0-1 of Execute and will not be reset until the command was completed successfully or failed.
- As long as Busy is TRUE, the function block must be called cyclically to execute the command.

# Behavior of the *Active* output

If the motion of an axis is controlled by several function blocks, the Active output of each block indicates that the command is executed by the axis.

# **Enable-Input and Valid** output

- In contrast to Execute the Enable input causes that an action is permanently and continuously executed, as long as Enable is TRUE. MC\_ReadStatus e.g. cyclically refreshes for example the status of an axis as long as Enable is TRUE.
- A function block with a *Enable* input indicates by the *Valid* output that the data of the outputs are valid. However, the data can constantly be updated during *Valid* is TRUE.

### **BufferMode**

■ *BufferMode* is not supported.

# 10 ErrorID - Additional error information

ErrorID	Description	Remark
0x0000	No Error	
0x8001	Invalid value at parameter Position.	
0x8002	Invalid value at parameter Distance.	
0x8003	Invalid value at parameter Distance.	
0x8004	Invalid value at parameter Acceleration.	
0x8005	Invalid value at parameter Deceleration.	
0x8007	Invalid value at parameter ContinuousUpdate.	
0x8008	Invalid value at parameter BufferMode.	
0x8009	Invalid value at parameter EnablePositive.	
0x800A	Invalid value at parameter EnableNegative.	
0x800B	Invalid value at parameter MasterOffset.	
0x800C	Invalid value at parameter SlaveOffset.	
0x800D	Invalid value at parameter MasterScaling.	
0x800E	Invalid value at parameter SlaveScaling.	
0x800F	Invalid value at parameter StartMode.	
0x8010	Invalid value at parameter ActivationMode.	
0x8011	Invalid value at parameter Source.	
0x8012	Invalid value at parameter Direction.	
0x8014	Invalid parameter of physical axis.	Mc_ReadParameter
0x8015	Invalid index or subindex.	Mc_ReadParameter
0x8016	Invalid parameter length.	Mc_ReadParameter
0x8017	Invalid LADDR.	Mc_ReadParameter
0x8018	Invalid value at parameter RatioDenominator.	MC_GearIn
0x8019	Invalid value at parameter RatioNumerator.	MC_GearIn
0x801A	Unknown parameter number.	Mc_ReadParameter, MC_Write- Parameter
0x801B	Parameter can not be written, parameter is write protected	MC_WriteParameter
0x801C	Parameter communication with unknown mode.	MC_Home, MC_WriteParameter
0x801D	Parameter communication with general error. The cause of the error is not described in detail.	
0x801E	SDO parameter value out of range.	MC_Home, MC_WriteParameter
0x801F	The Type in ANY is not BYTE.	Read/write parameter
0x8020	Different configuration of the user units in cam and master axis.	
0x8021	Different configuration of the user units in cam and slave axis.	
0x8022	There is no PROFIBUS/PROFINET device at the logical address specified in LADDR, from which you can read consistent data.	Read/write parameter

0x8024	An access error has been detected when accessing an I/O device.	Read/write parameter
		· ·
0x8025	Slave error at external DP slave.	Read/write parameter
	System error at external DP slave.	Read/write parameter
0x8026	System error at external DP slave.	Read/write parameter
0x8027	The data haven't yet been read by the module.	Read/write parameter
0x8028	System error at external DP slave.	Read/write parameter
0x8029	Attempt to write a read only object.	Read/write parameter
0x802A	Attempt to read a write only object.	Read/write parameter
0x802B	Unsupported access to an object.	Read/write parameter
0x802C	Wrong data type.	Read/write parameter
0x802D	Error in device profile.	Read/write parameter
0x802E	Error command type.	Read/write parameter
0x802F	No system resources available.	Read/write parameter
0x8101	No cyclic communication with axis possible.	
0x8102	Command is in current PLCopen-State not allowed.	
0x8103	Command is not supported by the axis.	
	<ul> <li>Axis is not ready to switch on, possible reasons:</li> <li>Communication to the axis is not ready.</li> <li>Drive is not in status 'switched on' → Drive error possibly reset with MC_Reset</li> <li>Communication was interrupted, e.g. by CPU power cycle. Reset error with MC_Reset.</li> </ul>	PreOperational has also to be set in Operational.
0x8106	PLCopen-State is not defined.	
0x8107	Command is not permitted if drive is deactivated.	VMC_AxisControl_PT
	Command cannot be executed temporarily because of lack of internal resources (no free slot in CommandBuffer).	
	Error when writing the offset for homing (no free slot in the CommandBuffer).	DriveManager → Homing (active command)
0x8301	No cyclic communication with master axis possible.	
	Command is in current PLCopen-State of the master axis not allowed.	
0x8303	Command is not supported by the master axis.	
0x8304	Master axis is not in status Pre-Operational.	
0x8305	Master axis data block number has been changed.	
	Communication errors at the master axis. Slave axis is stopped with fast stop.	
0x8311	No cyclic communication with slave axis possible.	
	Command is in current PLCopen-State of the slave axis not allowed.	

ErrorID	Description	Remark
0x8313	Command is not supported by the slave axis.	
0x8314	Slave axis is not in status Pre-Operational.	
0x8315	Slave axis data block number has been changed.	
0x8321	Coupling with <i>StartMode</i> = relative and <i>ActivationMode</i> = nextcycle is not permitted.	
0x8322	Coupling or switching with <i>StartMode</i> = absolute and <i>Activation-Mode</i> = nextcycle is not permitted.	
0x8323	Switching with a different <i>StartMode</i> ( <i>StartMode</i> of the coupling is to be used).	
0x8331	MC_CamIn is not active.	
0x8332	MC_GearIn is not active.	
0x8340	Invalid value at TriggerInput.Probe.	
0x8341	Invalid value at TriggerInput.Source.	
0x8342	Invalid value at TriggerInput.TriggerMode.	
0x8350	Invalid value at VelocitySearchSwitch.	Homing, initialization
0x8351	Invalid value at VelocitySearchZero.	Homing, initialization
0x8352	Invalid combination of inputs.	Homing, initialization
0x8360	The CPU does not support Pulse Train.	
0x8361	Wrong value in S_ChannelNumberPWM.	
0x8362	General error in PulseTrain output.	
0x8363	Move command with the StopExecute set.	
0x8400	MC_Power: Unexpected Drive-State  Drive-State <> Operation enabled	
0x8401	MC_Power: Unexpected Drive-State  Drive-State = Quick stop active	
0x8402	MC_Power: Unexpected Drive-State  Drive-State = Fault reaction active	
0x8403	MC_Power: Unexpected Drive-State  Drive-State = Fault	
0x8500	Wrong value in EncoderType (1 or 2).	Init block
0x8501	Wrong value in <i>EncoderResolutionBits</i> (>0 und ≤32).	Init block
0x8502	Wrong value in <i>LogicalAddress</i> ( ≥0).	Init block
0x8503	Wrong value in <i>StartInputAddress</i> (≥0).	Init block
0x8504	Wrong value in <i>StartOutputAddress</i> (≥0).	Init block
0x8505	Wrong value in FactorPosition (>0.0).	Init block
0x8506	Wrong value in FactorVelocity (>0.0).	Init block
0x8507	Wrong value in FactorAcceleration (>0.0).	Init block

ErrorID	Description	Remark
0x8508	Wrong value in MaxVelocityApp (>0.0).	Init block
0x8509	Wrong value in MaxAccelerationApp (>0.0).	Init block
0x850A	Wrong value in MaxDecelerationApp (>0.0).	Init block
0x850B	Wrong value in MaxVelocityDrive (>0.0).	Init block
0x850C	Wrong value in MaxAccelerationDrive (>0.0).	Init block
0x850D	Wrong value in MaxDecelerationDrive (>0.0).	Init block
0x850E	Wrong value in <i>MinPosition</i> (≥MinUserPos).	Init block
0x850F	Wrong value in <i>MaxPosition</i> (≥MaxUserPos).	Init block
0x8510	Wrong value in M2_EncoderType.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8511	Wrong value in M2_EncoderResolutionBits.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8513	Wrong value in M2_PdoInputs.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8514	Wrong value in M2_PdoOutputs.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8515	Wrong value in M2_FactorPosition.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8516	Wrong value in M2_FactorVelocity.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8517	Wrong value in M2_FactorAcceleration.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8518	Wrong value in M2_MaxVelocityApp.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8519	Wrong value in M2_MaxAccelerationApp.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x851A	Wrong value in M2_MaxDecelerationApp.	VMC_InitSigma7W_EC
0x8603	Error homing at the drive, speed <> 0.	MC_Home
0x8604	Error homing at the drive, speed = 0.	MC_Home
0x8603	Error homing at the drive, speed <> 0.	MC_Home
0x8604	Error homing at the drive, speed = 0.	MC_Home
0x8700	Error: Invalid size.	
0x8710	SDO error: Toggle bit has not changed.	
0x8711	SDO error: SDO protocol timeout.	
0x8712	SDO error: Client / server command is not valid or unknown.	
0x8713	SDO error: Invalid block size (only in block mode).	
0x8714	SDO error: Invalid sequence number (only in block mode).	
0x8715	SDO error: CRC error (only in block mode).	
0x8716	SDO error: Out of memory.	
0x8717	SDO error: Unsupported access to an object.	
0x8718	SDO error: Attempt to read a write only object.	
0x8719	SDO error: Attempt to write a read only object.	
0x871A	SDO error: Object does not exist in the object dictionary.	
0x871B	SDO error: Object can not be mapped to a PDO.	

ErrorID	Description	Remark
0x871C	SDO error: The number and length of objects to be mapped exceeds the PDO length.	
0x871D	SDO error: General parameter incompatibility.	
0x871E	SDO error: General internal incompatibility in the device.	
0x871F	SDO error: Access failed due to a hardware error.	
0x8720	SDO error: Data type does not match, length of service parameter does not match.	
0x8721	SDO error: Data type does not match, service parameter too long.	
0x8722	SDO error: Data type does not match, service parameter too short.	
0x8723	SDO error: There is no subindex.	
0x8724	SDO error: Write access - Parameter value out of range.	
0x8725	SDO error: Write access - Parameter value out of high limit	
0x8726	SDO error: Write access - Parameter value out of low limit.	
0x8727	SDO error: Maximum value < Minimum value.	
0x8728	SDO error: General error.	
0x8729	SDO error: Unable to transfer or store data to application.	
0x872A	SDO error: Unable to transfer or store data to application because of local.	
0x872B	SDO error: Unable to transfer or store data to application because of present device state.	
0x872C	SDO error: The dynamic generation of the object dictionary failed or missing object dictionary.	
0x872D	SDO error: Unknown code.	
0x8750	Wrong value in <i>LADDR</i> .	
0x8751	Type other than BYTE in ANY pointer.	
0x8752	There is no PROFIBUS DP module or PROFINET IO device on the address, specified via <i>LADDR</i> , from which consistent data can be read.	
0x8753	Access error when accessing a PROFINET IO device.	
0x8754	Slave error on the external PROFIBUS DP slave.	
0x8755	Length of the SFB data does not match the length of the user data.	
0x8756	Error on external PROFIBUS DP slave.	
0x8757	System error on external PROFIBUS DP slave.	
0x8758	The data has not yet been read by the device.	
0x8759	System error on external PROFIBUS DP slave.	
0x875A	No system resources are available.	

ErrorID	Description	Remark
0x8799	SDO error: An other error appeared, for more information, see the data of <i>Info1</i> and <i>Info2</i> .	
0x8888	Internal: BufferIndex error	VMC_AxisControl